

# Development of a 5 kW Prototype Coal-based Fuel Cell

Steven S. C. Chuang  
The University of Akron  
May 15, 2007

Project ID #  
FCP9

# Overview

## Timeline

- Project start date: 6/01/2006
- Project end date: 5/31/2008
- Percent complete: 46%

## Budget

- Total project funding
  - DOE share: \$495,000
  - Contractor share: \$178,654
- Funding received in FY06  
\$323,538
- Funding for FY07  
\$171,462

## Barriers

- Barriers addressed
  - Long term catalyst durability
  - System thermal management

## Partners

- Bob Brown, The Ohio Coal Development Office

# Objectives

- **Overall: Design a 5 kW prototype coal-based fuel cell and fabricate a small scale coal fuel cell system including coal injection and fly ash removal ports.**
- **2006:**
  - **Improvement of the anode catalyst structure and the interface between electrodes**
  - **Development of fuel cell fabrication techniques**
- **2007: Fabricate and test a small scale coal fuel cell system.**

# Approach

- Improvement of the anode catalyst structure and the interface between electrode and membrane.
- Refinement of the techniques for fabrication of the fuel cell assembly
- Selection and testing of interconnect materials for the coal-based fuel cell.
- Investigation of the design factors for the coal injection and fly ash removal systems.
- Design and fabrication of a small scale coal fuel cell system.

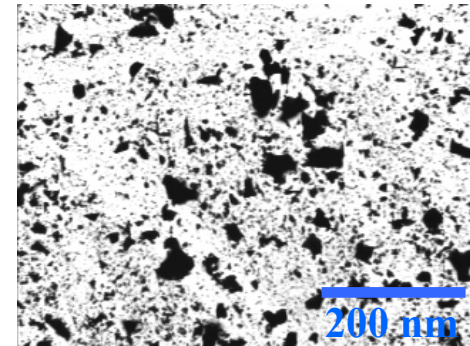
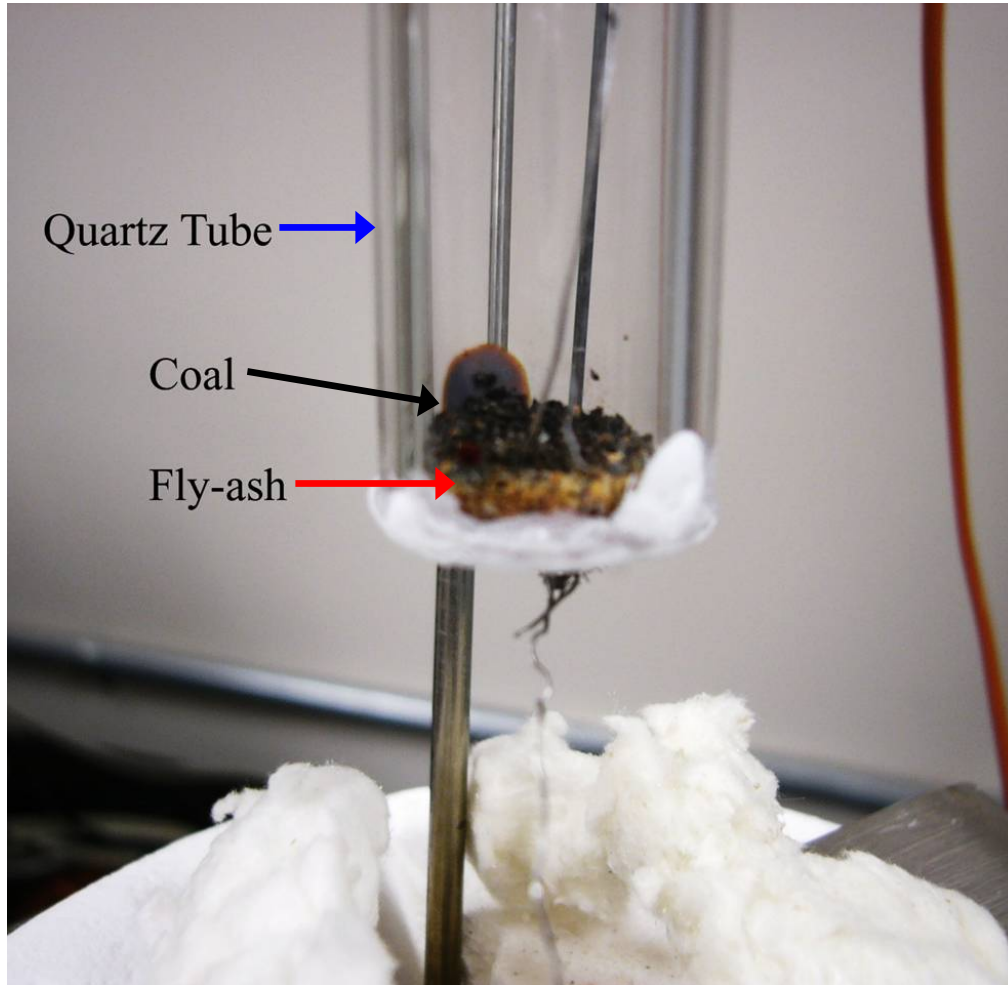
# Technical Accomplishments/ Progress/Results

