



PROTON

THE LEADER IN **ON SITE** GAS GENERATION.

Low-Noble-Metal-Content Catalysts/Electrodes for Hydrogen Production by Water Electrolysis

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Organization: Proton OnSite

Date: June 11th, 2015

Project ID: PD098

Overview

Timeline

- Project Start: 28 June 2012
- Project End: 13 Aug 2015
- Percent complete: 92%

Budget

- Total Funding Spent*
 - \$996,357
- Total Project Value
 - \$1,150,000
- Cost Share Percentage
 - 0% (SBIR)

*As of March 31, 2015

Barriers

- G. Capital Cost

Table 3.1.4 Technical Targets: Distributed Forecourt Water Electrolysis Hydrogen Protoduction ^{a, b, c}				
Characteristics	Units	2011 Status	2015 Target	2020 Target
Hydrogen Levelized Cost ^d (Production Only)	\$/kg	4.2 ^d	3.9 ^d	2.3 ^d
Electrolyzer System Capital Cost	\$/kg	0.70	0.50	0.50
	\$/kW	430 ^{e, f}	300 ^f	300 ^f
System Energy Efficiency ^g	%(LHV)	67	72	75
	kWh/kg	50	46	44
Stack Energy Efficiency ^h	%(LHV)	74	76	77
	kWh/kg	45	44	43

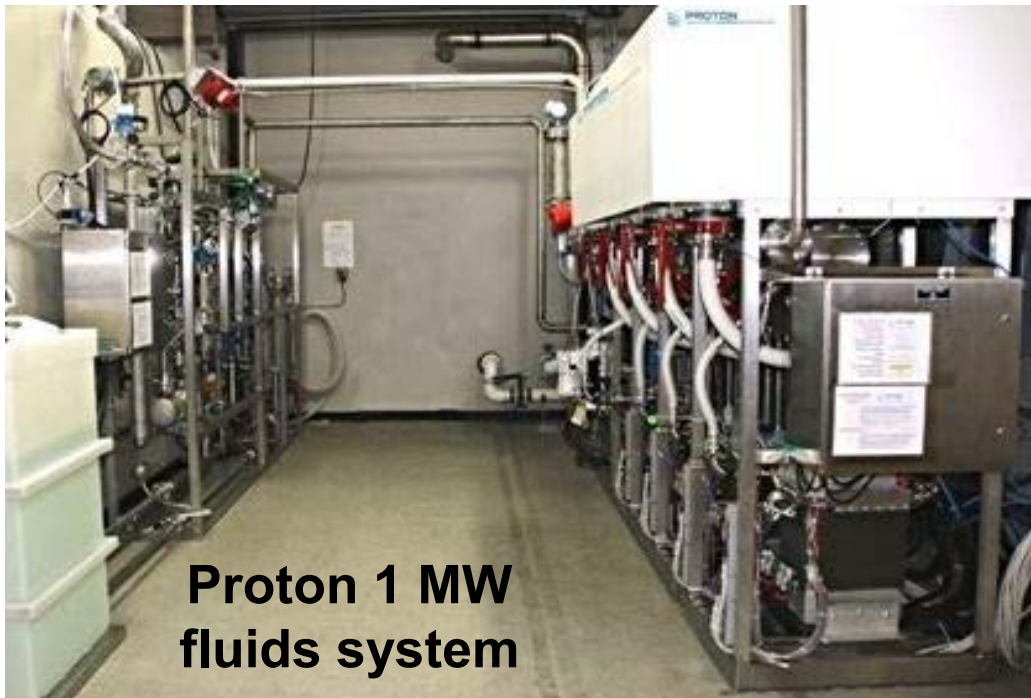
2012 MYRDD Plan

Partners

- Brookhaven National Lab

Relevance: PEM Electrolysis

- Reduction of greenhouse gas emissions through renewable hydrogen production
 - Currently produced from fossil fuels
 - Also provides transportation benefit
- Only current technology at relevant scale



