



HydroGEN Overview: A Consortium on Advanced Water Splitting Materials

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Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory





HydroGEN Overview

Timeline and Budget

- Start date (launch): June 2016
- FY17 DOE funding: **\$3.5M**
- FY18 DOE funding: **\$9.9M**
- FY19 DOE funding: **\$8.4M**
- FY20 planned DOE funding: **\$10.6M**
- Total DOE funding received to date: **\$30M**

Barriers

- Cost
- Efficiency
- Durability



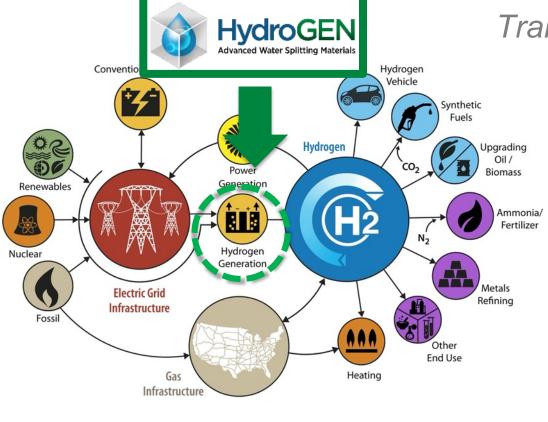
Collaboration: HydroGEN Steering Committee



Ned Stetson and Katie Randolph, DOE-EERE-FCTO



H2@Scale Energy System Vision Relevance and Impact



Transportation and Beyond

Large-scale, low-cost hydrogen from diverse domestic resources enables an economically competitive and environmentally beneficial future energy system across sectors

Materials innovations are key to enhancing performance, durability, and cost of hydrogen generation, storage, distribution, and utilization technologies key to H2@Scale

*Illustrative example, not comprehensive

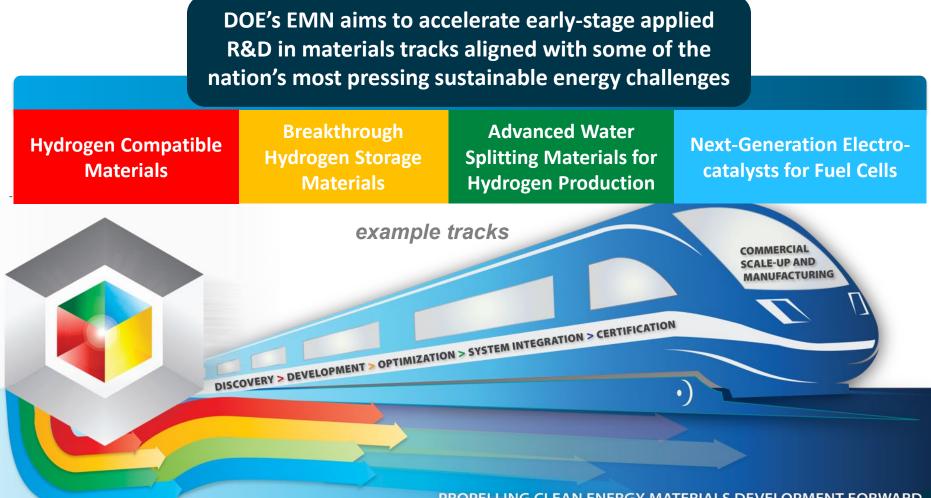
https://energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/h2-scale

Hydrogen at Scale (H₂@Scale): Key to a Clean, Economic, and Sustainable Energy System, Bryan Pivovar, Neha Rustagi, Sunita Satyapal, *Electrochem. Soc. Interface* Spring 2018 27(1): 47-52; doi:10.1149/2.F04181if



Energy Materials Network (EMN) Relevance and Impact





PROPELLING CLEAN ENERGY MATERIALS DEVELOPMENT FORWARD

Accelerating early-stage materials R&D for energy applications

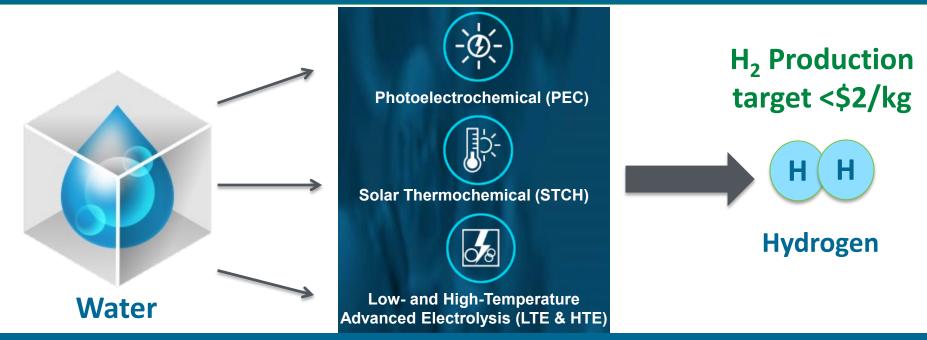


Advanced Water-Splitting Materials (AWSM) Relevance, Overall Objective, Impact, and Approach

AWSM Consortium Six Core Labs:



<u>Accelerating R&D</u> of innovative materials critical to advanced water splitting technologies for clean, sustainable, and low cost H₂ production, including:

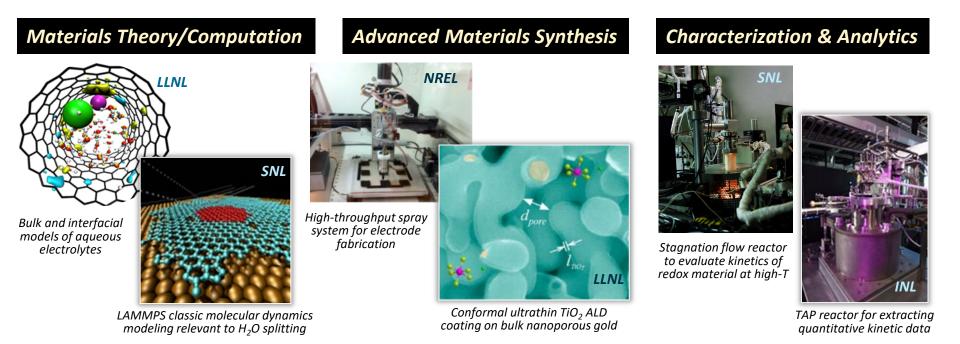


HydroGEN consortium supports early stage R&D in H₂ production



HydroGEN-AWSM Consortium Relevance, Overall Objective, Impact, and Approach

Comprising more than 80 unique, world-class capabilities/expertise in:



HydroGEN fosters cross-cutting innovation using theory-guided applied materials R&D to advance all emerging water-splitting pathways for hydrogen production

Website: https://www.h2awsm.org/

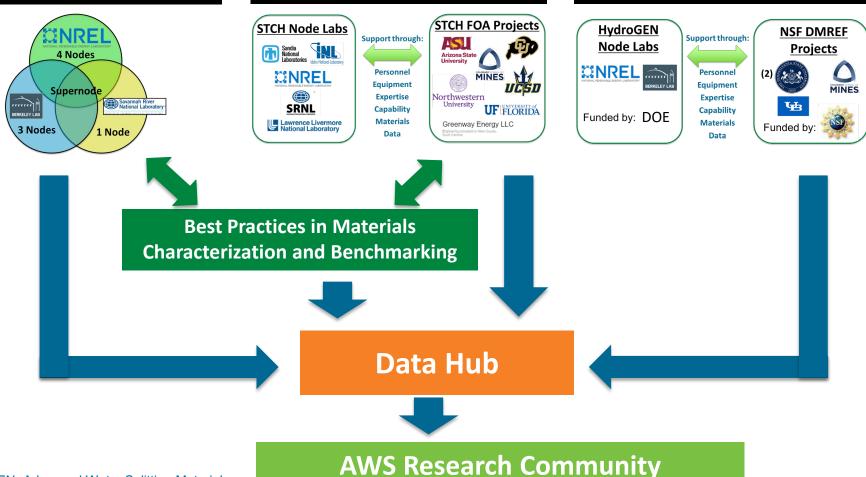
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Approach/Collaboration: HydroGEN EMN

