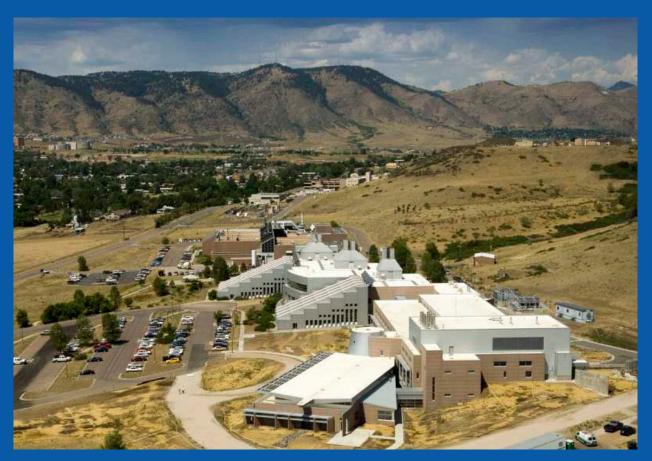


### Hour-by-Hour Cost Modeling of Optimized Central Wind-Based Water Electrolysis Production



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National Renewable Energy Laboratory

May 10, 2011 Project ID # PD085

This presentation does not contain any proprietary, confidential, or otherwise restricted information

NREL is a national laboratory of the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy operated by the Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC

# **Overview**

#### Timeline

Project start date: Sept 2003 Project end date: Oct 2011\*

#### **Budget**

- Total Project:
  - \$ 200k (FY09)
  - \$ 300k (FY10)
  - \$ 450k (FY11)
- Analysis Share\*\*:
  - \$ 100k (FY11)

### **MYPP Barriers Addressed**

G. Cost

- H. System efficiency
- J. Renewable integration

#### **Partners**

- Xcel Energy
- Giner Electrochemical Systems
- Avalence
- Proton Energy Systems
- Univ. of North Dakota/EERC
- DOE Wind/Hydro Program

\*Project continuation and direction determined annually by DOE

\*\* Analytical portion of "Renewable Electrolysis Integrated System Development and Testing" (PD031)

# **Collaborations with Industry**

Information, technical support, and equipment for overall project from:

- Xcel Energy
- Giner Electrochemical Systems
- Avalence
- Proton Energy Systems
- Univ. of North Dakota/EERC
- DOE Wind/Hydro Program

### Wind to Hydrogen

# Analysis Part of Renewable Electrolysis Task # PD031

### Relevance

#### Cost

- **Problem:** Wind electrolysis production cost estimates.
- **Solution:** Analyze a variety of wind class sites to show a full range of hydrogen costs based on wind.

#### System efficiency

- **Problem:** Costs linked to both wind farm availability and electrolyzer efficiency.
- **Solution:** Sensitivities examine what components and factors have biggest affect on system performance and efficiency.

#### **Renewable integration**

- **Problem:** Optimal sizing between wind farms and electrolyzers.
- **Solution:** Components sized based upon hydrogen demand, wind farm size needed for hydrogen demand, and different operation scenarios.

### Wind to Hydrogen

# Approach

# **Background - Previous Cost Studies**

Wind electrolysis results from H2A Production model

- (1) Levene, J.I., *Economic Analysis of Hydrogen Production from Wind: Preprint. 2005, NREL: Golden, CO.*
- (2) Harrison, K.W., et al., *Wind-To-Hydrogen Project: Operational Experience, Performance Testing, and Systems Integration, in NREL/TP-550-44082.* 2009, NREL: Golden, CO.
- (3) Genovese, J., et al., *Current (2009) State-of-the-Art Hydrogen Production Cost Estimate Using Water Electrolysis: Independent Review. 2009, NREL: Golden, CO.*

Reference	Year	Hydrogen Cost (\$/kg)
(1) H2A v1	2005	5.69
(2) H2A v2	2009	6.25
(3) H2A v2	2009	3.00

# Wind2H2 Analysis Objectives

- Corroborate recent wind electrolysis cost studies using a more detailed hour-by-hour analysis
- Examine consequences of different system configuration and operation scenarios
- Initiate understanding of sizing implications between electrolyzers and wind farms
- Identify areas for further analysis and cost reduction