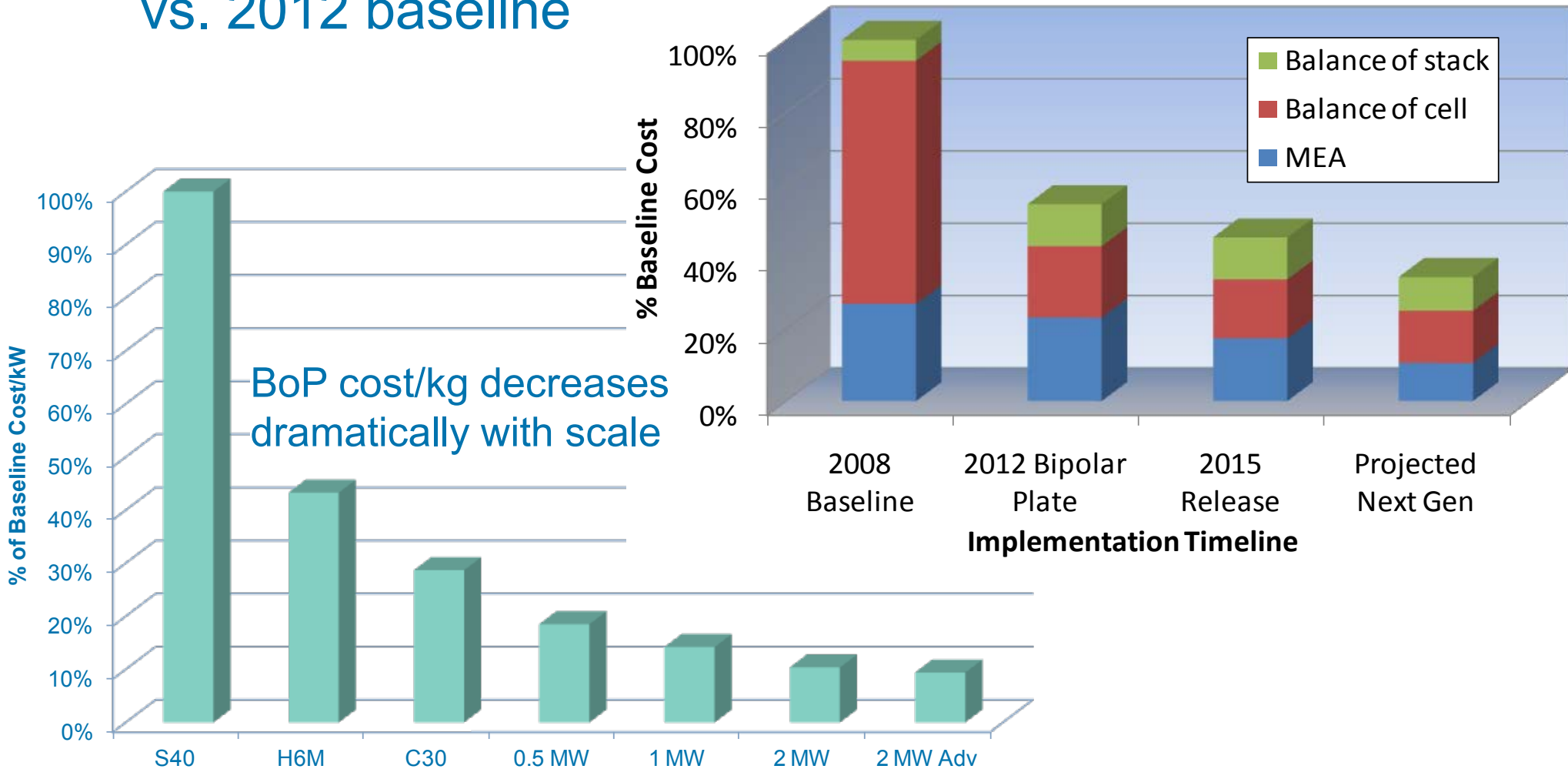
**Proton 1 MW
fluids system**



**Controls/
electronics**

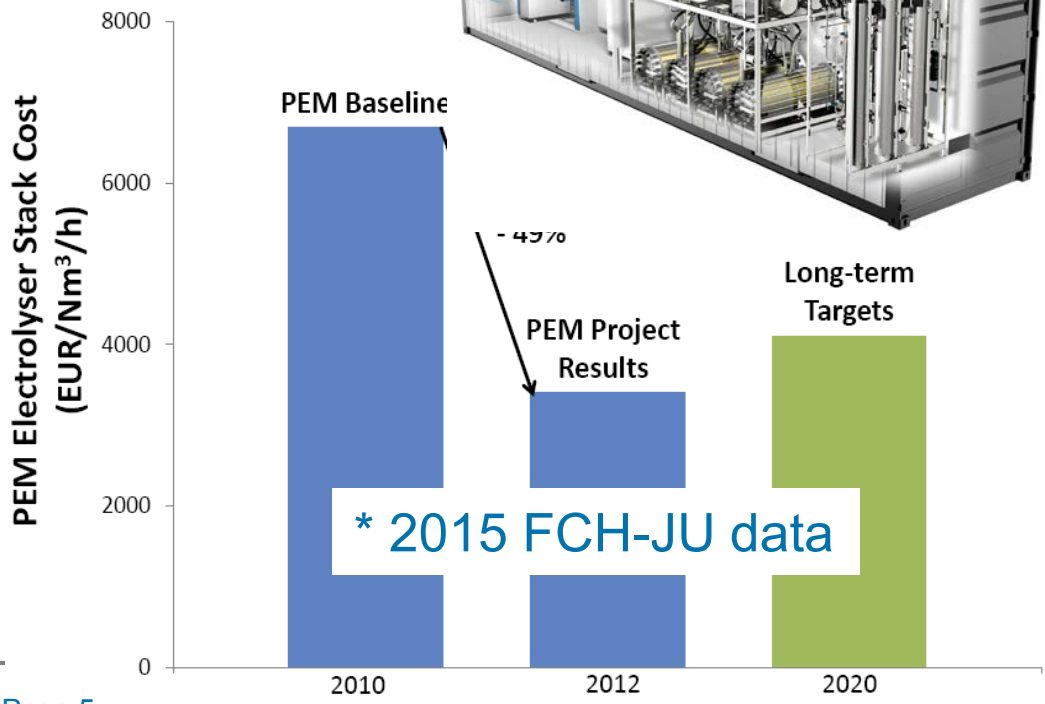
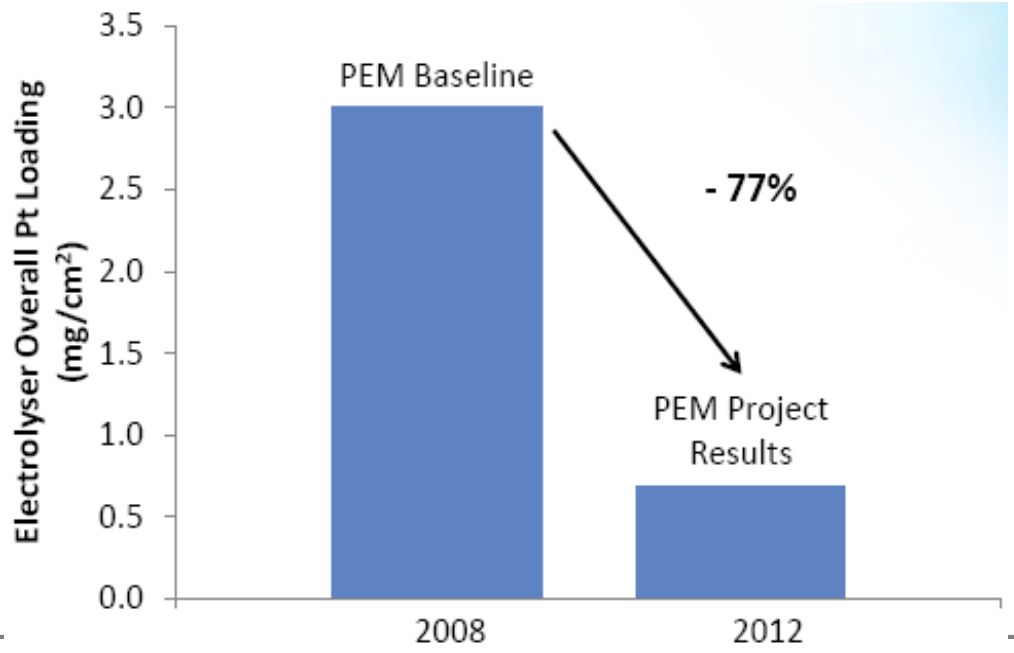
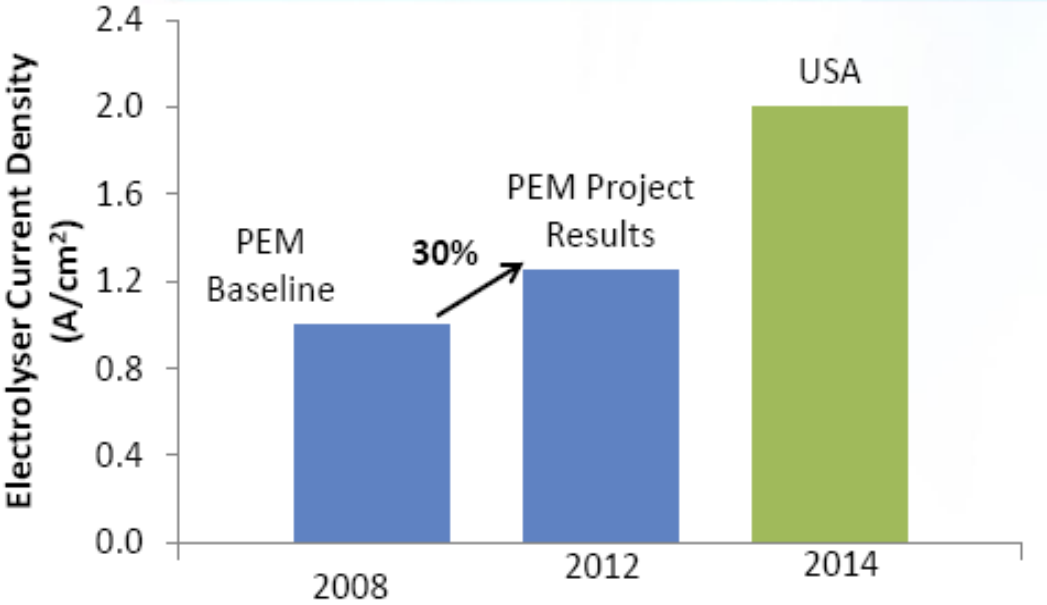
Relevance: Catalyst Loading