- Successful fabrication of the fuel cell assembly with a diameter greater than 1”.
- Identification of the active anode catalyst components for the electrochemical oxidation of coal and coke at temperature below 800 °C.
- Design and fabrication of coal fuel cell testing systems.
- Preliminary development of sulfur tolerant anode catalysts

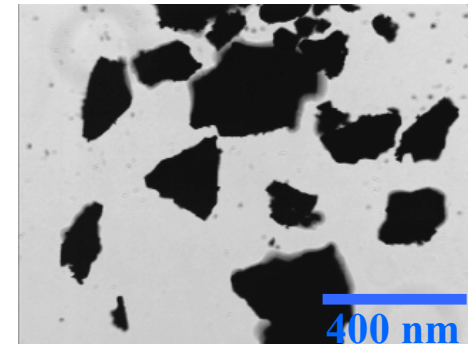
# Ohio Coal # 5

PROXIMATE ANALYSIS				ULTIMATE ANALYSIS			
% Moisture as received		4.15		% Carbon		83.99	
Dry % ash		4.80		% Hydrogen		5.50	
Dry % volatile matter		37.98		% Nitrogen		1.88	
Dry % fixed carbon		57.22		% Oxygen		8.63	
SULFUR FORMS				CALORIC VALUE (BTU/lb)			
% Pyritic 0.70		% Organic 1.21		14258			
% Sulfate 0.01		% Total 1.92		EQUILIBIRUM MOISTURE (%)			
				7.98			

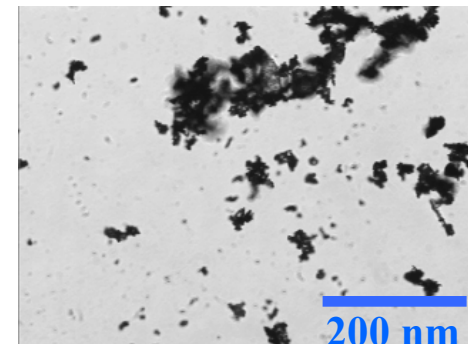
# Coke and fly ash after the SOFC reaction in the reactor



