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Low Cost Large Scale PEM Electrolysis for Renewable Energy Storage

Presenter: Dr. Katherine Ayers Organization: Proton OnSite Date: May 15, 2013

Project ID: PD090

Overview Timeline

- Project Start: 19 June 2010
- Project End: 18 Aug 2013
- Percent complete: 80%

Budget

- Total project funding

 DOE share: \$1,100,000
- Funding for FY13
 - DOE share: \$500,000

Barriers

- Barriers addressed
 G: Capital Cost
 - H: System Efficiency

Table 3.1.5 Technical Targets: Central Water Electrolysis Using Green Electricity ^{a,b}					
Characteristics	Units	2011 Status °	2015 Target ^d	2020 Target ^e	
Hydrogen Levelized Cost (Plant Gate) ^f	\$/kg H ₂	4.10	3.00	2.00	
Total Capital Investment ^b	\$M	68	51	40	
System Energy Efficiency ^g	%	67	73	75	
System Energy Eniciency -	kWh/kg H2	50	46	44.7	
Stack Energy Efficiency ^h	%	74	76	78	
Stack Energy Eniciency	kWh/kg H ₂	45	44	43	
Electricity Price ¹	\$/kWh	From AEO '09	\$0.049	\$0.031	

Partners

- 3M
- University of Wyoming

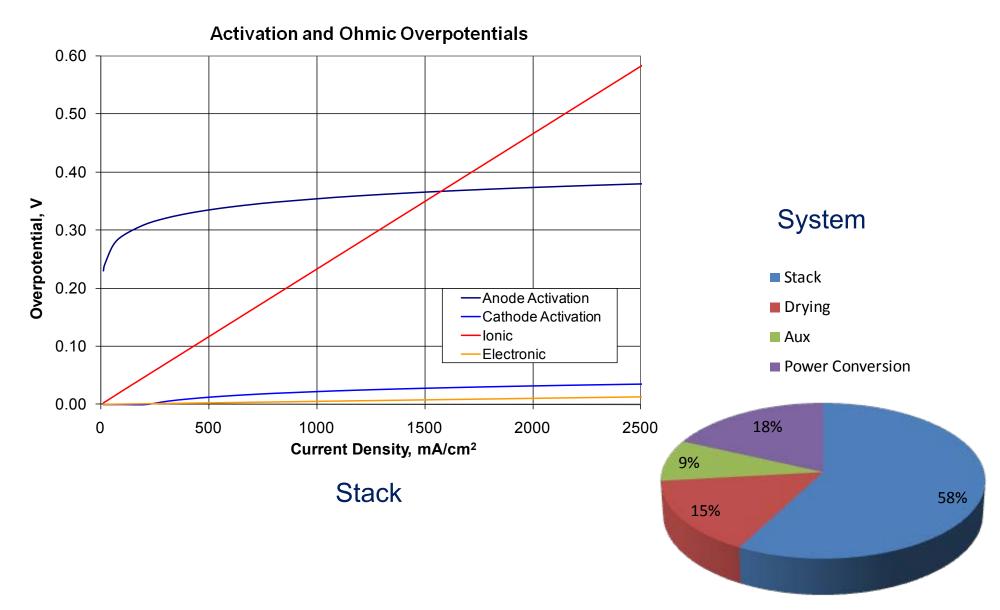


Relevance: Project Objectives

- Identify optimal anode catalyst composition through combinatorial exploration
- Reduce catalyst loading through improved processes and NSTF structures
- Demonstrate 1000 hours system operation at >69% efficiency
- Develop 50,000 kg/day concept design
- Perform cost and environmental analysis



Relevance: Efficiency Breakdown





Relevance: Overall Cost of Electrolysis

- Precious metal costs at 50,000 kg/day are prohibitive at current loadings
 - Goal: Reduce by order of magnitude
- Operating costs driven by efficiency
 - Oxygen overpotential and membrane ionic resistance drive 90% of stack efficiency losses
 - Goal: Increase catalyst activity by 10x
 - Goal: Decrease membrane thickness by 50%
- Balance of plant not yet defined at centralized scale
 - Goal: Develop conceptual plant