# Wind2H2 Analysis Accomplishments

Completed initial hourly analysis of central wind electrolysis production facility (50,000 kg/day)

 Wind class 4-6 sites might produce green hydrogen for between \$3.75-5.50/kg

Presented results at FCHEA conference

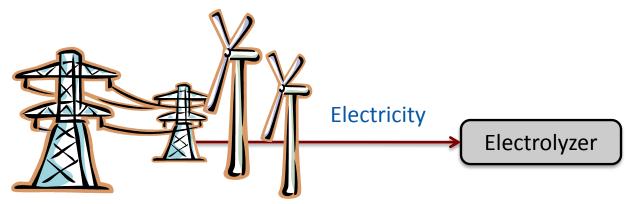
• Feb 14-16, 2011, Washington, DC

Technical paper (pending)

• Saur, G. and T. Ramsden, Wind Electrolysis – Hydrogen Cost Optimization. NREL/TP-5600-50408 . Golden, CO: NREL, 2011.

# **Current Analysis**

- U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) and Xcel Energy's Wind-to-Hydrogen Project at NREL, part of the Renewable Electrolysis task
- Examination of a grid-tied, co-located wind electrolysis hydrogen production facility
- 4 scenarios optimize wind farm size vs electrolyzer requirements using hour-by-hour modeling

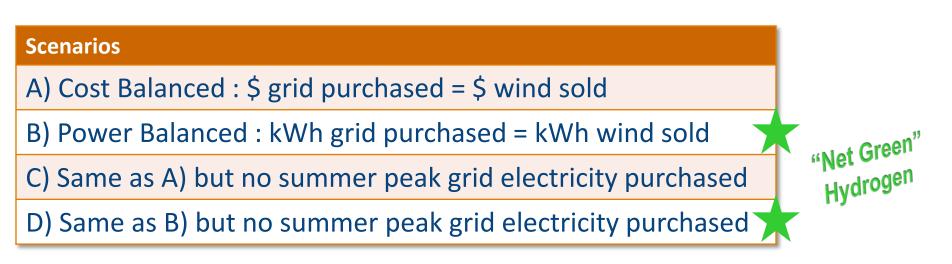


# **Key Parameters - System**

- 8,760 hourly analysis based upon NREL's H2A Production and Fuel Cell Power models
  - Using hourly electricity market pricing and hourly wind data

#### Hydrogen production facility

- 50,000 kg H2/day nominal
- 4 grid-connected wind electrolysis scenarios
  - Grid supplements wind to power electrolyzers



# **Key Parameters - Components**

#### **Electrolyzers**

- Design capacity of ~51,000 kg/day with 98% capacity factor
- 106 MW electricity requirement (50 kWh/kg)
- \$50.1M total depreciable capital cost
- Replacement, O&M costs also included

#### Wind Farm

- Multiples of 3 MW turbines
- Design performance based on class 4 wind site
- Wind costs

	Low Cost	Current Cost
Installed wind turbine	\$1,148/kW	\$1,964/kW
O&M (incl replacement)	\$0.012/kWh	\$0.0074/kWh
Fixed charge rate	12.1%	12.1%

# **Key Parameters - Infrastructure**

#### **Grid Electricity Pricing**

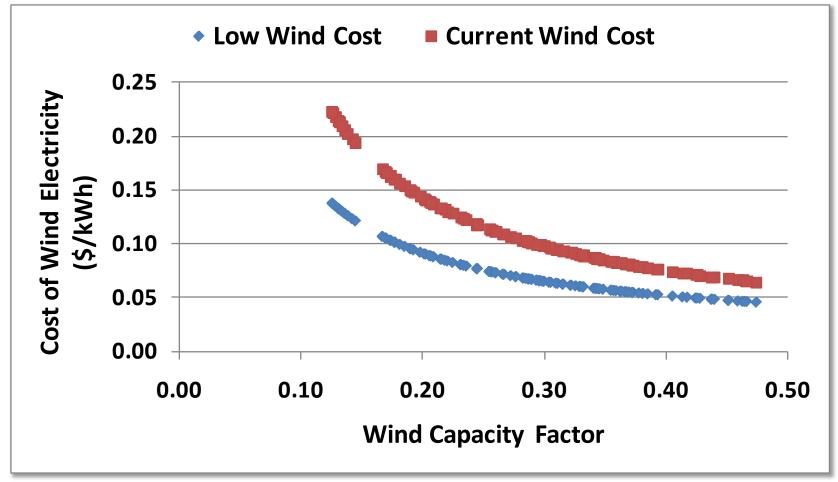
- 6 tiered structure; 3 summer, 3 winter
- \$0.039/kWh to \$0.099/kWh
- "hotter" hours = higher price