HydroGEN Nodes

Lab – FOA Projects

Lab-led R&D: Supernode (cross-lab collaboration)



HydroGEN: Advanced Water Splitting Materials

Multi-Agency Projects



Accomplishments: Developed New Publication Search Engine and Updated Capability Nodes

Developed dynamic publications list that pulls directly from H2AWSM Zotero library

- Phase 1 (2020): HydroGEN publications and presentations
- Phase 2 (Future): All watersplitting literature resources

Added 1 new, updated >10 current, and removed 2 capability nodes

 New: Microelectrode Testing of LTE Electrocatalysts, Ionomers, and Their Interactions in the Solid State

https://www.h2awsm.org/publications

Filter by type, year, AWS technology, and Zotero tags

Water-splitting technology

Any High-Temperature Electrolysis (HTE)
 Solar Thermochemical (STCH)
 Photoelectrochemistry (PEC)
 Low-Temperature Electrolysis (LTE)

Tags

- Any -

Apply

An In0.42Ga0.58N tunnel junction nanowire photocathode monolithically integrated on a nonplanar Si wafer. Y. Wang, S. Vanka, J. Gim, Y. M. Shen, R. Hovden, Z. Mi, Nano Energy (2019) : 405-413

Approaches for co-sintering metal-supported proton-co International Journal of Hydrogen Energy 26 (2019) : 13

Export results to citation management software

BibTeX

EndNote XML

Export 24 results:

An In0.42Ga0.58N tunnel junction nanowire photocathode monolithically integrated on a nonplanar Si wafer

Submitted by Anonymous (not verified) on Fri, 03/06/2020 - 09:01

 Title
 An In0 42Ga6 55N tunnel junction nanowire photocathode monolithically integrated on a norplanar Si water

 Publication
 Journal Article

 Type
 2019

 Publication
 2019

 Authors
 Wang Y, Vanka S, Gim J, Wu Y, Fan R, Zhang Y, Shi J, Shen M, Hovden R, Mi Z

View publication details and access DOI or PDF link

ar water splitting, including a tunable energy bandgap for water oxidation and proton reduction under visible rgy conversion efficiency for III-listitide semiconductor a relatively efficient p-type in0.42260.55N photocathode a GaN nanowire tunnel junction. The open pillar design junc whereas the tunnel incomparise the interfacial

toportion with the holpman and white their applications in manual spin subprise, methods and status balance between the solutions of photo-generated electrons. In addition, photodeposited Prinaeoparticles on IndAN nanowire surfaces significantly improve the cathodic performance. The nanowire photocathode exhibits a photocurrent density of 12.3 mA cm⁻² at 0 V vs. RHE and an onest potential of 0.79 V vs. RHE under AM 1.5 G one-sunit limitation. The maximum applied higher than the periodusly reported values for limiting photocathodes. Significantly, no performance degradation was measured for over 30 h solar water splitting with a steady photocurrent density of 1GAA nanowires to protect against photocarronia.

URL http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2211285518 DOI 10.1016/j.nanoen.2018.12.067 Zotero attachments as links

ScienceDirect Snapshot Zotero Collection Photoelectrochemistry (PEC) All Publications



Annual capability review is a rigorous process and keeps nodes updated and relevant



Accomplishments: Maintained HydroGEN Website and Participated in MRS TV Video

MRS TV Video MRS TV 2019 - Fall Meeting ~ Featured interviews and footage from across HydroGEN WebsEdgeEducation - 28 / 36 Broadcast at 2019 MRS Fall Meeting Х Ξ. Webseugeeuucation 3,137 views on MRS TV website • Also posted on HydroGEN and DOE FCTO websites HydroGEN Advanced Water Splitting Materials Consortium Raw footage can be used in additional consortium videos WebsEdgeEducation nyurogen materials - Auvanceu Research Consortium (HyMARC) HydroGEN Advanced Water Splitting Materials Consortium WebsEdgeEducation Center for Materials of the Universe. HydroGEN - Advanced Water Splitting Materials Consortium Arizona State University - Materials... Department of Energy WebsEdgeEducation Los Alamos National Laboratory, Division of Materials Science &... Video can be found here: https://youtu.be/PUti7ku2 ig **Traffic:** 5,407 users 54% search **Top Pages:** 445 file downloads Home h2awsm.org 7,353 sessions 27% direct 23,382 pageviews 629 video clicks 18% referral Capabilities

HydroGEN: Advanced Water Splitting Materials

Accomplishments: HydroGEN Data Hub: Making Digital Data Accessible

https://datahub.h2awsm.org/

User 179 → 258 (↑ 44%)

Files 4,055 → 36,580 (↑ 8000%)

Public Datasets: 21



Data Hub 2019-2020 Year in Review

- Grew Data Hub community and site visits
- Implemented data governance processes
- Upgraded Data Hub software platform
- Expanded visualization of multi-spectra data
- Developed metadata for each AWS technology
- Metadata endpoints data curation, improved upload.

Many Types of Experimental Data

Material characterization

 XRD, SFR, XPS, XRF, SEM, TEM, Raman,

Device performance

• Electrolysis, PEC J-V, IPCE, Tafel plots,

Materials durability data

 TGA, membrane conductivity

> Data Team

Assigning a Digital Object Identifier (DOI) to public datasets for a persistent landing page and scientific discovery.

Associated Project	Associated Collections () Other Related Research			
t.	Abstract				
- 1999-97 7025-1582179 944478:	This dataset contains structure like and results of density functional theory (DFT) calculations for the 128 (ground state) and 10F (meansable at another transmenturity polytypes of baCe0.20Me0.2020 (BCAM, Stating from the experimental) determined another calculation that the structure was generated by sampling of the magnetic (128 and 10H) and atomic (10H) configurations based on DFT energies.				
etadata - N Library	Costs()(Author(c)	Larg Stripture			
• = + <	Publication Date:	1019-06-29			
	Itil Conset Names	AC36-060028308			
	Product Type	Dargaset			
	Assessed (Eq.	EMN+CANEM (Energy Materials Network HydroldDI)			
	Spreading Drg.	USDOE Office of Energy Efficiency and Illenewable Energy (EDR), Fuel Cell Technologies Office (25.07)			
	Indped	DE HYDROLEN			
	Representa	ETCH, EMN, HOawson, EMN, Inorganic Crystal Structure Database,			
	DIT standing	1632579			
	10:	10.17005/1020370			
	Citation Formats				
	M.A. 479	Otras Balax			

Other = Raman spectroscopy, rheology, helium ion microscope images, conductivity, dilatometry, kinetic, XRF

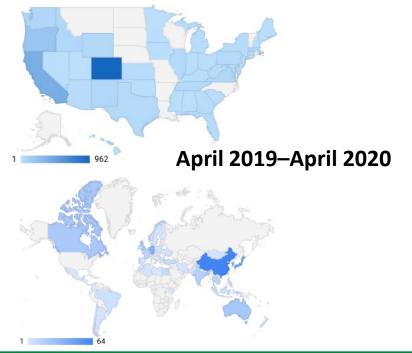
HydroGEN: Advanced Water Splitting Materials

XRD = x-ray diffraction; SFR = stagnation flow reactor; J-V = current vs. voltage data; TEM = transmission electron microscopy XPS = x-ray photoelectron spectroscopy; TGA = thermal gravimetric analysis; IPCE = incident photon to current efficiency

Accomplishments: Data Hub Metrics and Data Governance

Data Hub Metrics: Tracking Access and Utilization

- 414 Data Hub visits from outside the United States
- 2,387 visits from within the United States
- 786 sessions are from users logging in to contribute to private data within projects.