Relevance: Hydrogen Value Proposition

- High interest in Europe for MW scale hydrogen production via electrolysis
 - Recovery of stranded wind capacity
 - Higher conversion efficiency for bio-derived methane
- Flexibility of product stream
 - Transportation fuel/backup power
 - High value chemical processes
 - Natural gas pipeline injection
- Maintains U.S. competitiveness in the international market



Top Level Approach

- Task 1.0 Project Kickoff
- Task 2.0 MEA Optimization
 - 2.1 Catalyst Composition Optimization
 - 2.2 MEA Performance Evaluation
 - 2.3 Electrode structure and catalyst utilization
 - 2.4 Estimation of Efficiency
- Task 3.0 Scale-up of MEA Configuration
 - 3.1 Process Development for Wider MEA Format
 - 3.2 Fabrication and Test of Larger MEA Format
- Task 4.0 50,000 kg/day Conceptual Design
- Task 5.0 Cost Analysis and Environmental Impact



Technical Accomplishments

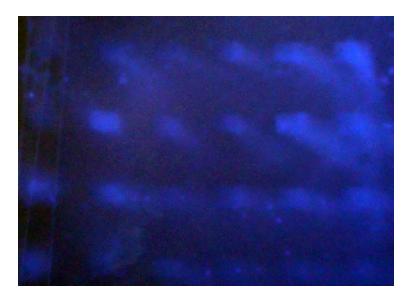
Task	Task Description	Progress Notes	Completion
1.0	Project Kickoff		100%
2.0	MEA Optimization	 Developed ink formulation for 50% catalyst loading reduction Combinatorial synthesis set up 	100%
3.0	MEA Configuration Scale Up	Tooling procured	80%
4.0	50,000 kg/day Concept	 System components identified Preliminary costs established Component sizing completed 	95%
5.0	Cost Analysis/ Environmental Analysis	 Pending completion of Task 4.1 	



Technical Accomplishments: AMR 2012 Review

- Demonstrated combinatorial screening technique
- Demonstrated 50% reduction in loading with no performance impact
- Initial plant concept completed

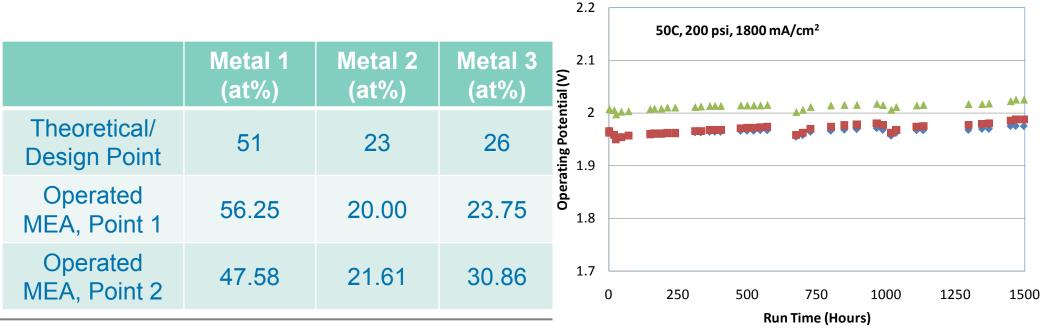






Technical Accomplishments: Catalyst Composition

- Examined combinations of metals such as Ir, AI, Pt, Ru, Sn, Rh, and Pd
 - Combinatorial experiments suggested optimized formulations
- Cell testing validated predictions and tested durability
- SEM after operation still shows all elements present

