



Cost-Effective Method for Producing Self-Supporting Pd Alloy Membrane for Use in the Efficient Production of Coal-derived Hydrogen

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Overview



Timeline

- Project start: Sep. 09, 2003
- Project end: Oct. 31, 2007
- Percent complete: ~95%

Budget

- Total project funding (3 year)
 - DOE share: \$775,771
 - Contractor share: \$194,200
- Funding received in FY06
 - \$263,671
- Funding for FY07
 - \$0

Barriers

- Barriers addressed
 - N. Defects (high yield, large area)
 - O. Selectivity (>99.9%)
 - Q. Flux (>100 scfh/ft²)
 - S. Cost (<\$1500/ft²)

Partners

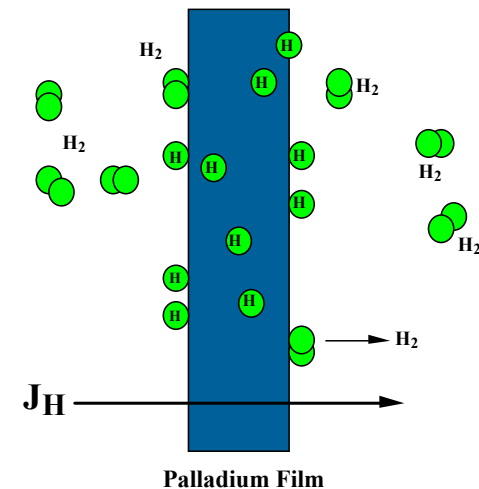
- Colorado School of Mines (Way)
 - H₂ permeation measurements
 - Membrane characterization
- IdaTech (Pledger)
 - Large-scale testing
 - Module demonstration
 - Sealing



Objectives



- **Overall DOE Goal:** Develop technologies that effectively and economically separate hydrogen from mixed gas streams that would be produced by coal gasification
- **Develop a process methodology for the cost-effective manufacturing of thin, dense, self-supporting palladium (Pd) alloy membranes for hydrogen separation from the mixed gas streams of coal gasification processes,**
- **Reduce Pd membrane thickness by >50% over current state-of-art, and show potential to meet DOE 2010 technical targets.**
- **Demonstrate viability of using large-area vacuum processing to “engineer” a membrane microstructure that optimizes hydrogen permeability, separation efficiency, and lifetime,**
- **Demonstrate efficacy of large-batch and/or continuous roll-to-roll manufacturing of membrane material with performance and yields within pre-defined tolerance limits**
- **Demonstrate separation efficiency of thin palladium membrane in commercial-type fuel processor using mixed gas streams.**





Approach



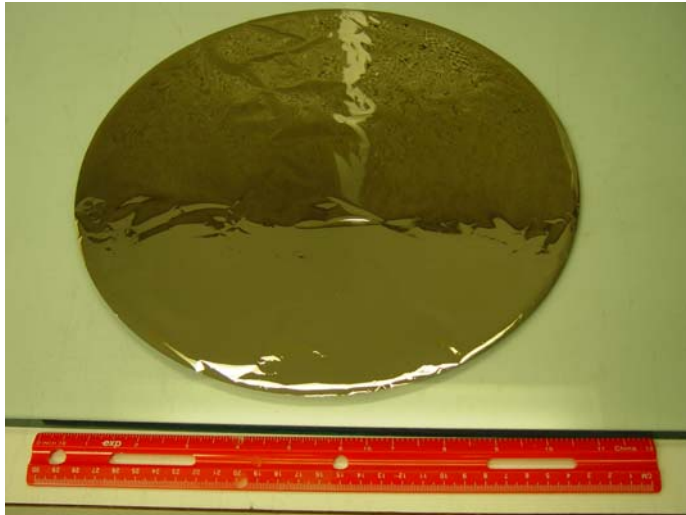
- **Year 1 (Complete)**
 - Task 1: Magnetron Sputter Deposition of Pd-Cu Alloys on Small Samples
 - Task 2: Development of Backing Removal Techniques
 - Task 3: Materials Characterization of Sputtered Pd-alloy Membranes
 - Task 4: Pressure and Purification Testing
 - Task 5: Prototype Module Design
- **Year 2 (Complete)**
 - Task 1: Fabrication of Larger Area Membranes
 - Task 2: Optimization of Membrane Composition/Microstructure
 - Task 3: Refinement and Down-selection of Backing Removal Methods
 - Task 4: Production of Membranes at least 75 in² in Area
 - Task 5: Prototype Module Construction
- **Year 3**
 - Task 1: Final Optimization/Selection of Membrane Alloy Composition (Complete)
 - Task 2: Pressure and Purification Testing Pilot-Scale Membranes (Complete)
 - Task 3: Prototype Module Final Assembly and Testing (75% Complete)
 - Task 4: Develop Cost Estimates for Production of Pd Membranes (Complete)