Data Governance for Availability, Usability, Integrity and Security

New User Resources include:

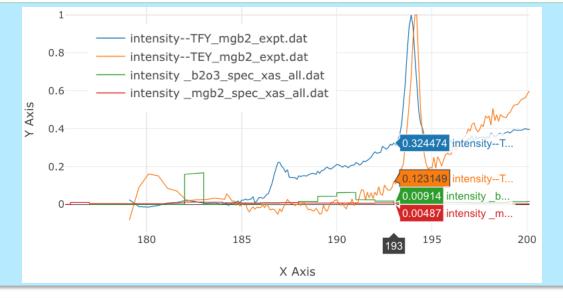
- Metadata API endpoints
- Updated data release procedure
- Project closeout procedure
- Zotero tutorial
- Terms and privacy policy



- Better data quality and usability
- Increased availability and accessibility

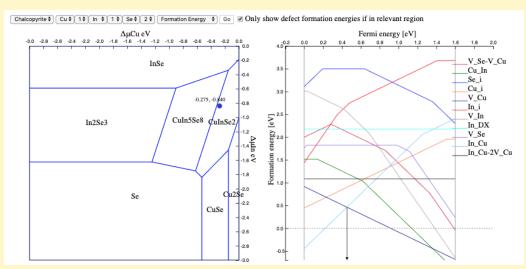


Accomplishments: Data Tools for Visualization and Analysis: Multi-Spectra and Phase and Defect Formation Diagram



The interactive **Advanced Multi-Spectra Data View** allows many spectra files (any csv or tabular file format) to be visualized at one time, from one or many files.

https://bit.ly/2Vss96E



LLNL developed the dynamic GUI for **Defect Analysis** that generates the defect stability plot (right) for a given alloy composition (left: click a point in alloy phase diagram), and NREL implemented it on the Data Hub for photoabsorber (PEC) and STCH materials development.

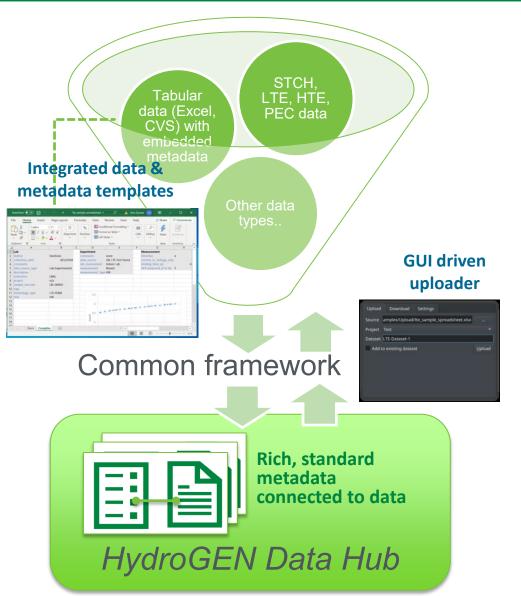
https://bit.ly/3aoGVjb



Accomplishments: Metadata Automation and Standardization

Metadata is crucial to efficient utilization of stored data

- Capture all information about source, experiment, computation, sample, measurement, and result
 - Enable powerful searching across datasets
- Automate metadata capture and upload/download tasks
 - Standard templates
 - GUI-based framework
 - User-friendly and error-free
- Python parsing architecture facilitates customization
- Shared code in Github facilitates collaboration

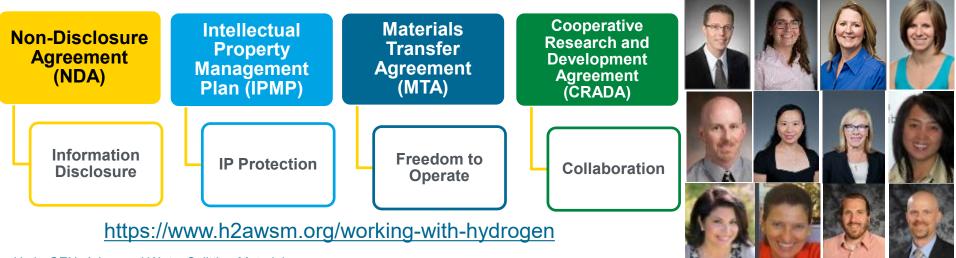




Accomplishments: Technology Transfer Agreements (TT/A)

Streamlined Access

- ✓ **Four** standard, pre-approved TT/A between all consortium partners
 - Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA)
 - Intellectual Property Management Plan (IPMP)
 - Materials Transfer Agreement (MTA)
 - Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA)
- ✓ Updated NDA
- Executed all 33 project NDAs



HydroGEN: Advanced Water Splitting Materials

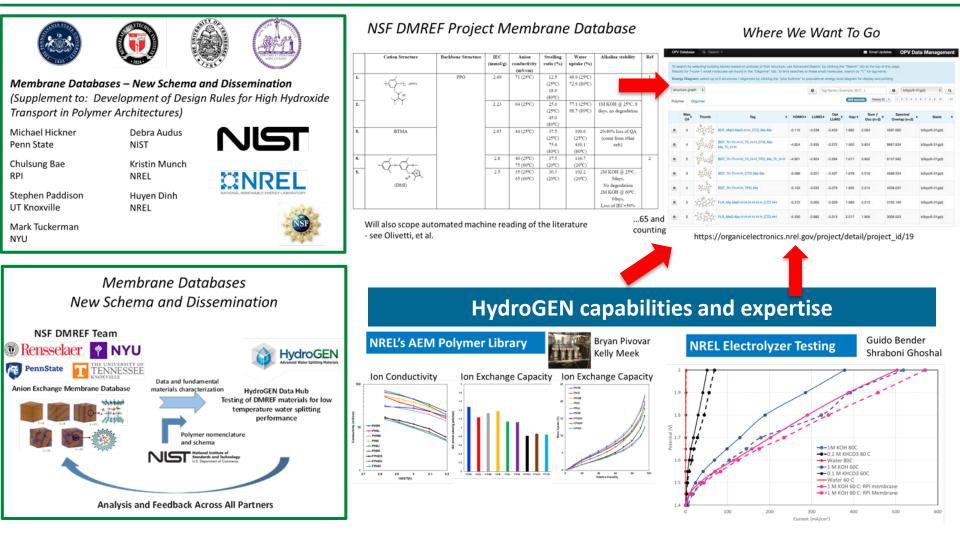
National Innovation Ecosystem Collaboration/Accomplishments



HydroGEN is vastly collaborative, has produced many high value products, and is disseminating them to the R&D community.



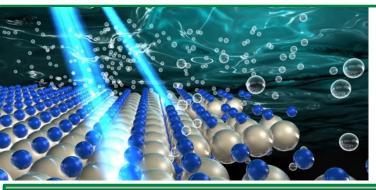
NSF DMREF PSU LTE (Interagency Collaboration/Accomplishments) Membrane Databases – New Schema and Dissemination



Interagency collaboration enables development of an integrated membrane database with new schema and dissemination



NSF DMREF UB PEC (Interagency Collaboration/Accomplishments) *A Blueprint for Photocatalytic Water Splitting: Mapping Multidimensional Compositional Space to Simultaneously Optimize Thermodynamics and Kinetics*

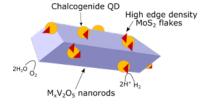


DMREF – HydroGEN Collaboration

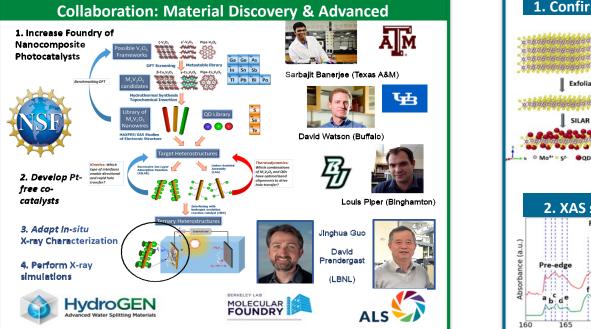
Goal: Accelerate Pt-free ternary photocatalysts M_xV₂O₅/CdX/MoS₂ for solar hydrogen generation