- Catalyst becomes a key cost driver at MW scale
 - 30% stack cost reduction possible vs. 2012 baseline



Relevance: EU Competition Growing

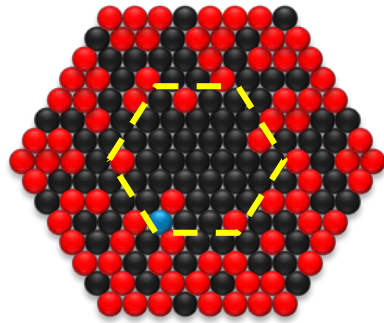
- Need to maintain competitive position in U.S. for energy storage and other applications



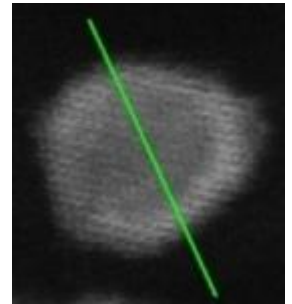
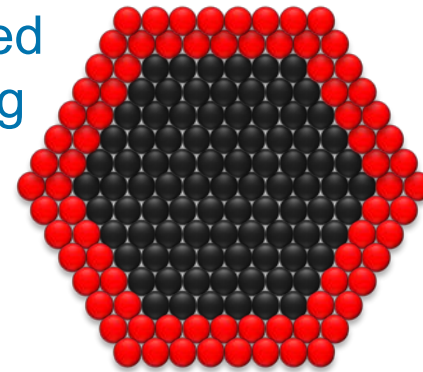
Approach:

- Reduce electrode cost through highly active core shell catalysts and advanced deposition methods
 - Lowest catalyst loading in combination
 - Addresses both PGM usage and labor costs

Previous methods produced imperfect structure and mixing



Defect-induced partial alloying eliminated.