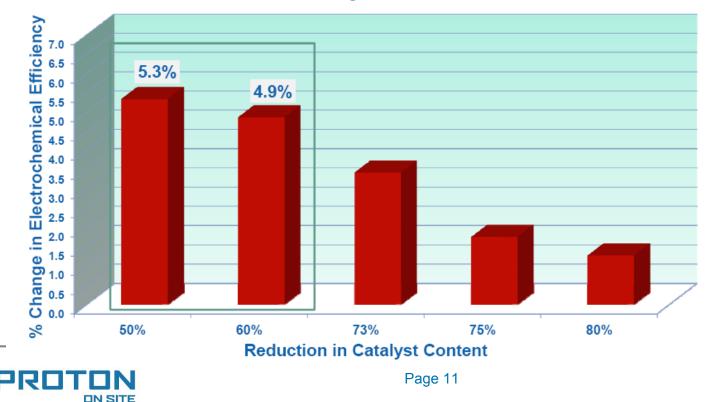




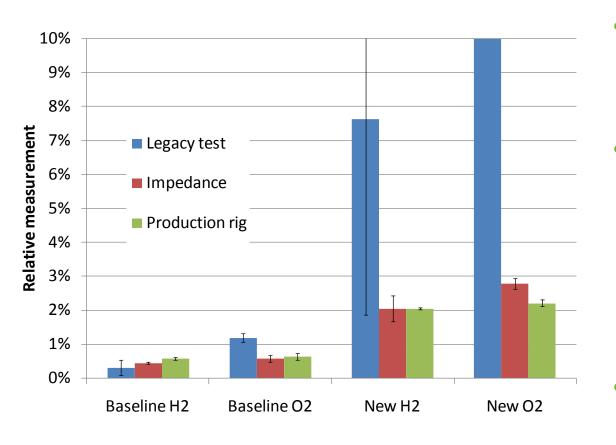
Technical Accomplishments: Catalyst Loading

- Completed formulation and process optimization for 50% reduction in loading vs. baseline
- Improvements also provided efficiency benefit; possibly due to through plane resistance changes.

LHV Cell Efficiency Improvement at 1.0 A/cm² Evaluated Against Baseline



Technical Accomplishments: QC

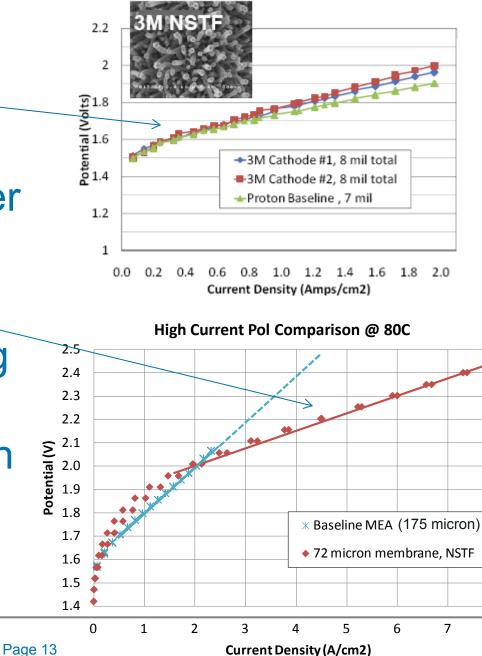


- Legacy QC electrical test gives non-meaningful data with new process
- Full impedance scan yields acceptable correlation with legacy test on baseline, much better repeatability but too cumbersome
- Production high frequency test provides consistency and speed



Technical Accomplishments: Catalyst Structure

- Have shown equivalent _ performance at cathode
- Anode still showing higher
 activation energy
- Lack of mass transfer limitations implies loading is sufficient; optimizing structure and composition for activity

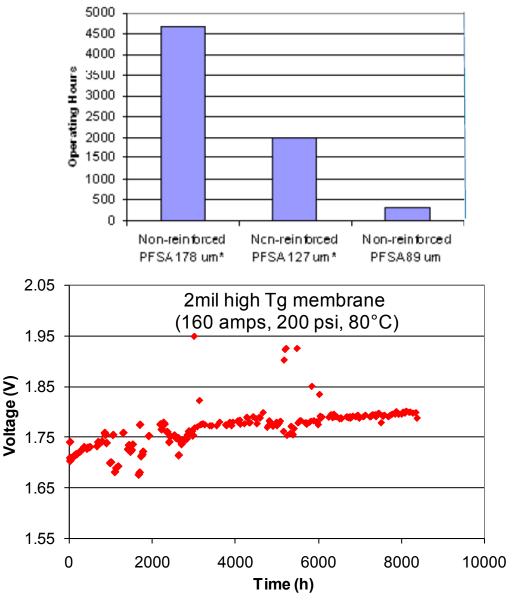


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Technical Accomplishments: Membrane