Deposition



	Plasma Clean	Compliant Layer	Deposition
Power (Watts)	18	500	500
Pressure (mTorr)	0.2	18.0	0.15
Deposition rate (Å/s)	-	3.6	3.6
Duration (min)	15	2	245

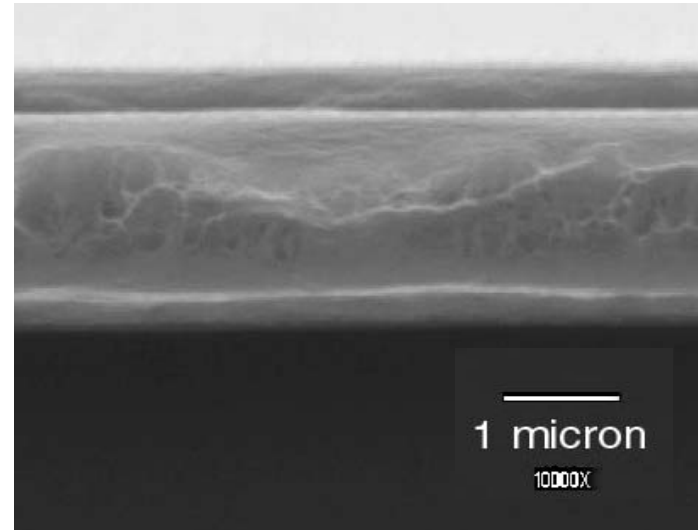
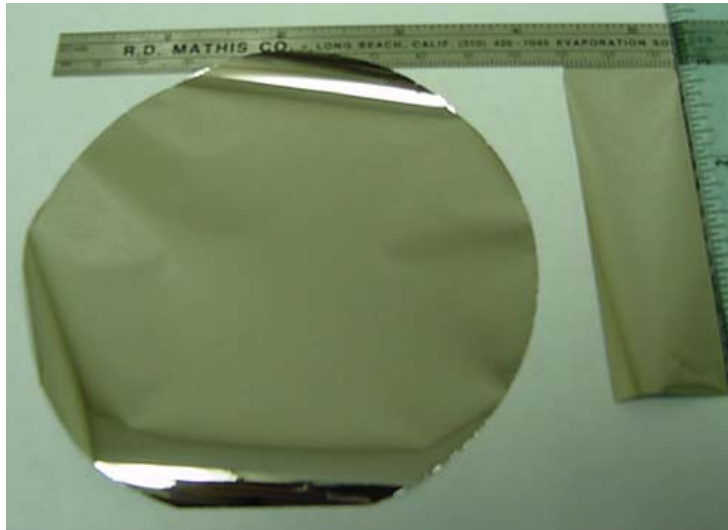




Membranes



Sample Number	Date	Maker Pd %	EDAX Pd %	Max Flux @ 400C & 20psi [cm ³ /cm ² ·min]	CSM Thickness [microns]	Source	Maker Thickness	Permeance @ 400C [cm ³ (STP)/cm ² ·s·cmHg ^{0.5}]	Permeability @ 400C [cm ³ (STP)·cm/cm ² ·s·cmHg ^{0.5}]
051206#1	7/25/2002	---	57.00	17.9	8.80	SEM	---	5.98E-02	5.26E-05
051206#1	7/25/2002	---	57.00	30	8.80	SEM	---	1.00E-01	8.83E-05
072806#1	8/6/2002	62.00	---	N/A	---	SwRI	4.40	N/A	N/A
072806#1	8/27/2002	62.00	---	22.21	4.40	SwRI	4.40	5.14E-02	2.26E-05
073106#1	8/6/2002	62.00	---	N/A	---	SwRI	4.40	N/A	N/A
073106#1	8/7/2002	62.00	---	N/A	---	SwRI	4.40	N/A	N/A
073106#1	8/7/2002	62.00	---	N/A	---	SwRI	4.40	N/A	N/A
073106#1	9/10/2002	62.00	---	19.3	4.40	SwRI	4.40	6.46E-02	2.84E-05