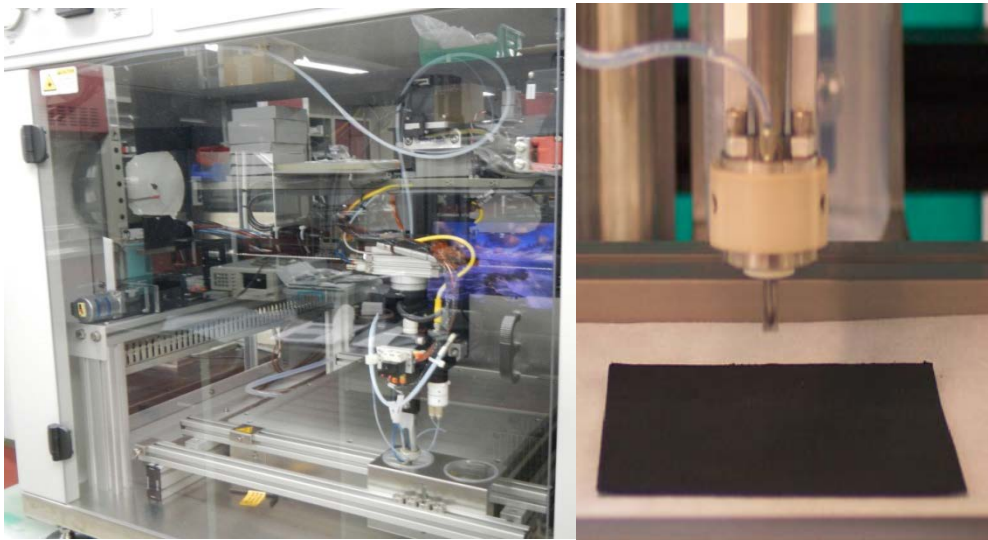


Phase II Project Objectives

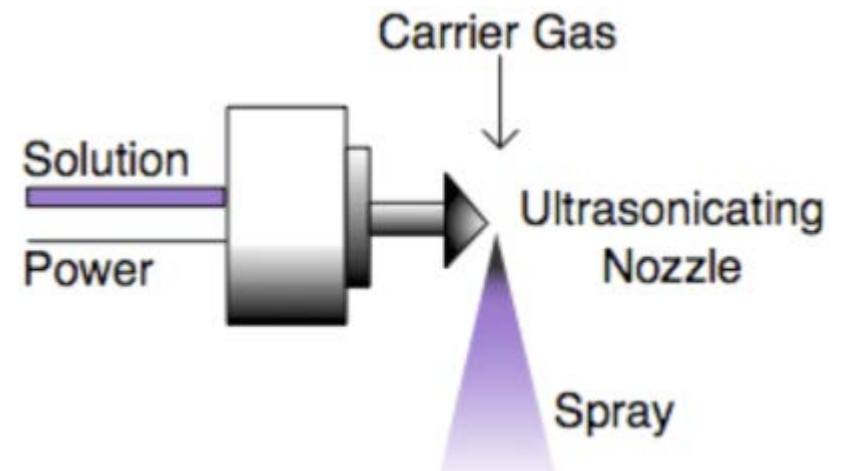
- Automate cathode process and scale up
- Downselect promising anode electrode configurations
- Operate 500 hours with cost-reduced electrodes.
- Demonstrate feasibility for 80% electrode cost reduction

Approach: Manufacturing and GDL Selection

- Ultrasonic spray deposition identified as approach for high-throughput and low labor
- Phase 1: MPLs result in better distribution of catalyst near membrane; need repeatable hydrophilic layer
- Phase 2: Equipment procurement, transfer process



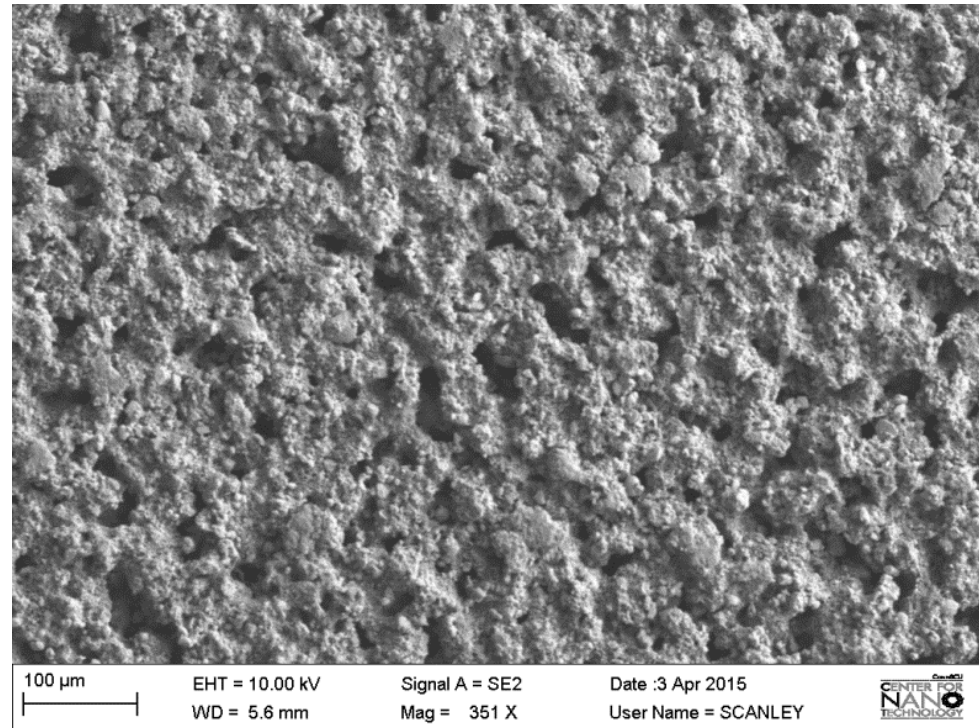
Ultrasonic printer at Proton OnSite (left) and nozzle with GDL material (right).



Ultrasonic spray deposition schematic¹
¹SPIE Newsroom. DOI: 10.1117/2.1200903.1555

Approach: Anode

- No commercial MPL options for anode GDLs
 - Custom MPL from 3rd party supplier
 - In house fabrication of TiO_x MPLs
 - Non-MPL options: binder changes
 - Alternate catalysts
 - Print parameters



Approach: Task Summary

- Task 1.0 Cathode Catalyst
 - Technology transfer
 - Scale-up
- Task 2.0 Cathode Manufacturing
 - Deposition verification
 - Manufacturing development
- Task 3.0 Anode Catalysts
 - Evaluation of synthesized catalysts
 - Evaluation of novel manufacturing methods
- Task 4.0 Anode Electrode
 - Ink formulation for anode catalysts
 - Anode GDE fabrications
 - Structural and component characterization
- Task 5.0 Cell Development and Testing
 - Anode GDL development
 - Cathode GDE incorporation
 - Durability and post-operation assessment
- Task 6.0 Cost Analysis

Accomplishments: Year 1 Milestones

Task #	Milestone Description	Status
6	Project Kick-off: Proton, BNL	100%
1	Demonstrate successful cathode catalyst synthesis and electrode manufacture at Proton	100%
3	Complete study of TiO _x -supported Ru@Ir catalysts in solution electrochemical cells.	100%
4	Demonstrate uniform and robust catalyst layer on Ti GDLs	100%
1	Complete scale up synthesis of cathode catalysts to 10 – 100 g batch level	100%
5	Complete cell design analysis for cathode configuration	100%