Coke before reaction

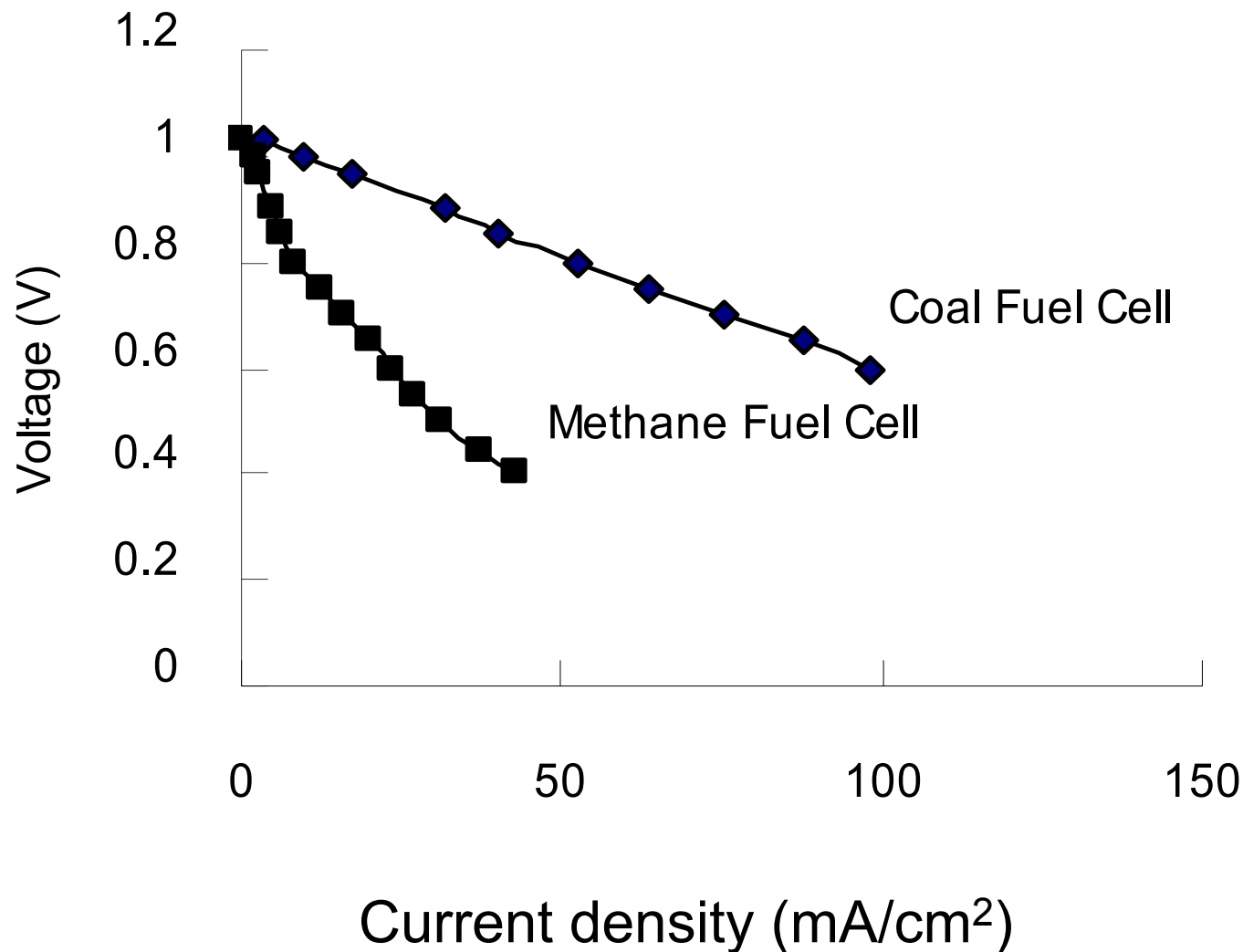


Coke after reaction



Fly ash after reaction

## Comparison of IV curves for Cu Anode SOFC at 900 °C

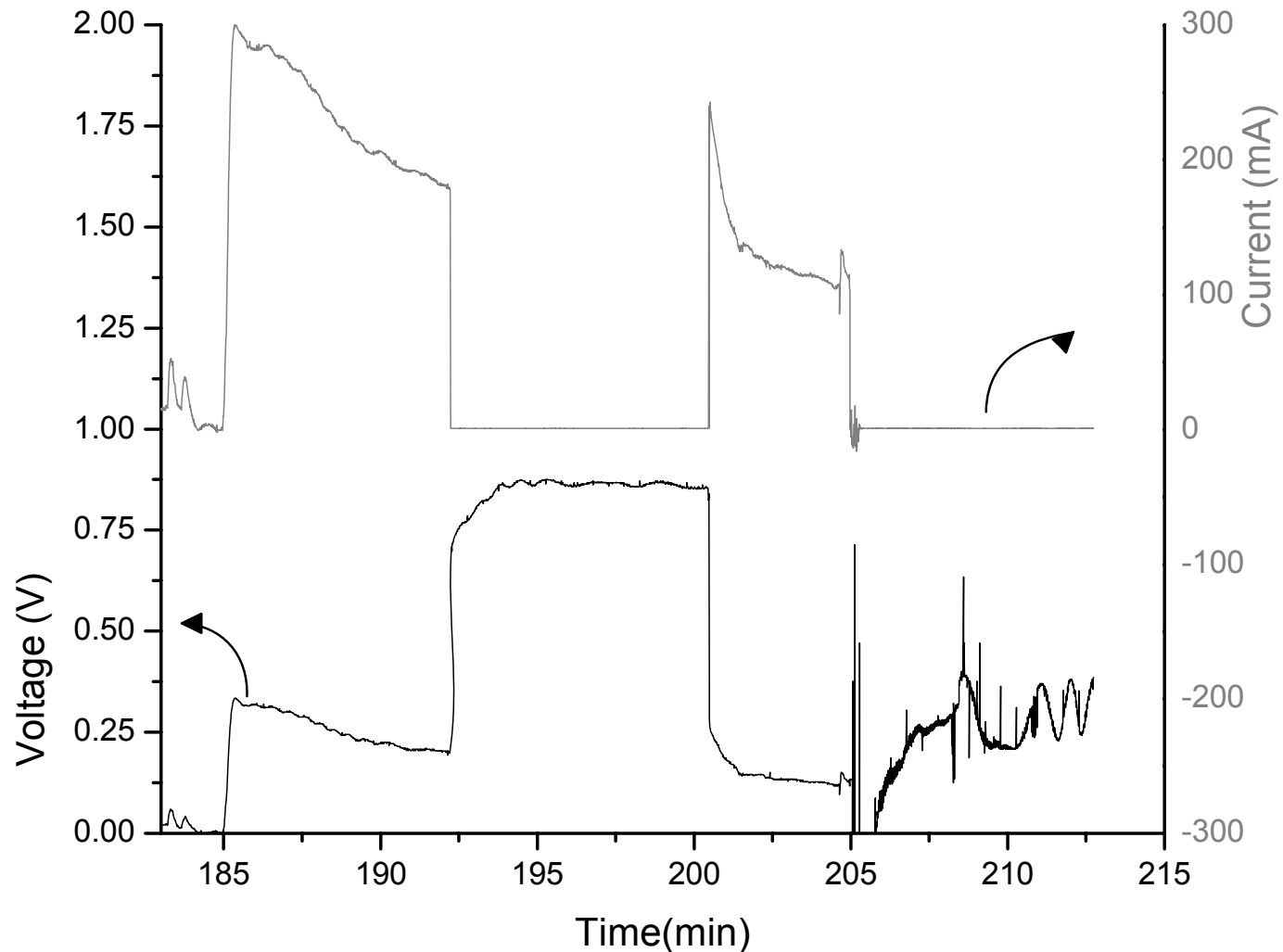


“Coal-based Fuel Cell,” S. S. C. Chuang, PCT Int. Appl. (2006) (i.e., European Patent Application), 35 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 WO 2006028502 A2 20060316; U.S. Patent Application; India Patent Application.