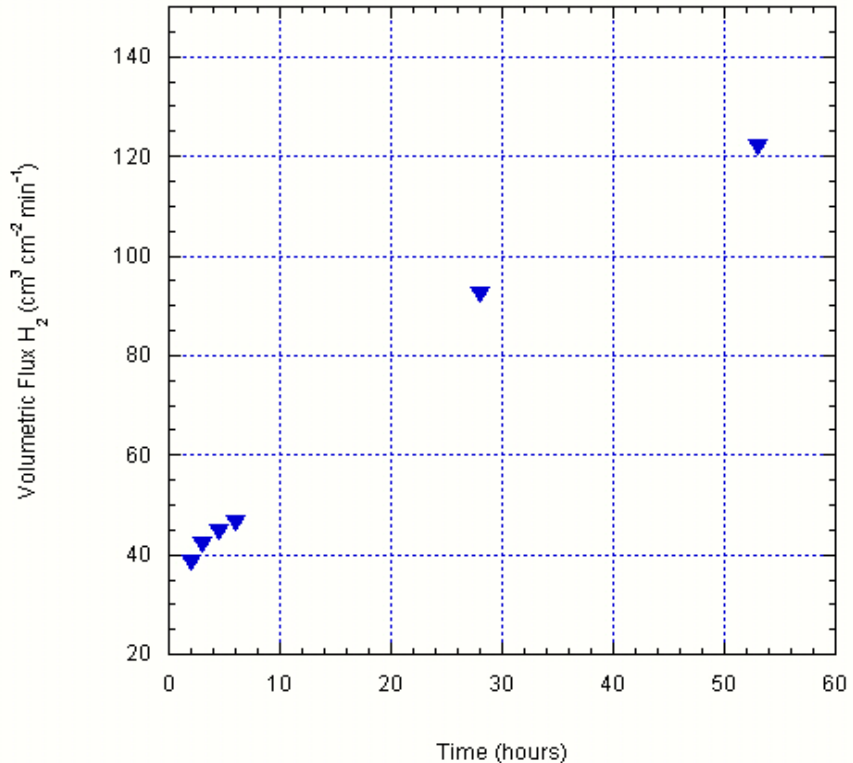




Measured H₂ Flux Has Surpassed Program Goals



- Best performance data @ 400 °C shown for a 2.5 μm Pd-Cu alloy foil, area = 2.6 cm²
 - Pure H₂ permeability = $8 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3 \cdot \text{cm} / \text{cm}^2 \cdot \text{s} \cdot \text{cmHg}^{0.5}$
 - H₂ Flux = 124 cm³/cm²•min = **242 scfh/ft²**
 - Feed pressure = **20 psig**
- Exceeds DOE Hydrogen Program and 2010 DOE Fossil Energy targets