Summer rates definitions	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Sunday	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6
Monday	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	6
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Sunday Monday	2 3 3 3	2 2 3 3 3	2 3 3 3 3	4 2 3 3 3	2 3 3 3	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2	11 2 1 1 1	2 1 1 1	2 1 1 1	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2	1 2 2 2	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2	23 2 2 2 2 2	24 2 3 3 3
Sunday Monday Tuesday	2 3 3 3 3 3	2 2 3 3 3 3 3	2 3 3 3 3 3	2 3 3 3 3 3	2 3 3 3 3 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2	11 2 1 1 1 1 1	2 1 1 1 1 1	2 1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 2 2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	24 2 3 3 3 3 3 3
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# **Key Parameters - Infrastructure**

#### Wind Profiles

- NREL's Western Wind data set
- 136 sites in California, class 1 to class 6

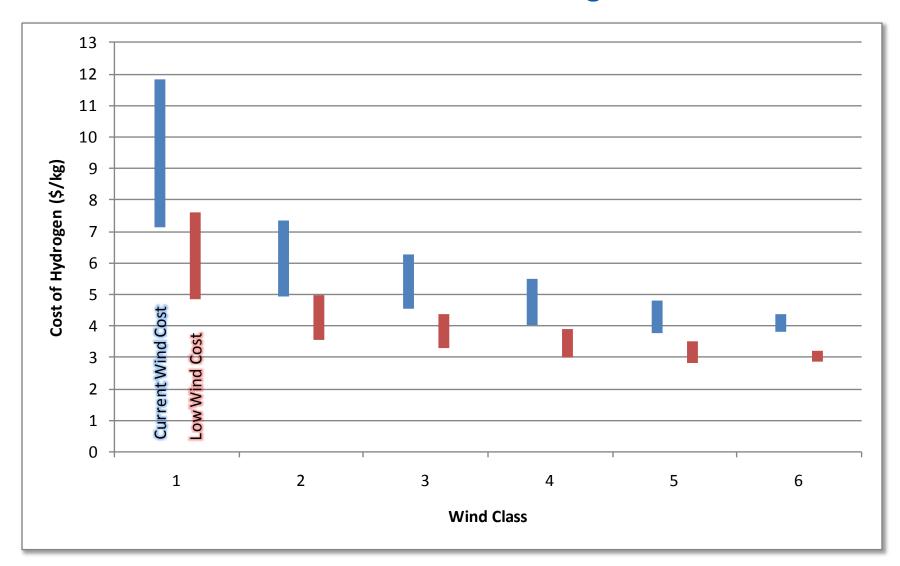


### Wind to Hydrogen

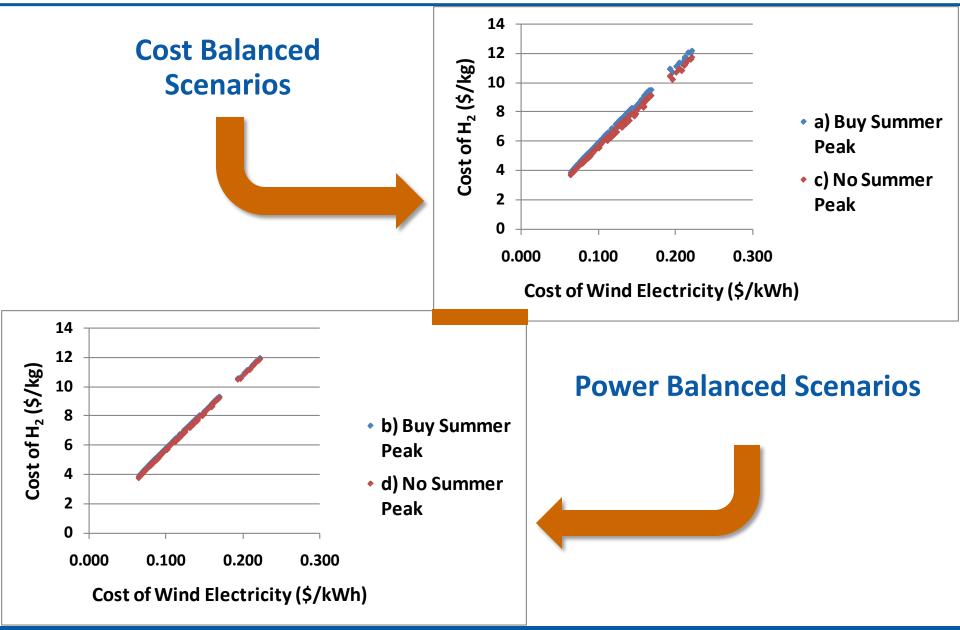