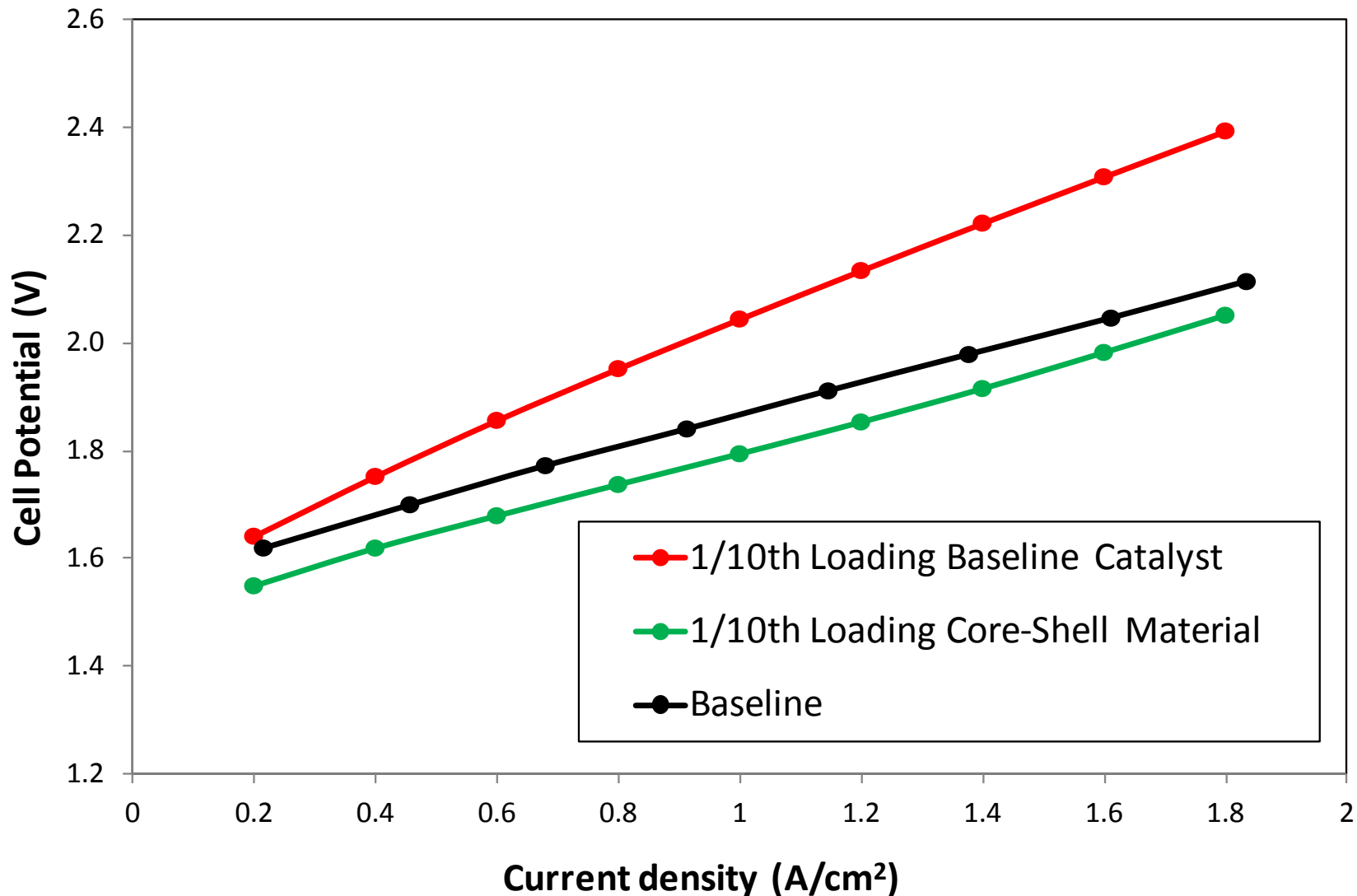
Milestones in green accomplished since last AMR

Accomplishments: Year 2 Milestones

Task #	Milestone Description	Due Date / Completion
2	Downselect optimal cathode material and process for reliable production	100%
4,5	Demonstrate improved activity and durability of selected anode GDE samples in cell	100%
6	Provide initial cost assessment via H2A model	100%
2,4,5	Identify key issues for enhancing durability	100%
4,5	Achieve >100 hours durability of developed anode catalyst/GDE	10%
2,4,5	Demonstrate process capability for large active area electrodes	100%
2,4,5	Achieve 500 hours of operation at 89 cm ² cell level	50%
6	Evaluate the benefits of selected anode catalysts/electrodes over the baseline in cost reduction or efficiency boost.	8/30/2015
6	Complete Final Reporting	8/30/2015