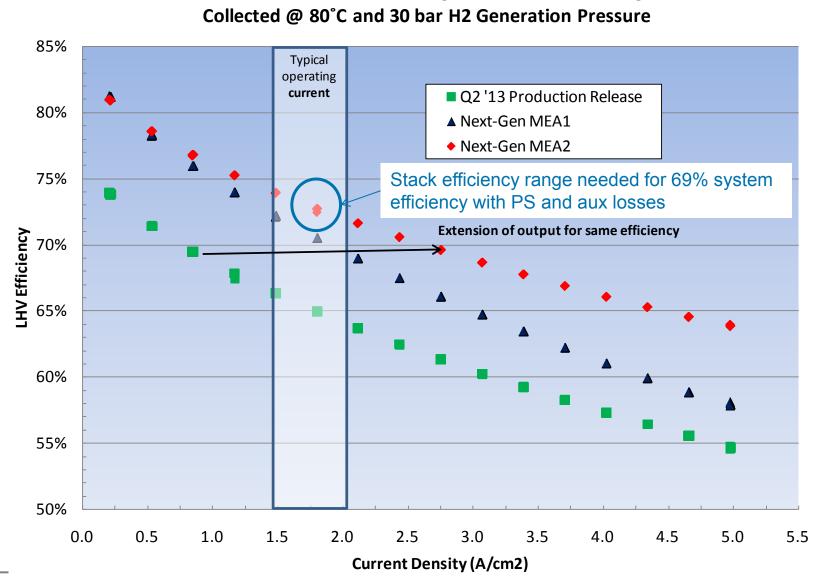
- Legacy membrane does not hold up at desired thicknesses and pressures
- Optimization of T_g, IEC, and reinforcement show good mechanical durability