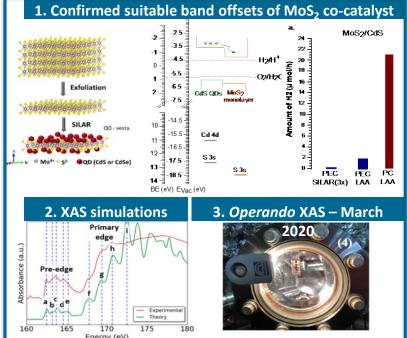
Collaboration Achievements: Integrating MoS₂ cocatalysts to rationally designed photocatalysts

A. Parija et al., ACS Cent. Sci. 2018, 4, 4, 493-503





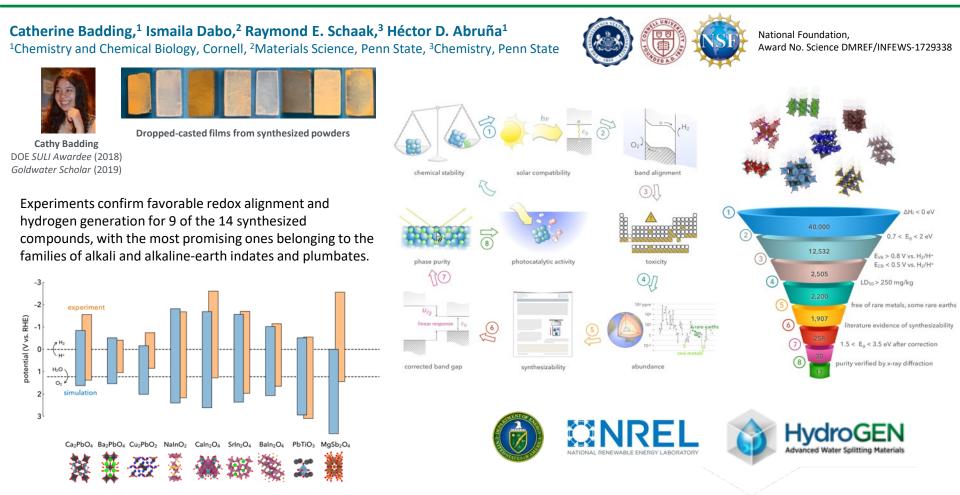




Leveraging HydroGEN advanced characterization and modeling enabled deeper understanding of photocatalysts for solar hydrogen generation; accelerating the design of novel third-generation ternary heterostructured catalysts



NSF DMREF PSU PEC (Interagency Collaboration/Accomplishments) *Experimental Validation of Designed Photocatalysts For Solar Water Splitting*



Collaboration enabled development of a screening procedure (with co-validation between experiment and theory) to expedite the synthesis, characterization, and testing of the computationally predicted, most attractive materials.



Colorado School of Mines, Golden, CO 80401

DOE-EMN: Jie Pan, Stephan Lany

External Collaborator: Chris Borg

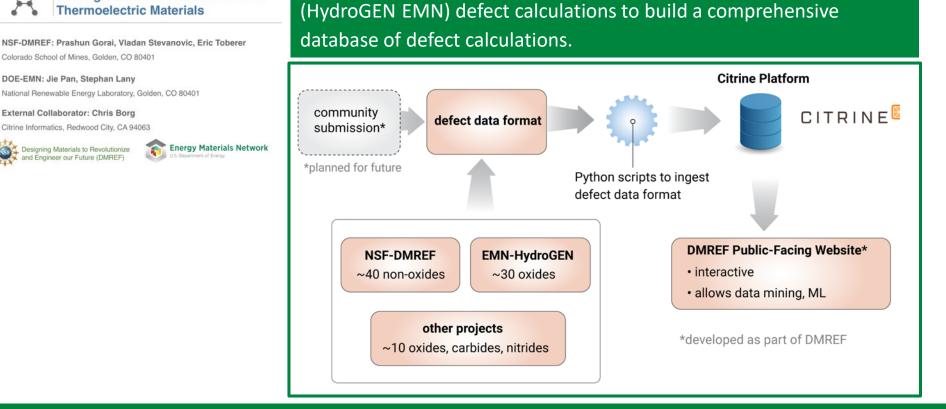
Citrine Informatics, Redwood City, CA 94063

Designing Materials to Revolutionize and Engineer our Future (DMREI

High Temperature Defects:

inking Solar Thermochemical and

NSF DMREF CSM STCH (Interagency Collaboration/Accomplishments) High Temperature Defects: Linking Solar Thermochemical and Thermoelectric **Materials**



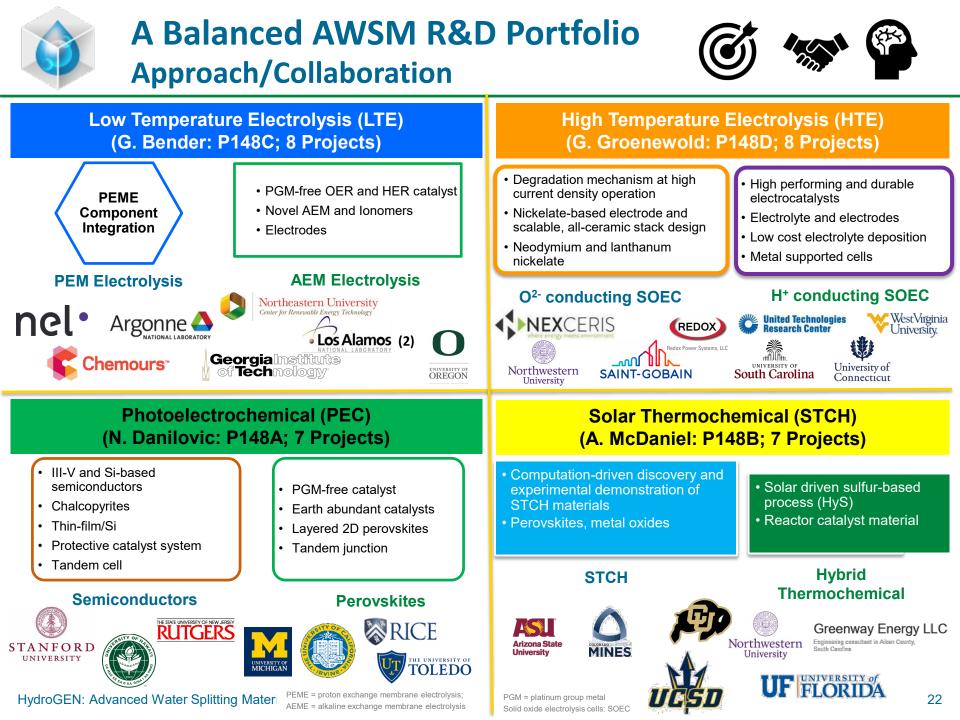
Collaboration Goal: Leverage non-oxide (DMREF) and oxide

Impact: Creation of a central repository of defect calculations that will allow data informatics approaches for predicting dopability. **Lessons**: To build reliable machine learning (ML) models, need for diverse (composition, structure) dataset; possible by leveraging multiple projects.