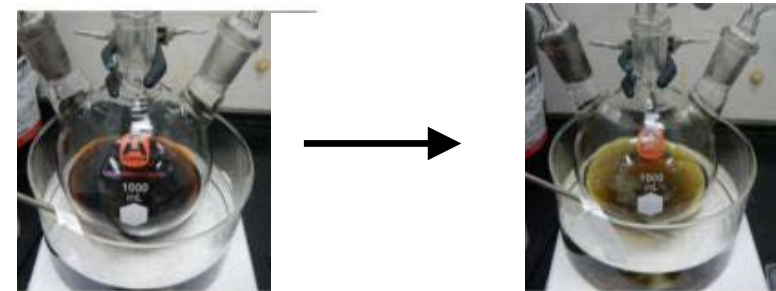
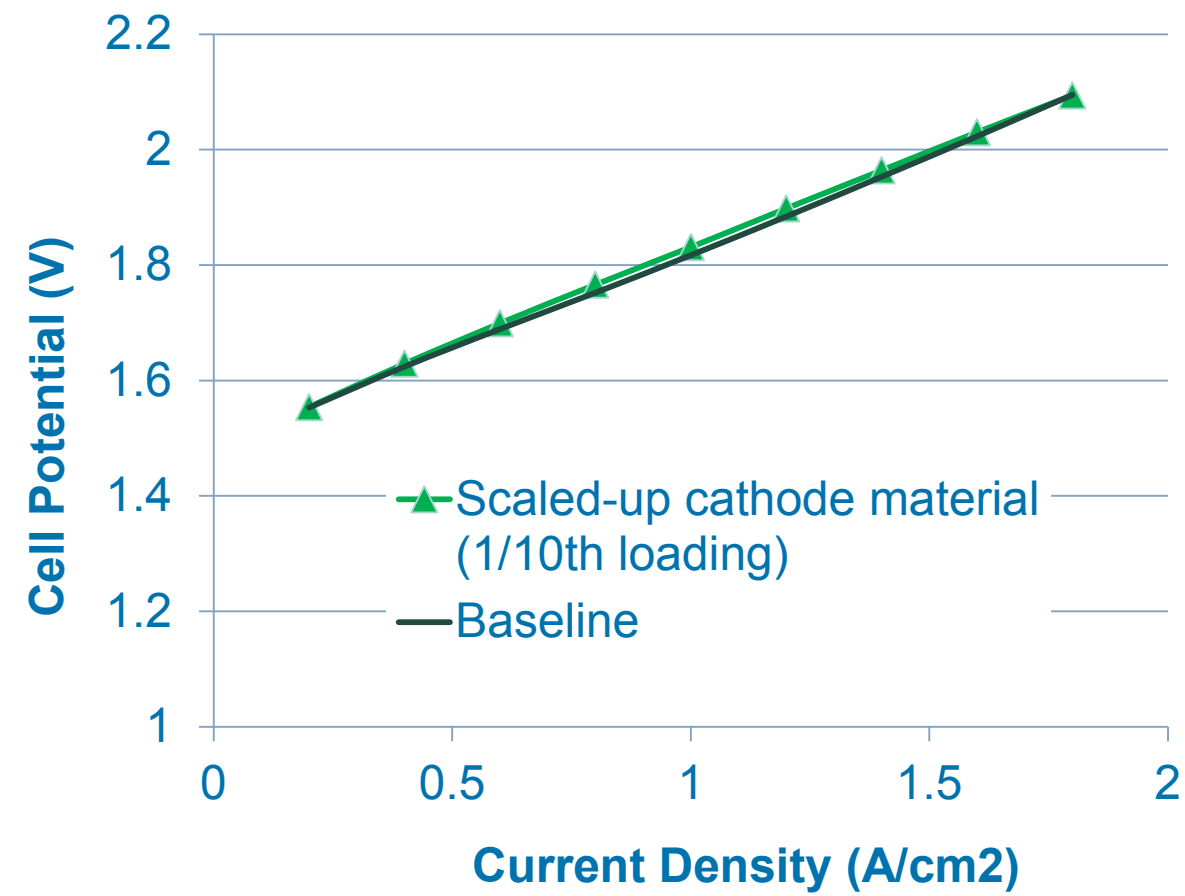
Technical Accomplishments: Catalyst

- Core shell cathode catalyst demonstrates activity advantage
- Enables lower loadings at equivalent performance



Technical Accomplishments: Scale Up/Tech Transfer

- Scaled process from 1 to 10 g
- Performance met baseline



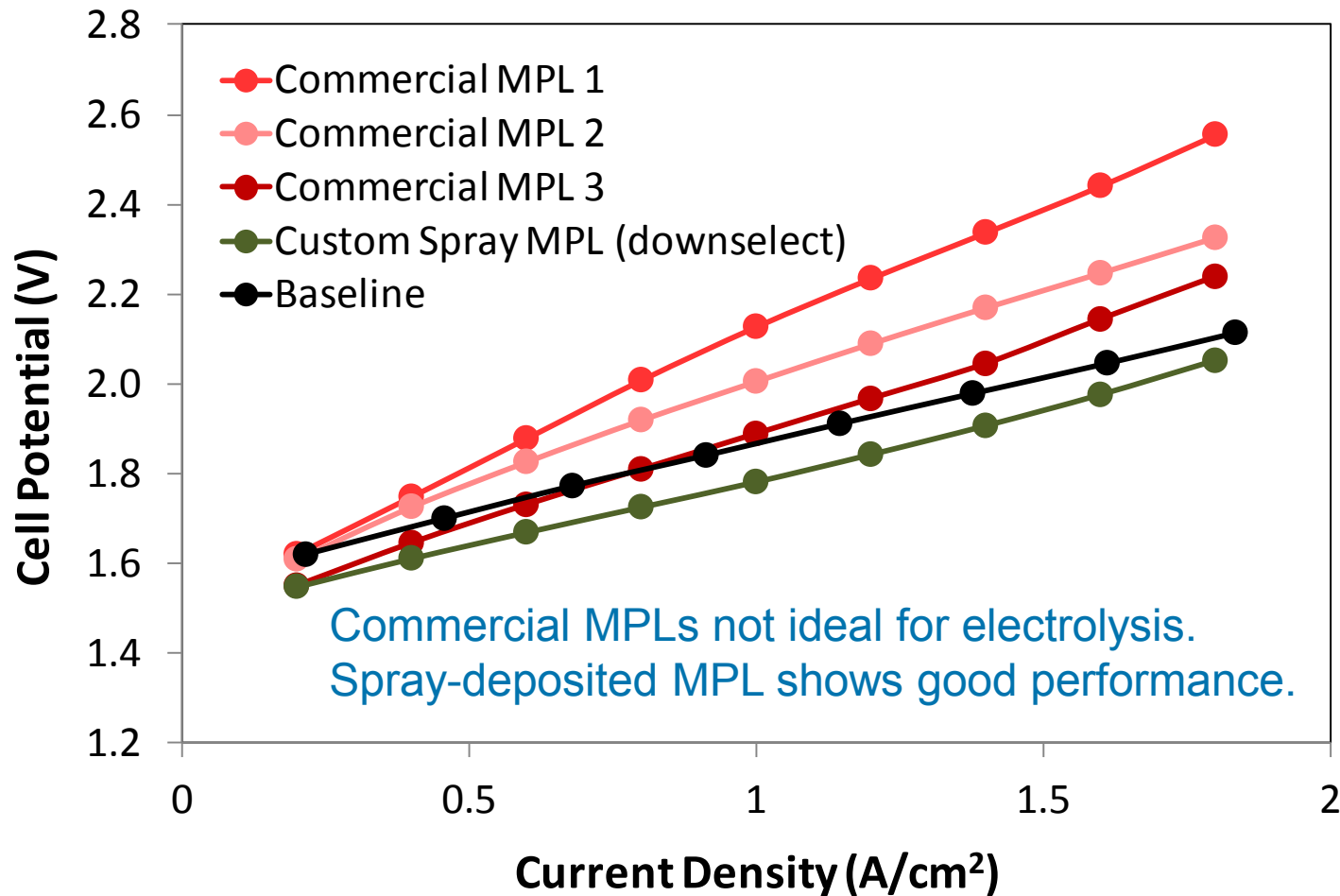
Color transformation: dark brown to green