### **Accomplishments and Results**

### **Results - Comparison**

#### **Power Balanced Scenario – range of costs**

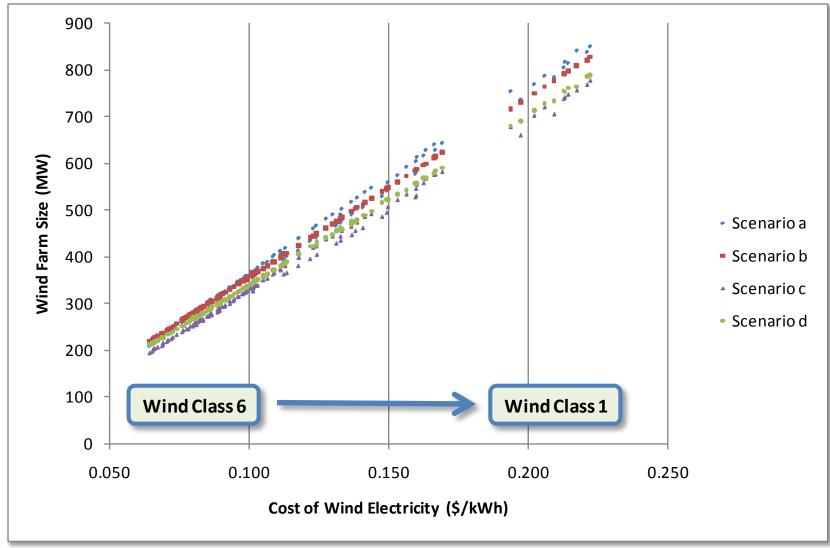


### **Results – Current Wind Costs**



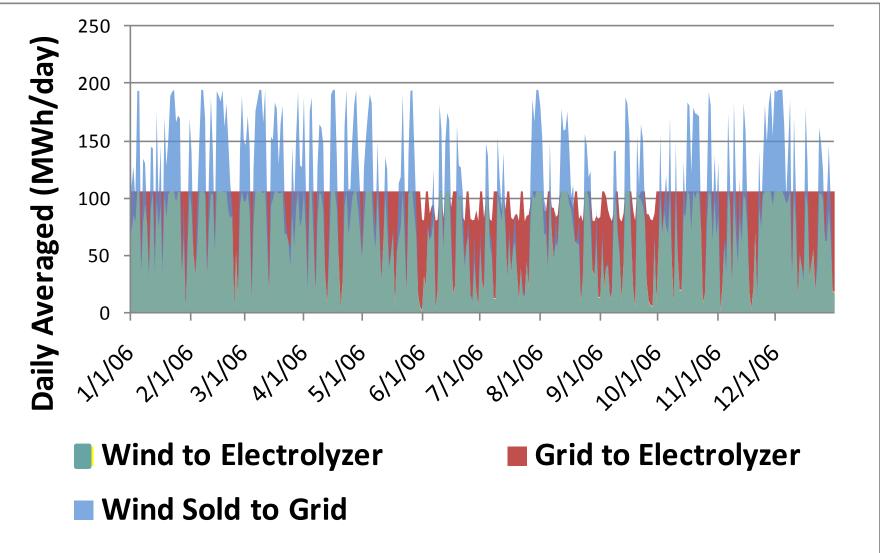
### **Results – Scenario Details**

#### Wind Farm Sizes to Produce 50,000 kg/day H2



# **Results – Case Example**

**Averaged Yearly Profile** 



### **Results – Case Example**

#### Wind Site Details

- Class 5 wind site with capacity factor 47%
- Average wind speed at 100 m 8.5 m/s
- Produces electricity for \$0.064/kWh

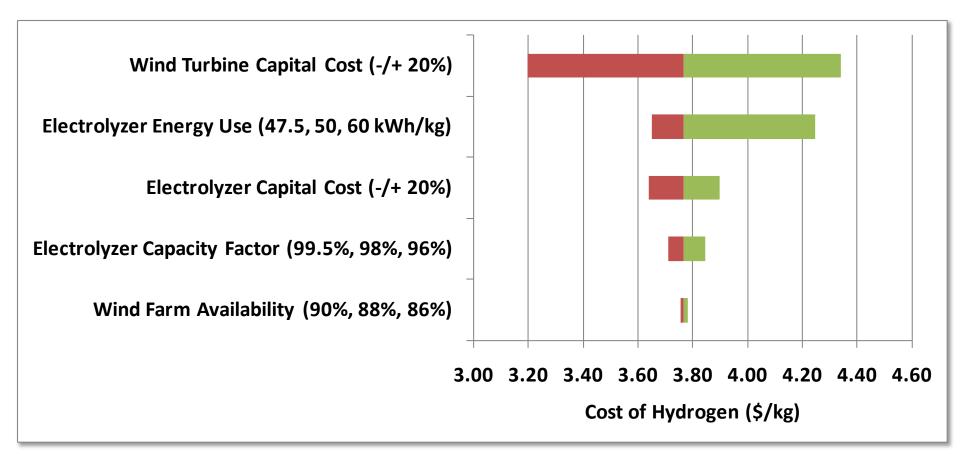


Scenario	Wind Farm Size (MW)	# 3-MW Turbines	Grid Utilization (%)	Unmet H2 Production (kg/yr)	Cost of H2 (\$/kg)
(a) Cost-Balanced—Buy Summer Peak	210	70	94	0	3.80
(b) Power-Balanced—Buy Summer Peak	219	73	102	0	3.82
(c) Cost-Balanced— No Summer Peak	195	65	100	622,000	3.72
(d) Power-Balanced—No Summer Peak	213	71	120	602,000	3.77

# **Results – Case Sensitivity**

#### Sensitivity for power balanced case

- Baseline optimization and sizing held constant
- Other scenarios show similar ranges