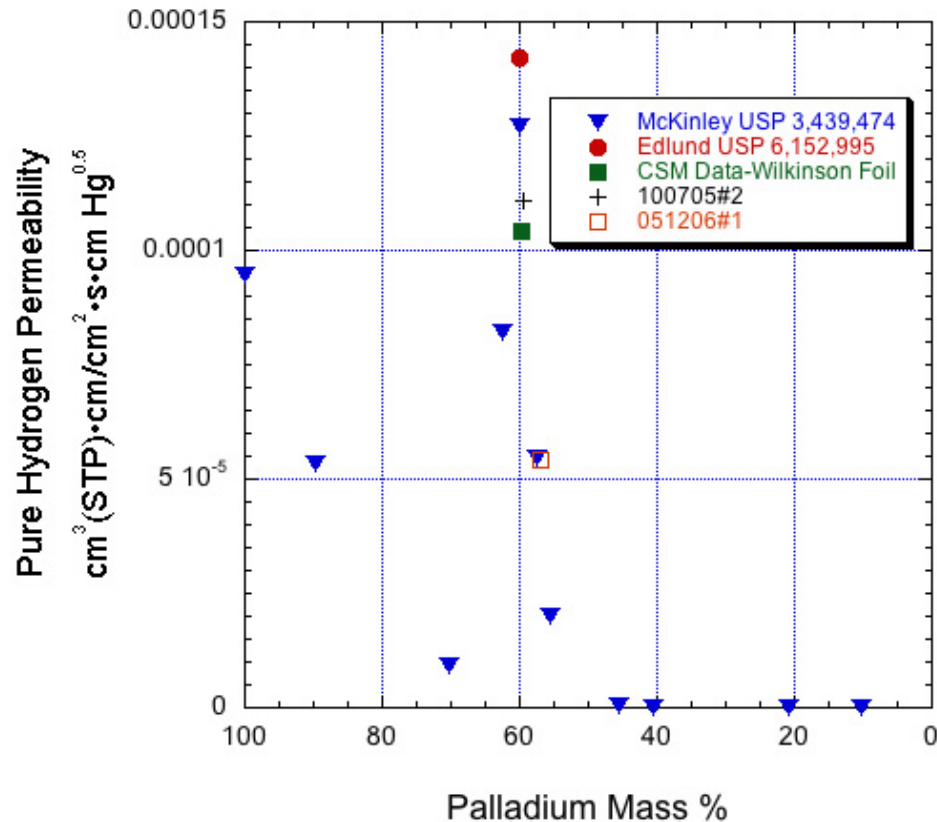
	SwRI Membrane	2007 Target	2010 Target	2015 Target
Flux scfh/ft ² @ 100 psi DP H ₂ partial pressure & 50 psid	564	100	200	300



Membrane Composition



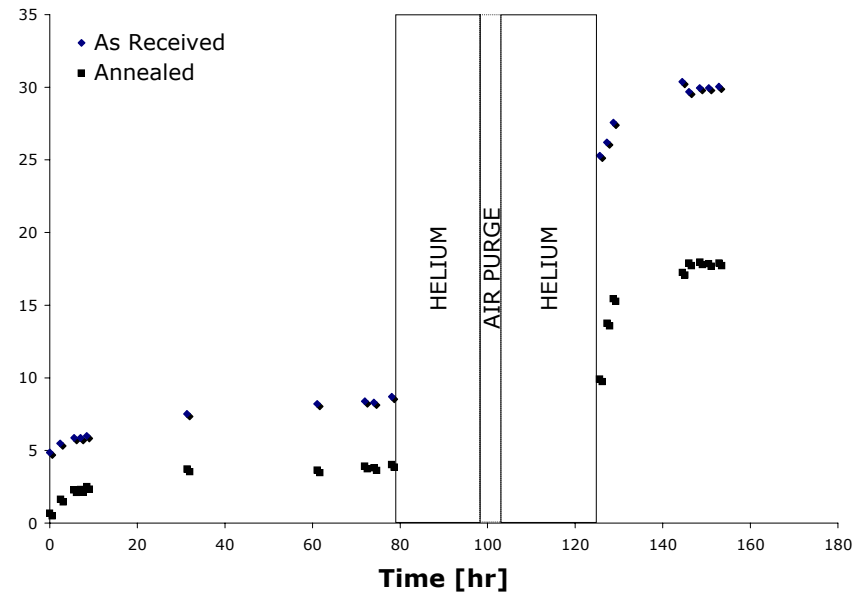
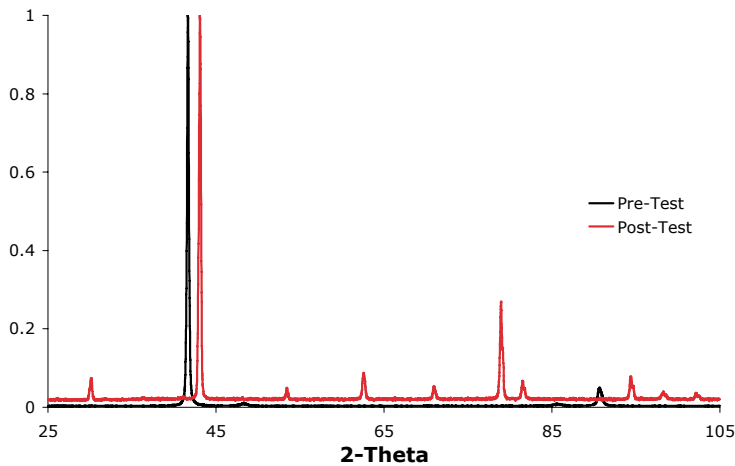
- Permeability correlation with composition consistent with literature
- Wilkinson Foil as a standard
- Test Cycle
 - Forming gas, 8hrs 400°C
 - He, 24 hrs, 400°C (no flux)
 - H₂, 250hrs, 400°C
 - Air Purge, 400°C
 - H₂, 400°C