31 FOA-Awarded Projects									
43 unique capabilities being utilized across six core labs									
Advanced Electrolysis (16)	PEC (7)	STCH (7)							
LTE (8) HTE (8)	Benchmarking & Protocols (1)	2-Step MO _x (6) Hybrid Cycle (1)							







Collaboration: Top HydroGEN Capability Nodes By Project Utilization (LTE, HTE, PEC, STCH projects)

HydroGEN Capability Node	Node Class	LTE	HTE	PEC	STCH
LBNL Multiscale Modeling of Water Splitting Devices	Modeling	9			
INL Advanced Materials for Elevated Temperature Water Electrolysis	Characterization		9		
NREL In-Situ Testing Capabilities for Hydrogen Generation	Characterization	8			
NREL Thin Film Combinatorial Capabilities for Advanced Water Splitting Technologies	Synthesis + Characterization		3	2	2
NREL First Principles Materials Theory for Advanced Water Splitting Pathways	Modeling				6
NREL On-Sun PEC Solar-to-Hydrogen Benchmarking	Characterization			6	
LBNL Thin Film and Bulk Ionomer Characterization	Characterization	6			
SNL High-Temperature X-ray Diffraction and Thermal Analysis	Characterization		1		5
NREL Multi-Component Ink Development, High Throughput Fabrication, and Scaling Studies	Processing & Scale Up	5			
SNL Virtually Accessible Laser Heated Stagnation Flow Reactor	Characterization				5
LLNL Ab Initio Modeling of Electrochemical Interfaces	Modeling			4	1

HydroGEN characterization capability nodes are the most utilized by projects across different AWS technologies



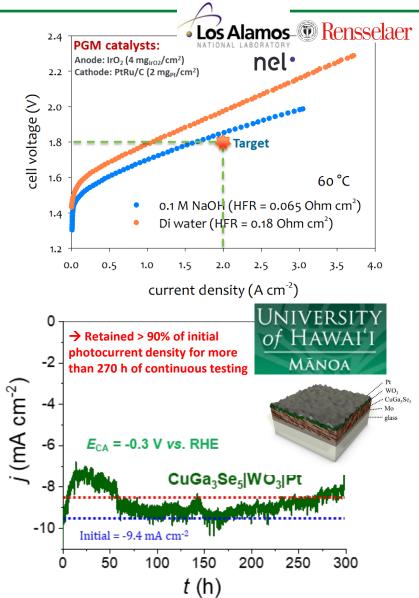
Accomplishments/Collaborations: HydroGEN Collaborative R&D Technical Highlights

Low Temperature Electrolysis (LTE)

LANL, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and Nel demonstrated high AEM electrolyzer performance that approaches the 2020 target (2 A/cm² at 1.8 V, 60°C) using polystyrene based alkaline polymers that are durable and economically affordable. SNL provided control AEM and ionomer and NREL nodes studied the effect of pH on AEM performance. LBNL modeling and characterization nodes helped LANL better understand the ionomer stability, ionomer/catalyst interface, and pH effect.

Photoelectrochemical (PEC) Water Splitting

University of Hawaii **extended chalcopyrites durability to 270 hours** using atomic layer deposition (ALD) WO₃ coatings, paving the way to creating a low cost ("printed") chalcopyritebased, semi-monolithic, tandem hybrid photoelectrode device prototype that can operate for at least 1,000 h with solar-tohydrogen efficiency >10%. This project is supported by NREL synthesis and advanced characterization and LLNL modeling expertise to accelerate the development of materials and interfaces.





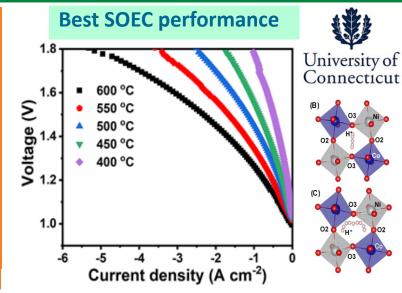
Accomplishments/Collaborations: HydroGEN Collaborative R&D Technical Highlights

High Temperature Electrolysis (HTE)

University of Connecticut, with INL, successfully developed a new triple-phase conducting oxide, PNC perovskite, as an oxygen electrode in **proton conducting solid oxide electrolysis cells (H-SOEC)**, exhibiting good electrochemical performance at reduced temperatures of 400°–600°C. **The electrolysis current density achieved (1.72 A/cm² at 1.4 V and 600°C) is the highest performance to date.** Furthermore, H-SOECs with this electrode material showed robust durability for thermal cycling and reversible operation at these temperatures.

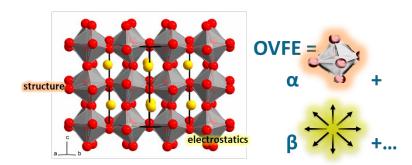
Solar Thermochemical (STCH) Water Splitting

Arizona State University (ASU) and Princeton computationally predicted, and NREL synthesized, a ternary oxide STCH material for water splitting that has the potential to achieve higher specific capacities and larger H_2 to H_2O ratios and meet the hydrogen production cost targets. These results point to the importance of both valence state and crystalline structure in achieving large degrees of reversible reduction and open the door to a new class of STCH materials.

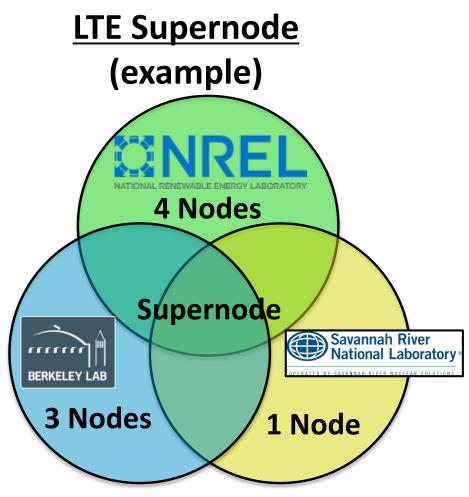




Materials design principles from machine learning



Five New Supernodes: Accelerate AWSM Materials R&D through Lab Collaboration



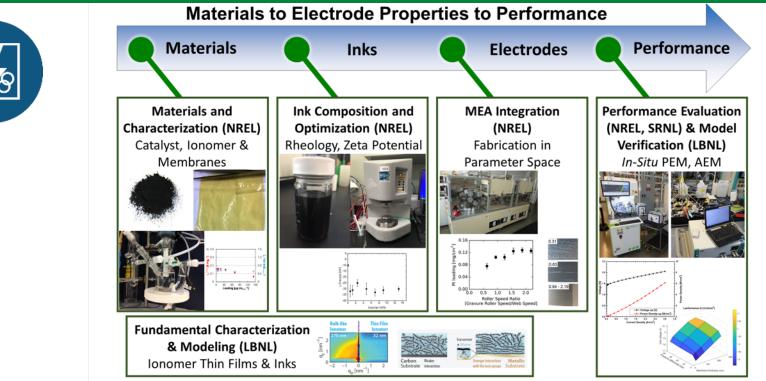
Supernodes Objectives:

- Combine/integrate nodes to demonstrate value when connected (sum greater than combination of individual parts)
- Increase collaboration across core labs
- Provide core research for EMN labs, beyond just project support



<u>1. LTE/Hybrid Supernode</u>: Linking Low-Temperature Electrolysis (LTE)/Hybrid Materials to Electrode Properties to Performance (NREL, SRNL, LBNL; 8 Nodes)

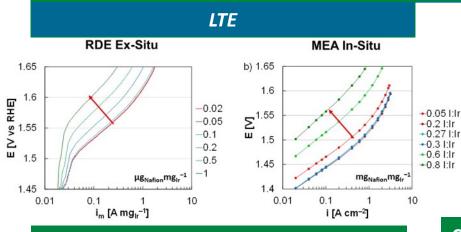
Goals: Create true understanding between ex-situ and in-situ performance. Identify how material properties are linked to electrode properties and how these are linked to electrolyzer performance.



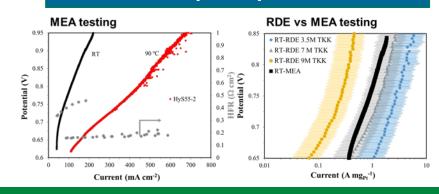
Outcome: Better integration between ex-situ and in-situ performance, more relevant exsitu testing, and improved material specific component development to achieve optimized electrolyzer cell performance and durability.