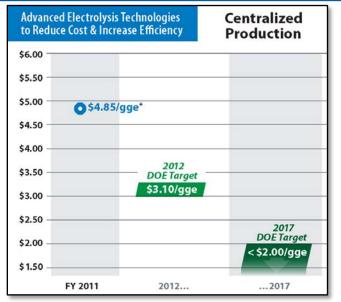


# **Analysis – Proposed Future Work**

- More sensitivities to various inputs possibly including grid pricing, wind farm size, PTC
- Use of curtailed wind
- Uses of different bulk storage technologies
- Year-to-year wind variation uncertainty
- Regionally expanded grid pricing structures
- Examination of solar integration
- Smaller or forecourt sized renewable electrolysis
- Other optimal electricity/hydrogen production balance scenarios.

# Wind2H2 Analysis Summary

- Using current wind costs hydrogen could be produced at some class 4-6 wind sites for \$3.75-5.50/kg.
- Less ideal wind sites should be considered if they are closer to demand centers; reduced delivery cost may offset increased production cost.



\* Average cost is for Class 4 Wind Resource Cost differs with quality of wind resources.

- There are trade-offs for buying or not buying summer peak electricity lower hydrogen cost but some unmet hydrogen demand.
- Including hydrogen production at wind sites may increase flexibility of system and have other beneficial consequences.