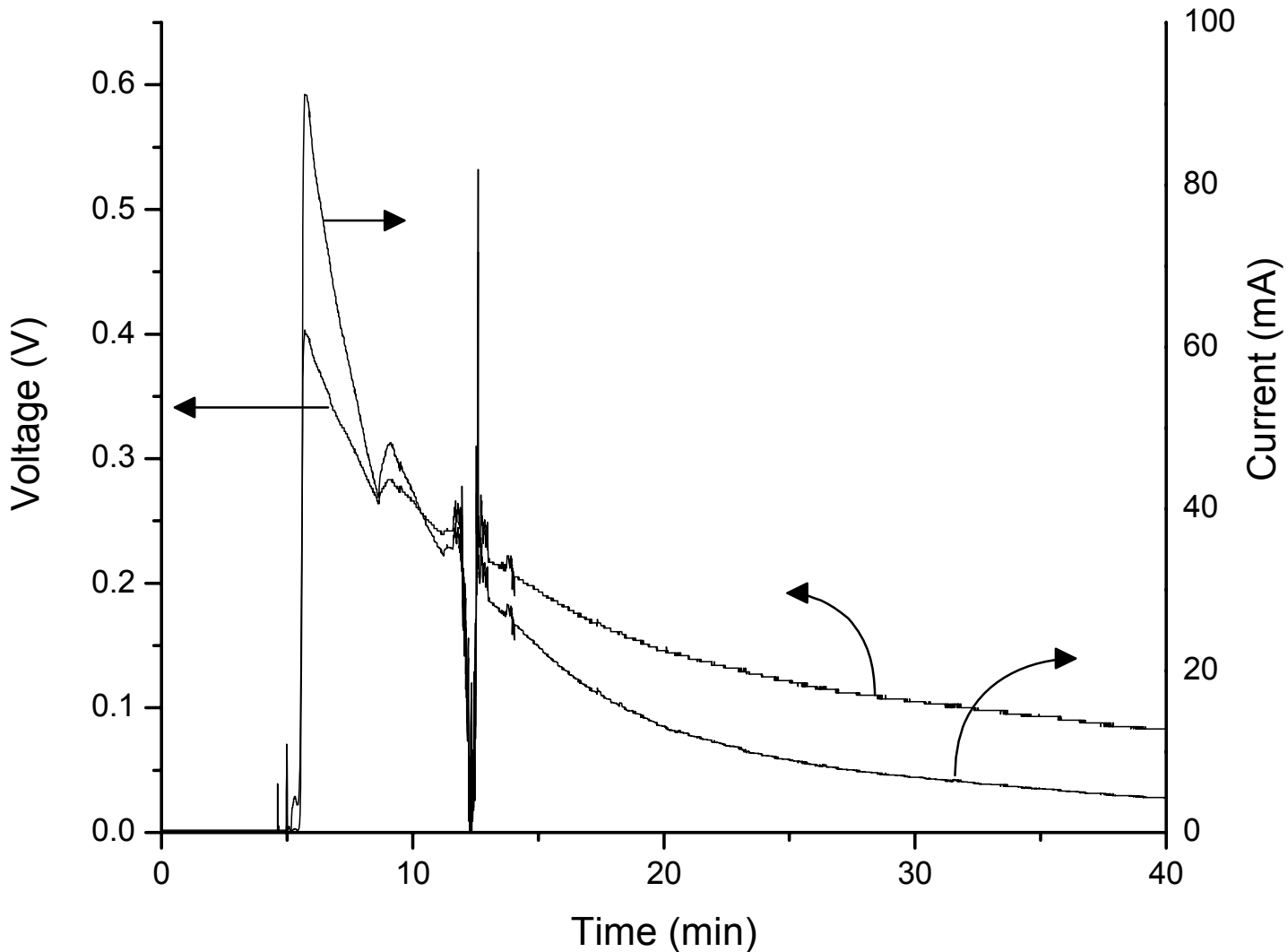
# Fuel cell performance at 800 °C

Anode: oxide; Fuel: 3 g of Ohio No. 5 coal



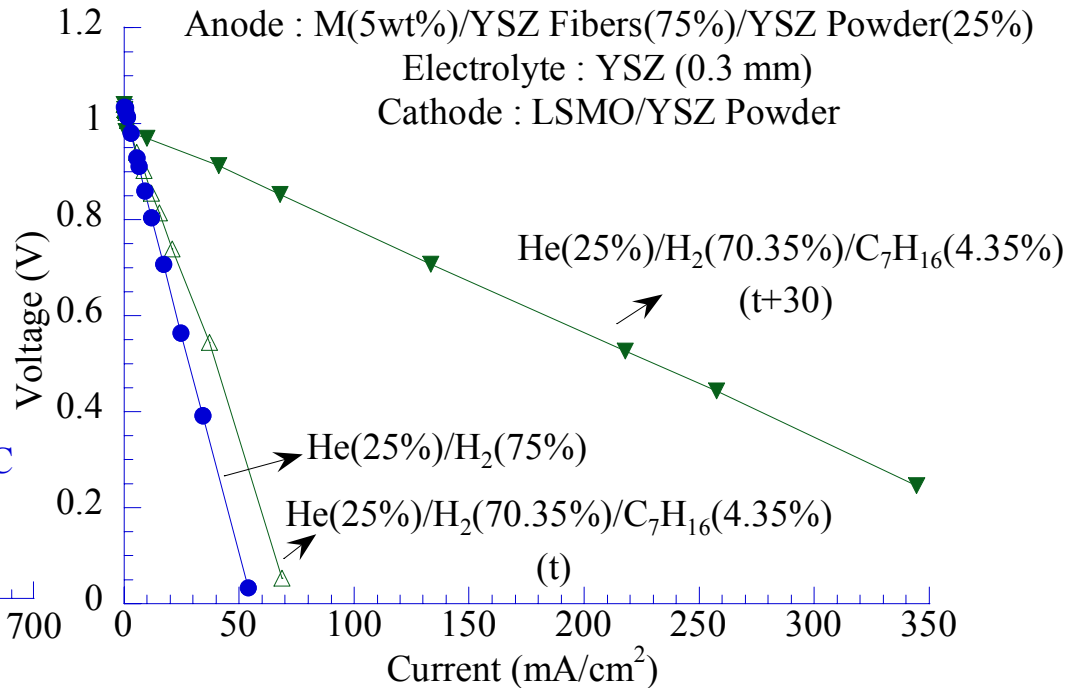
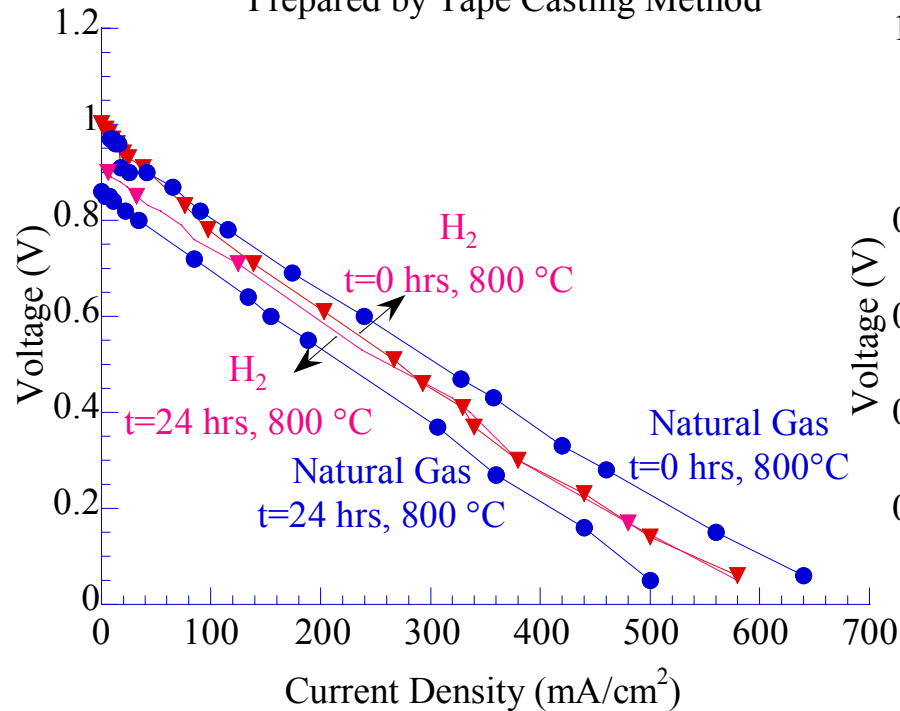
# Fuel cell performance at 750 °C

Anode: oxide, Fuel: 0.5 g of Ohio No. 5 Coal



# SOFC Performance

M1-M2-YSZ/M-YSZ/YSZ/LSM-YSZ/LSM  
Prepared by Tape Casting Method



- Stable, Sulfur tolerant and Carbon resistant catalyst
- Novel method to deposit the metal on anode

- Formation of carbon fiber network by metal catalyzed reforming of heptane improved the current collection ability.

# Future Work

- Selection and testing of low cost interconnect materials for the coal-based fuel cell.
- Investigation of the design factors for the coal injection and fly ash removal systems.
- Design, fabrication, and test of a small scale coal fuel cell system
- key milestones:
  - Identification and successful development of an interconnects which cost less 50% of the present interconnects.
  - Development of a fundamental understanding of the migration of the fly ash particles on the anode catalyst surface.
  - Design and fabrication of a lab-scale of the coal fuel cell system.

# Summary 1

- **Relevance:** Development of an effective anode catalyst to catalyze the electrochemical oxidation of coal/coke at 750 °C will allow the use of low cost materials for the construction of the fuel cell system.
- **Approach:** Identification and test of the low cost anode catalysts, interconnect, fuel cell housing materials for the design and fabrication of the coal fuel cell system.

# Summary:2

- **Technical Achievements:**
  - Fly ash produced from coal does not adhere to the anode catalyst surface.
  - Current density of more than 80 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> at 0.4 V has been achieved on an oxide anode catalyst at 750 °C.
  - Technique for the fabrication of the fuel cell with a diameter greater than 1 inch has been developed.
- **Technology Transfer/Collaboration:**
  - Patent applications in progress
  - Collaboration with the Ohio Coal Development Office
- **Proposed Future Research:**
  - Development of low cost interconnects.
  - Determination of the key factors controlling the removal of fly ash.
  - Design, fabrication, and test of a small scale coal fuel cell system