Annealing



- As prepared
 - $8.83 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3(\text{STP})\text{cm}/\text{cm}^2 \cdot \text{s}, \text{cmHg}^{0.5}$
- Annealed 450°C
 - $5.26 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3(\text{STP})\text{cm}/\text{cm}^2 \cdot \text{s}, \text{cmHg}^{0.5}$
- Stress relieved following annealing
- Phase change from alpha to beta

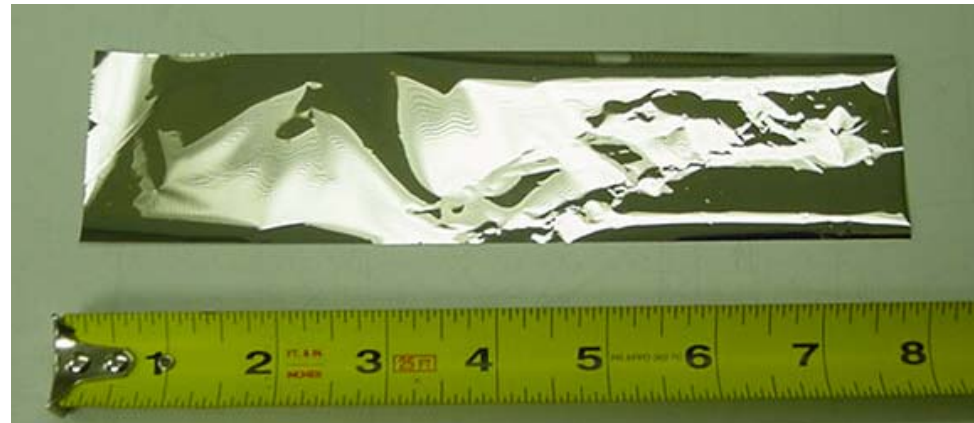
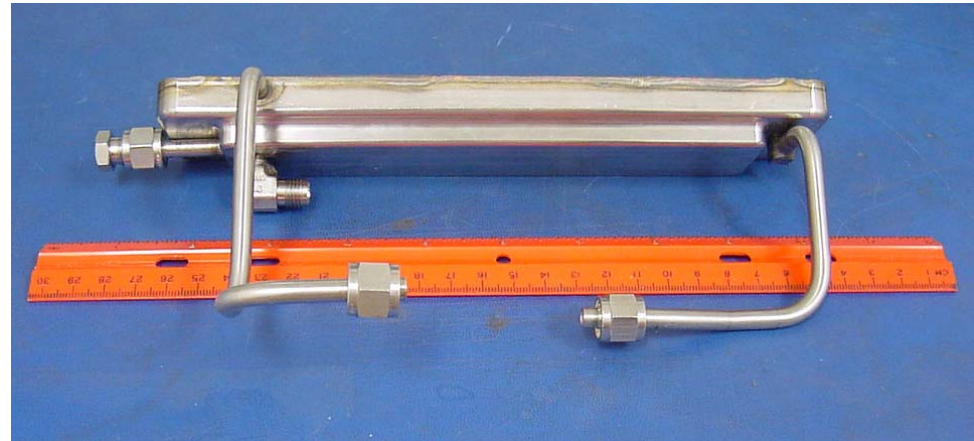




Module Development and Testing at IdaTech



- Measured H₂ flux of 420 SCFH/ft² (400°C and 100 psig) on smaller samples provided by SwRI.
- Investigating gasketing arrangements to reliably seal thin membranes.
- Full-scale module test delayed
- More than a dozen full-size prototype membranes have been delivered to IdaTech