<u>1. LTE/Hybrid Supernode Accomplishments</u>: RDE/MEA Correlation, Multiscale Modeling, and Scalable Coating Methods</u>

Correlation between RDE and MEA systems confirmed for LTE and Hybrid Cycle

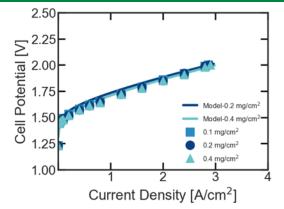


Multiscale modeling agrees with experimental data



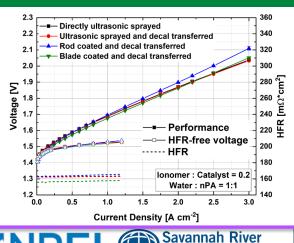
Hybrid Cycle

Scalable coating methods (doctor blade) show comparable performance to lab-scale coatings (ultrasonic spray)



S.M. Alia, G.C. Anderson, *J. Electrochem. Soc.*, **2019**, *166*(4), F282-F294. DOI:10.1149/2.0731904jes S. M. Alia, S. Stariha and R. L. Borup, J. Electrochem. Soc., **2019**, 166(15), F1164. DOI: 10.1149/2.0231915jes

HydroGEN: Advanced Water Splitting Materials

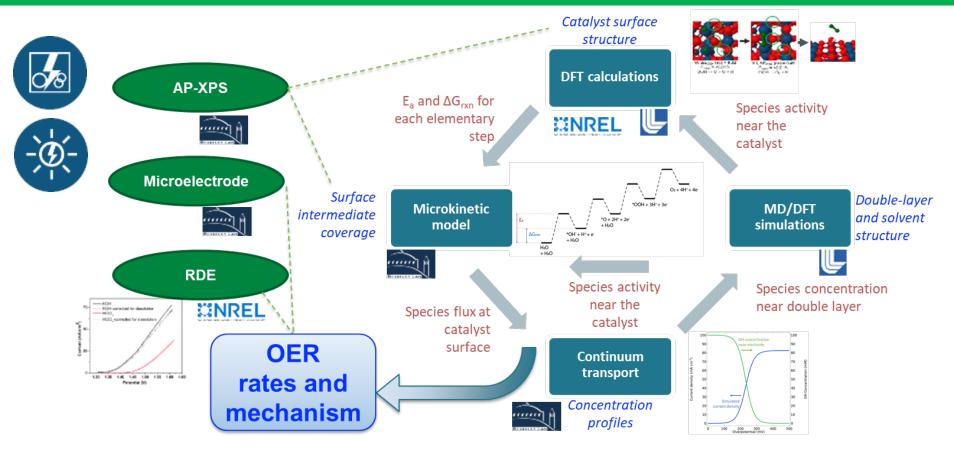


National Laboratory



<u>2. OER Supernode</u>: Validated Multiscale Modeling To Understand OER Mechanisms across the pH Scale (NREL, LBNL; LLNL; 6 Nodes)

Goal: Utilize validated theory across length scales to understand the mechanism of oxygen evolution going from acid to neutral to alkaline pH. Provide critical analysis for both LTE and PEC technologies





<u>2. OER Supernode Accomplishment</u>: Applied Multi-Scale Theories to Model OER Mechanism across pH Scales and Validated Experimentally on IrO₂

Atomistic Modeling (DFT, NREL)

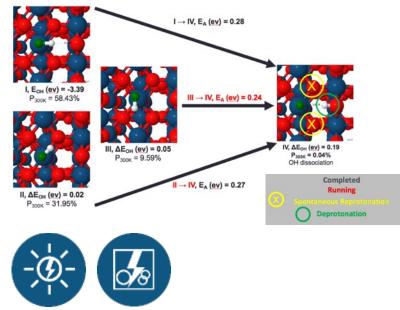
- Explore reaction mechanisms how to determine barriers

1. Bare Ir Surface

- Low O coverage limit (multiple pathways)
- High O coverage limit (thermodynamically favored)

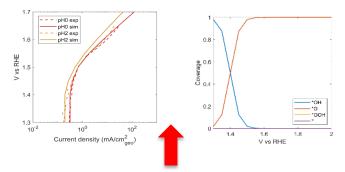
2. IrO₂ Surface from Pourbaix Analysis

- Established a way to determine intermediates, energetics and kinetics of OER
- Improved *ab-initio* Pourbaix diagram
- Refining transition states with *ab-initio* simulations
- Method to examine effects of solvation established



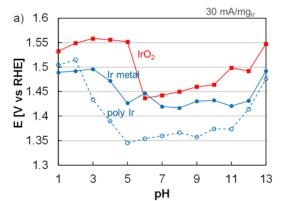
Microkinetic Modeling (LBNL)

- Use barriers from DFT and MD calculations to model OER rate and pathways, including mass transports
- Good agreement for low pH
- Surface coverages



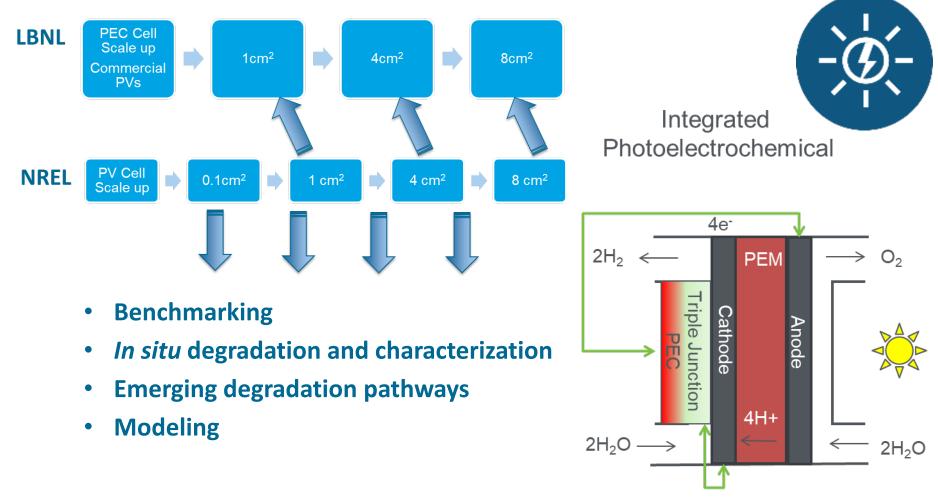
Experimental RDE Results (NREL)

- For Ir metal, activity improvement extended into weakly basic pH
- Activity dropped at pH 0/14, may be due to contaminants at higher concentrations



<u>3. PEC Supernode</u>: Emergent Degradation Mechanisms with Integration and Scale Up of PEC Devices (NREL, LBNL; 7 Nodes)

Goal: Understand integration issues and emergent degradation mechanisms of PEC devices at relevant scale and demonstrate an integrated and durable 50 cm² PEC panel.

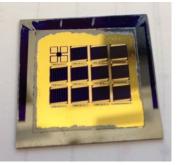


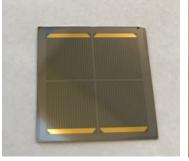
4e

<u>3. PEC Supernode Accomplishments</u>: Fabrication, Cell Design, and On Sun PEC Testing Scale Up

PEC Fabrication: GaInP/GaAs cells with 0.1 to 8-cm²

 8 cm^2





PV cells: ~0.1 cm²

~1 cm²

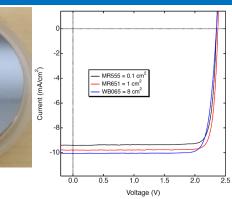
Scale Up Towards 8-cm² Illuminated Area



Degradation Modes Observed: 8-cm² Cell

- Gold grid finger delamination
- Anti-reflective coating dissolution
- Bubbles in epoxy more light scattering
- Blistering

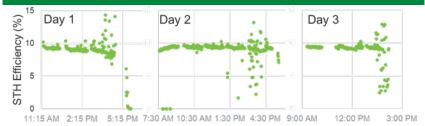
HydroGEN: Advanced Water Splitting Materials



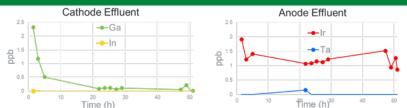
- These are the largest area III-V tandem cells made at NREL, enabling larger area PEC studies.
- Significant effort toward developing growth recipes for uniform and highquality GaInP.