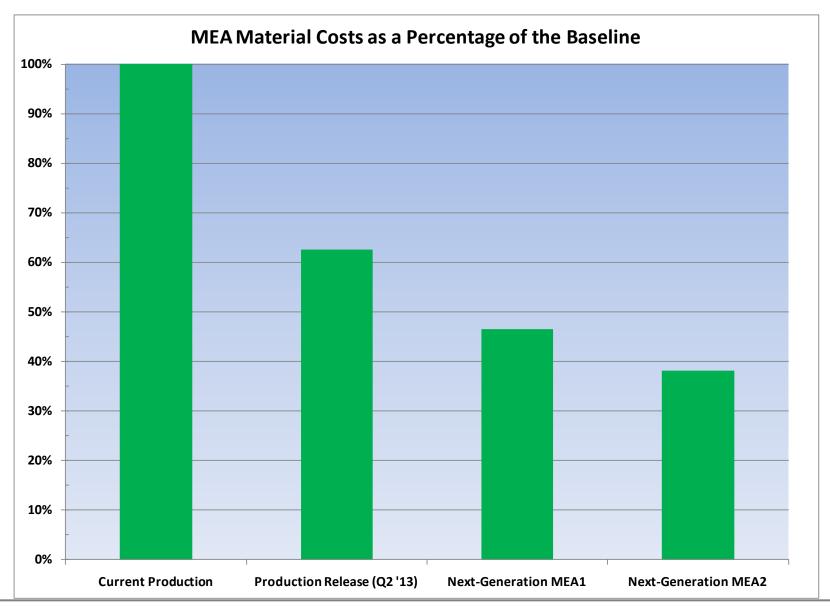
Technical Accomplishments: Efficiency

Polarization Curves of Pending and Future MEA Designs





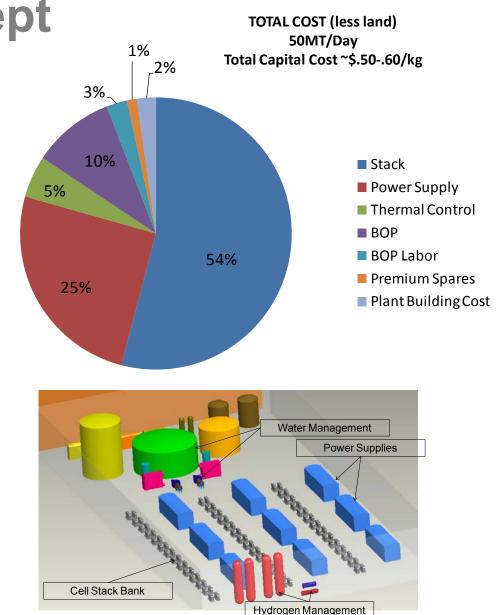
Technical Accomplishments: Part Cost





Technical Accomplishments: 50,000 kg/day Concept

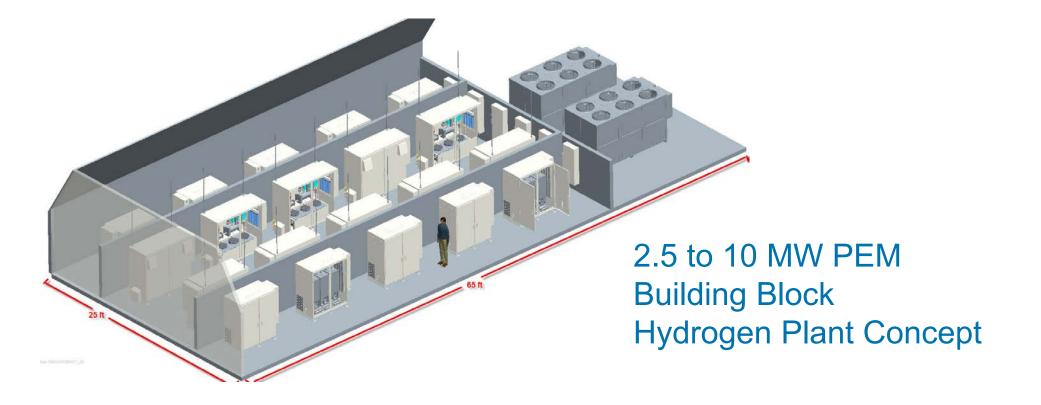
- Examined modular and plant design
- Quoted power supplies, cooling towers, pressure vessels, DI skids





Technical Accomplishments: 50,000 kg/day Concept

Modular design being leveraged in Proton MW electrolyzer development

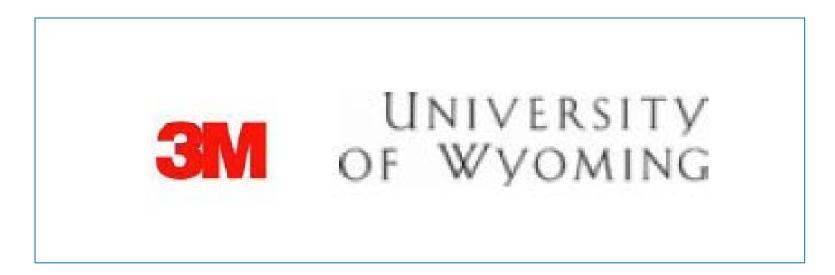




Collaboration

• Partners

- 3M (Industry): Demonstrated feasibility of ultra-low loading on oxygen electrode
- U. Wyoming (Academic): Developed combinatorial screen and ink deposition methods for compositions





Future Work: Proton

- Production implementation of 50% catalyst reduction
 - Cross-platform implementation
 - Documentation underway
 - New equipment purchased through alternate funds
- Continue investigation of ultra-low catalyst loading
 - Multiple possible pathways showing promise
- 50,000 kg/day plant concept
 - Conduct environmental impact assessment
 - Update H2A model with MEA electrical efficiencies and operational data as testing progresses
- Megawatt scale electrolysis balance of plant design: internally funded



Summary

- **Relevance:** Demonstrates technology pathway to centralized PEM electrolysis at acceptable cost and efficiency
- **Approach:** Optimize catalyst utilization and activity for 10X loading reduction; minimize BoP cost through scale up
- Technical Accomplishments:
 - Implementation of 50% reduction in PGM content in process
 - New blends synthesized for activity optimization
 - 50,000 kg/day concept leading into MW scale module

Collaborations:

- U. Wyoming: Combinatorial catalyst screening
- 3M: NSTF anode development

• **Proposed Future Work:**

- Continued optimization of ultra-low loading catalyst structures
- System environmental assessment