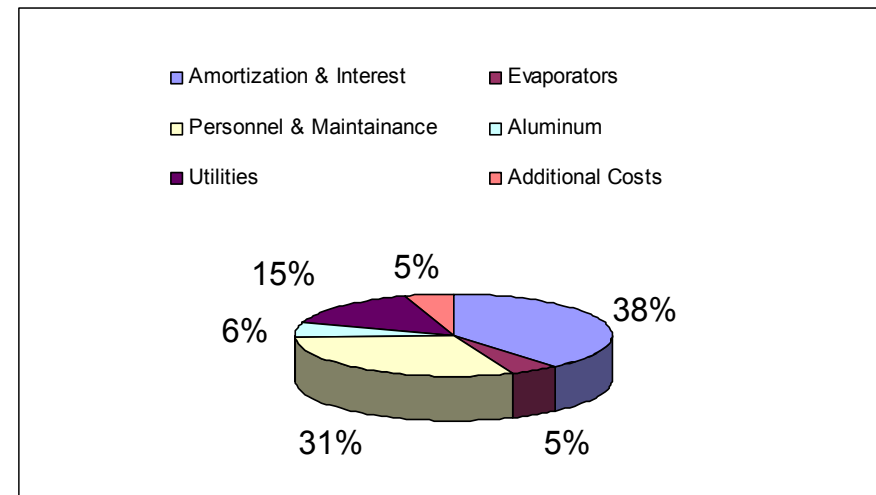
Cost Projections

$$\text{Total Cost/ft}^2 = (F + L + E) / (P * S * 1.75 \times 10^5) + R$$

- F is the equipment depreciation,
- L is the fully burdened labor costs
- E is the cost of utilities and maintenance,
- P is the throughput per minute,
- S is the # of 8 hour shifts per day
- R is the raw material cost



- \$35/ft² of Pd
- Total final cost - \$45.50/ft²





Future Work

High Permeability Ternary Palladium Alloy Membranes with improved Sulfur and Halide Tolerance - DE-PS26-06NT42800

Objective: To utilize an iterative modeling, rapid fabrication, and testing approach to develop and demonstrate an ultra-thin (<5 micron) durable ternary Pd-alloy membrane with excellent resistance to sulfur and halogen attack.

Scope of Work

- 1) Materials modelling and composition selection:
- 2) Fabrication of high-performance ternary alloy membranes:
- 3) Membrane testing and evaluation:

Partners

Colorado School of Mines (Way) TDA Research (Alptekin)
Carnegie Mellon University (Sholl) IdaTech (Pledger)



Future Work (Continued)



Milestones

Phase I (Year 1)

- *Milestone 1.1:* Use DFT methods to predict H₂ flux through Pd96M4 for M = Ni, Rh, Pt, Nb, Ta, V, Mg and Y. Use same methods to predict H₂ flux Pd74Cu22M4 for at least 3 of the same M.
- *Milestone 1.2:* Screening of initial set (≤ 6) of ternary alloys by pure gas (H₂ and N₂) permeation experiments.

Phase II (Year 2)

- *Milestone 2.1:* Fabricate a minimum of 20 membrane specimens with different copper concentrations based on CMU hydrogen transport predictions for the 2-3 most promising ternary element additions.
- *Milestone 2.6:* Complete 4-5 preliminary tests membrane samples at TDA and IdaTech with clean Syngas and single impurity additions of H₂S and COS.

Phase III (Year 3)

- *Milestone 3.1:* Produce a minimum of 5 sq. ft. of optimized membrane material for use at CSM and TDA and for independent third-party evaluation by IdaTech.
- *Milestone 3.2:* CSM will complete mixture permeation testing with H₂/CO and H₂/H₂S binary mixtures with best three samples from the final optimization study.



Project Summary



- **Relevance**
 - Robust, high efficiency methods to extract pure hydrogen from coal gas and other sources is critical to the development of a hydrogen economy
- **Approach**
 - Use a novel, scalable vacuum deposition method to fabricate free standing Pd alloy hydrogen separation membranes and evaluate their performance
- **Accomplishments**
 - Produced some of the thinnest (3 um), largest area (110 in²), highest performance separation membranes reported



Summary (Cont'd)



	2005 DOE Target	2010 DOE Target	SwRI
Flux (scfh/ft ²)	100	200	242
Cost (\$/ft ²)	1500	1000	1500
Hydrogen Quality	99.9	99.95	99.95
DP Operating Capability	200	400	100

- **Collaborations**

- Commercial partner in IdaTech, long track record testing hydrogen membranes at CSM, new interactions with CMU

- **Future R&D**

- Test under more aggressive conditions, develop new ternary alloy formulations with increased durability, demonstrate low-cost pilot production