Safety-qualified hydrogen reducing furnace

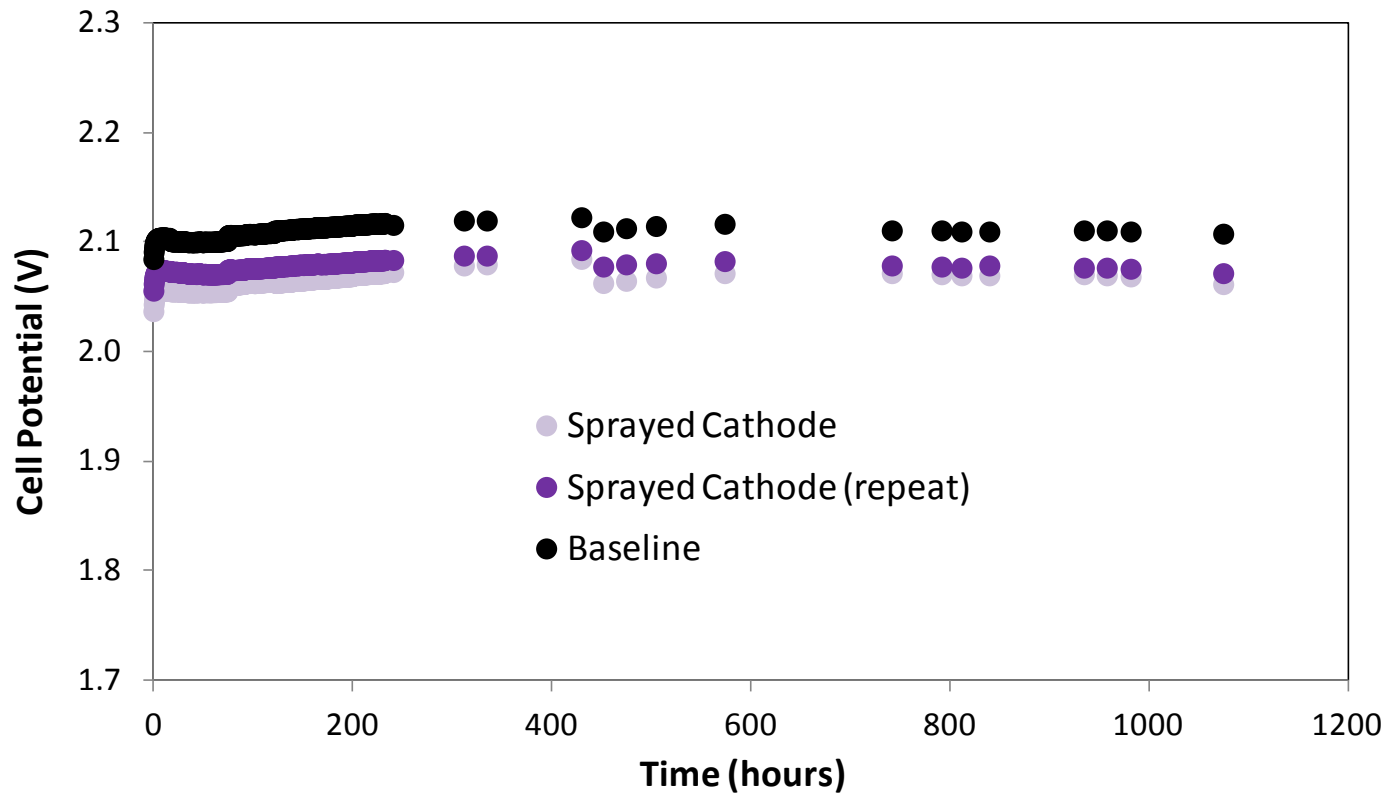
Technical Accomplishments: Manufacturing

- Downselected printing manufacturing method, catalyst, and MPL for cathode
- Durability demonstrated to >500 hours