On Sun Durability Testing: 8-cm² Cell

- Test Duration: 2 days, 2 hours, and 50 minutes
- Steady-state STH efficiency was 9.2%



ICP-MS analysis of effluent showed Ga in cathode and 1-2 ppm Ir in anode





4. HTE Supernode: Characterization of Solid Oxide Electrode Microstructure Evolution (INL, NREL, LBNL, LLNL, Sandia; 7 Nodes)

Goal: Deeper understanding of high-temperature electrolysis (HTE) electrode microstructure evolution as a function of local solid oxide composition and operating conditions. **Impact**: Comprehensive platform of HTE science and technology available for rapid

utilization by HTE developers.



Need: integrated, diverse set of capabilities and expertise, coordinated to develop a comprehensive understanding of HTE

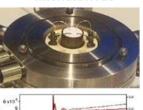




LLNL:



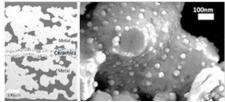
7 nodes combined: INL, NREL, LBNL, LLNL, SNL & Operando Node



NREL: Surface &

Interface Node

6500 8800 Energy (eV)

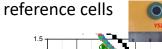


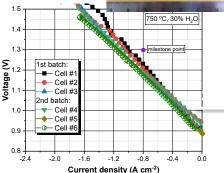


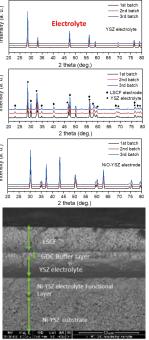
<u>4. HTE Supernode Accomplishment</u>: Cell Quality Control, Synchrotron Characterization, and Multiscale Microstructure Modeling Framework

Demonstrated quality control of R2R cell fabrication process (5 layers in cell) (INL)

 Confirmed reproducibility of phase purity (XRD), structure (SEM) and SOEC performance of YSZ-based

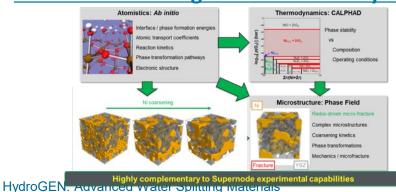




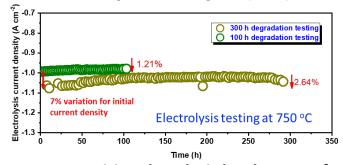


Develop a new computational tool to predict microstructure degradation in HTE systems (LLNL)

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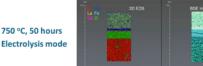


Understanding degradation mechanisms: Long-term SOEC testing (1.4 V) and postmortem samples analysis (INL)



 3D compositional analysis has been performed on as-received and cycled (SNL)





Large crack in the YSZ layer

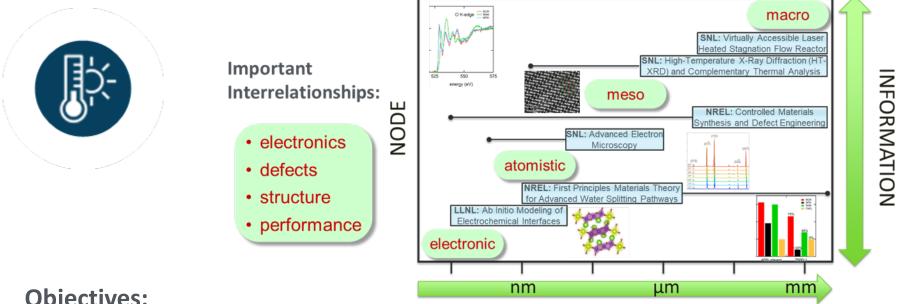
- Analyze representative HTE cell layers and interfaces with high precision at SLAC (NREL)
 - Development of secondary phases (XRD)
 - Interdiffusion of elements (XRD, XAS, XRF)
 - Formation of voids (tomography TXM)
- ALS tomography, microdiffraction, non-ambient diffraction (LBNL)



<u>5. STCH Supernode</u>: Develop Atomistic Understanding of Layered Perovskite Ba₄CeMn₃O₁₂ (BCM) and its Polytypes (LLNL, NREL, SNL; 6 Nodes)

Goal: Develop a fundamental understanding of how unique electronic structures, induced by Mn-O ligand bond arrangements, influence favorable water-splitting material behavior.

Impact: Discover new STCH materials capable of splitting water at high H₂O:H₂ ratio. Knowledge gained here supports FOA-awarded projects' goals.



Objectives:

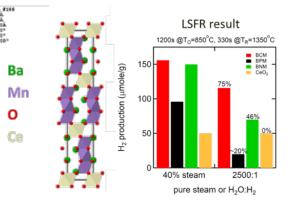
- LENGTH Discover and synthesize model perovskite system
- Develop and exercise multi-length-scale observation platforms and methods
- Apply first principles theory to derive atomistic understanding of water splitting activity

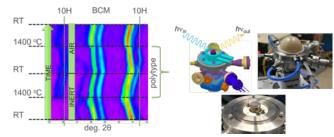


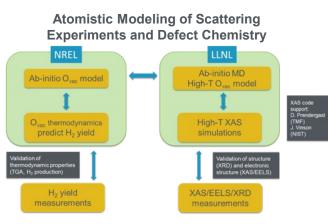
5. STCH Supernode Accomplishments: Discovered New Materials,

Demonstrated Hydrogen Production, Developed Advanced Characterization

- Discovered TWO new water splitting compounds that are structurally identical and compositional variants to Ba₄CeMn₃O₁₂ (BCM).
 - Identical crystallography
 - Different electronic structure *and* water splitting behavior
- Demonstrated H₂ production capacity of new compounds exceeds CeO₂ cycled at T_R = 1350 °C.
- Developed research tools and validated methodology.
 - In situ hot stage EELS and high-resolution electron microscopy
 - Operando synchrotron X-ray scattering (SLAC)
 - Ab initio theory (defect thermodynamics)
- Generating foundational knowledge to correlate water splitting activity with electronic structure.









Accomplishments: HydroGEN Benchmarking Advanced Water Splitting Technologies Project (P170)

Best Practices in Materials Characterization

PI: Kathy Ayers, Proton OnSite (LTE) Co-PIs: Ellen B. Stechel, ASU (STCH); Olga Marina, PNNL (HTE); CX Xiang, Caltech (PEC) Consultant: Karl Gross

Goal: Development of best practices in materials characterization and benchmarking Critical to accelerate materials discovery and development

Accomplishments:

- 2nd Annual AWS community-wide benchmarking workshop (ASU, Oct. 29–30, 2019)
- 36 test protocols drafted and reviewed
- 40 additional protocols in drafting process
- Relevant operational conditions were assessed for each of the water splitting technologies
- Engaged with new projects at March 2020 kickoff meeting and organized breakout meetings
- Quarterly newsletters disseminated to AWS community



Development of best practices in materials characterization and benchmarking: critical to accelerate materials discovery and development



Responses to Previous Year Reviewers' Comments

- As the consortium matures, it may be helpful to establish formal internal mechanisms for selfassessment, deciding future directions, identifying existing barriers, and selecting concrete steps to take to overcome these to maximize the impact of the nodes and ensure adaptability.
- Response: We agree. While these activities are not overtly described or the results summarized in the AMR presentation, the HydroGEN Steering Committee along with guidance from DOE does have internal mechanisms in place to self-assess and take action to maximize consortium effectiveness. While the labs do provide input about future directions, defining and implementing is DOE's purview. An example of how we have done this is developing the Supernode concept. When we developed the Supernode concept, we identified the major barrier(s) for each of the AWS technologies. These barriers are not being addressed by the FOA-awarded projects and can only be tackled by the HydroGEN labs because of labs' existing expertise and capabilities. Each Supernode involves multi-lab and multi-node collaboration, has high impact goals and outcomes, and has concrete steps to overcome these barriers.
- By managing the materials characterization within the national laboratory complex, HydroGEN helps industrial–academic teams focus on making progress toward their performance and durability targets.
- Response: We agree. The EMN approach leverages the world-class materials characterization capabilities within the national laboratory complex and enables scientific progress in a way that would probably not be achieved by a small project working independently. This materials characterization capability and AWS expertise within the national labs also point to the fact that a good role for the national labs would be to validate and benchmark materials.



Responses to Previous Year Reviewers' Comments

- Within the results presented, the strong collaboration between the project partners and other R&D peers across the community is clear to see. However, it is recommended that a list of achieved publications be presented so that the multi-laboratory collaboration within HydroGEN and with other institutions can be easily identified.
- Response: A list of achieved publications (24) and presentations (88) were included in the "Reviewers-Only Slides" section. A list of patents and patent applications were also included in the same section. Furthermore, we are developing a new publications search engine on the <u>www.h2awsm.org</u> website to list publications that pulls directly from H2AWSM Zotero library.
- It is difficult to put in perspective to what extent the accomplishments presented have moved each of the four technologies toward meeting the \$2/kg goal. Furthermore, it is difficult to put in perspective where each of the four technologies stands relative to meeting the \$2/kg goal. While it is not necessarily a weakness, it would be beneficial to understand how the funding is allocated among the four watersplitting technologies, with which of the four technologies the nodes being utilized align, from which technology data is being accessed, etc. This understand would provide a better understanding of how the capabilities, expertise, and R&D for each technology is being utilized.
- Response: The funding is equally allocated among the four water splitting technologies. This is indicated by the same number of projects awarded for each technology as each project received a similar amount of funding. The technology-specific posters and the individual project presentations illustrate how the HydroGEN capability nodes, expertise, and R&D are being utilized.



Proposed Future Work

- Core labs will execute HydroGEN lab nodes to enable successful phase 2 and 3 project activities and work with new phase 1 projects
 - Core labs' interaction with a specific project will end if that project does not achieve its go/nogo decision metric
- Foster growth of phase 2 Supernode work and continue to collaborate and perform integrated research in the five Supernodes to accelerate AWS research
- Work closely with the Benchmarking Team to establish benchmarking, standard protocols, and metrics for the different water-splitting technologies
- Continue to develop a user-friendly, secure, and dynamic HydroGEN Data Hub that accelerates learning and information exchange within the HydroGEN EMN labs, their partners, and other EMN, AE, PEC, and STCH communities
 - Implement advanced data tool infrastructure improvements and capabilities for more open collaboration and contributions across the HydroGEN consortium, including developing additional data harvesting tools that integrate lab data systems with Data Hub services
- Continue to develop a user-friendly, information rich, and relevant HydroGEN website and implement the publication page
- Outreach



Summary—HydroGEN Consortium: Advanced Water-Splitting Materials (AWSM)



>80 unique, world-class capabilities/expertise:

- Materials theory/computation
- Synthesis
- Characterization and analysis
- 19 projects successfully passed GNG
- 5 Supernodes passed GNG
- 4 NSF DMREF projects completed
- 11 new Round 2 FOA projects started
- 1 MRS TV HydroGEN video
- 2 annual benchmarking workshops
- 36 AWS standard protocols
- Data Hub >36,500 files, 258 users
- Implemented data governance processes

A Nationwide, Interagency, Collaborative Consortium in Early-Stage Materials R&D



HydroGEN fosters cross-cutting innovation using theory-guided applied materials R&D to advance all emerging water-splitting pathways for hydrogen production

Acknowledgements



Energy Efficiency &





ENERGY | Renewable Energy Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Technologies Office

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Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory









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HydroGEN Advanced Water Splitting Materials

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Gary S. Groenewold Hanping Ding Gabriel llevbare















Technical Backup Slides



- 1. **Proton Onsite** High Efficiency **PEM** Water Electrolysis Enabled by Advanced <u>Catalysts</u>, <u>Membranes</u> and <u>Processes</u>
- 2. Argonne National Laboratory <u>PGM-free OER</u> Catalysts for **PEM** Electrolyzer
- 3. Los Alamos National Laboratory Scalable Elastomeric Membranes for Alkaline Water Electrolysis
- 4. Los Alamos National Laboratory High-Performance Ultralow-Cost <u>Non-Precious Metal Catalyst</u> System for **AEM** Electrolyzer
- 5. Northeastern University Developing Novel <u>Platinum Group Metal-Free Catalysts</u> for Alkaline Hydrogen and Oxygen Evolution Reactions

- 1. Georgia Institute of Technology Interface and Electrode Engineering for Durable, Low Cost Alkaline Anion Exchange Membrane Electrolyzers
- 2. The Chemours Company FC, LLC Performance and Durability Investigation of Thin, Low Crossover Proton Exchange Membranes for Water Electrolyzers
- **3. University of Oregon** Pure Hydrogen Production through Precious-Metal Free **Membrane** Electrolysis of Dirty Water



- 1. Saint-Gobain Development of <u>Durable Materials</u> for Cost Effective Advanced Water Splitting Utilizing All Ceramic Solid Oxide Electrolyzer Stack Technology
- 2. United Technologies Research Center Thin Film, Metal-Supported, High Performance, and Durable Proton-Solid Oxide Electrolyzer Cell
- 3. University of Connecticut Proton-Conducting Solid Oxide Electrolysis Cells for Large-Scale Hydrogen Production at Intermediate Temperatures
- 4. West Virginia University Intermediate Temperature Proton-Conducting Solid Oxide Electrolysis Cells with Improved Performance and Durability
- 5. Northwestern University Characterization and Accelerated Life Testing of a New Solid Oxide Electrolysis Cell

- 1. Nexceris, LLC Advanced Coatings to Enhance the Durability of SOEC Stacks
- 2. Redox Power Systems, LLC Scalable High-H₂ Flux, Robust Thin Film Solid Oxide Electrolyzer
- **3. University of South Carolina** A Multifunctional Isostructural Bilayer Oxygen Evolution Electrode for Durable Intermediate Temperature Electrochemical Water Splitting



- 1. Arizona State University Mixed Ionic Electronic Conducting Quaternary Perovskites: Materials by Design for STCH H₂
- 2. Colorado School of Mines Accelerated Discovery of STCH Hydrogen Production Materials via High-Throughput Computational and Experimental Methods
- **3. Northwestern University** Transformative Materials for High-Efficiency Thermochemical Production of Solar Fuels
- 4. University of Colorado Boulder Computationally Accelerated Discovery and Experimental Demonstration of High-Performance Materials for Advanced Solar Thermochemical Hydrogen Production
- 5. **Greenway Energy** High Temperature Reactor Catalyst Material Development for Low Cost and Efficient Solar Driven Sulfur-Based Processes (Hybrid Sulfur)

- 1. University of California, San Diego New High-Entropy Perovskite Oxides with Increased Reducibility and Stability for Thermochemical Hydrogen Generation
- 2. University of Florida A New Paradigm for Materials Discovery and Development for Lower Temperature and Isothermal Thermochemical H2 Production



- 1. Stanford University Protective Catalyst Systems on III-V and Si-Based Semiconductors for Efficient, Durable Photoelectrochemical Water Splitting Devices
- 2. Rutgers University Best-in-Class Platinum Group Metal-Free Catalyst Integrated Tandem Junction PEC Water Splitting Devices
- 3. University of Michigan Monolithically Integrated Thin-Film/Si Tandem Photoelectrodes
- 4. University of Hawaii Novel Chalcopyrites for Advanced Photoelectrochemical Water-Splitting

- 1. **Rice University** Highly Efficient Solar Water Splitting Using 3D/2D Hydrophobic Perovskites with Corrosion Resistant Barriers
- 2. University of Toledo Perovskite/Perovskite Tandem Photoelectrodes for Low-Cost Unassisted Photoelectrochemical Water Splitting
- **3.** University of California, Irvine Development of Composite Photocatalyst Materials that are Highly Selective for Solar Hydrogen Production and their Evaluation in Z-Scheme Reactor Designs