Technical Accomplishments: Scale Up

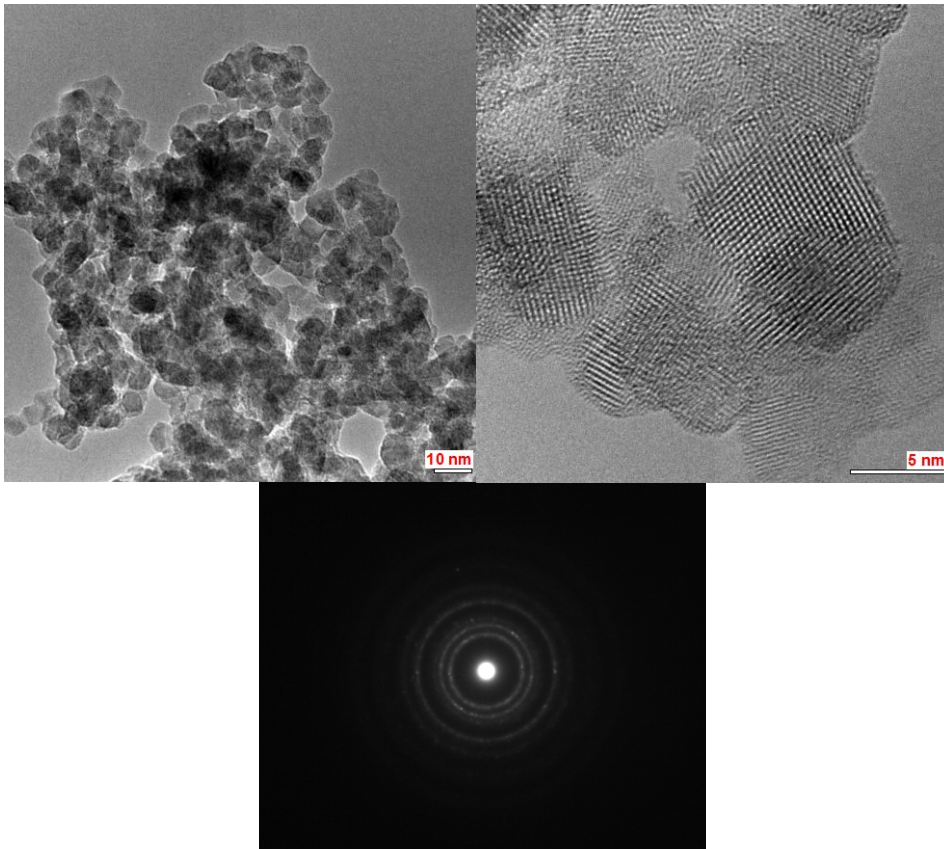
- Large active area electrode qualified using full loaded cathodes (~700 cm² area sprayed).



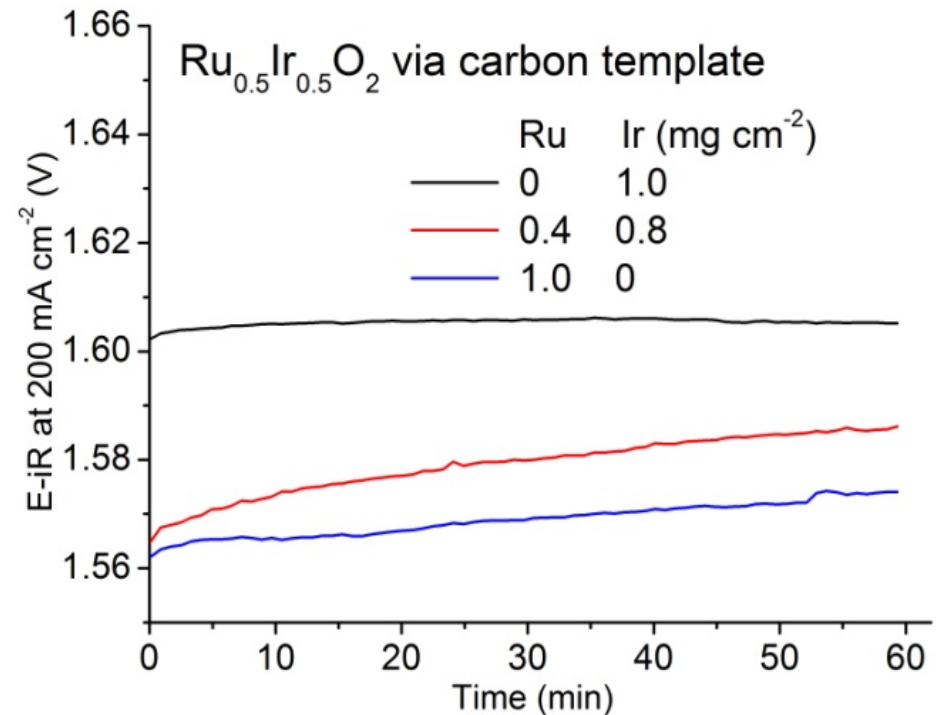
Repeatable baseline performance demonstrated on electrodes cut from large active area print using advanced manufacturing techniques.

Technical Accomplishments: OER Catalyst

- RuO₂ and Ru@IrO₂ catalysts synthesized, characterized, and electrochemically tested



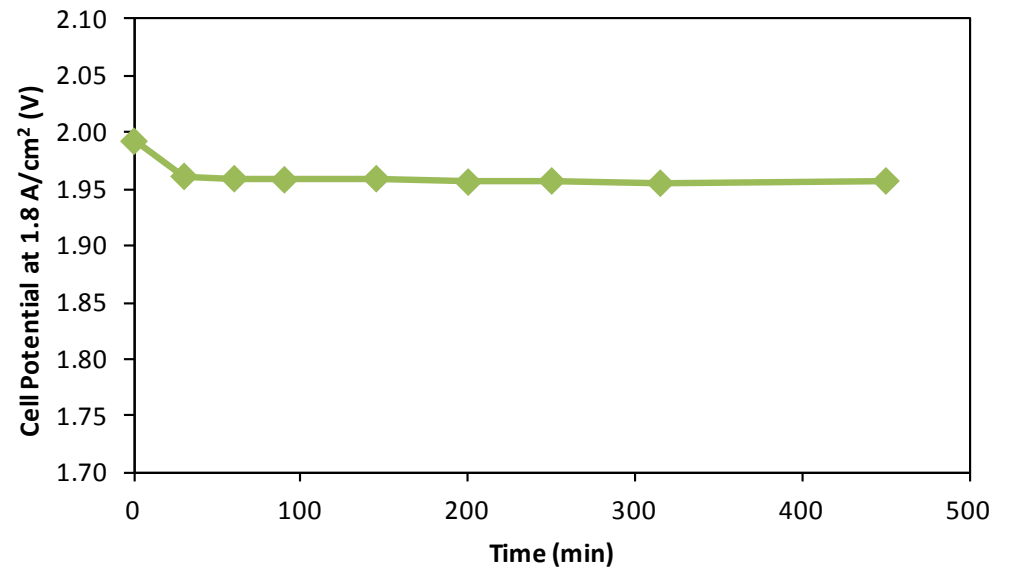
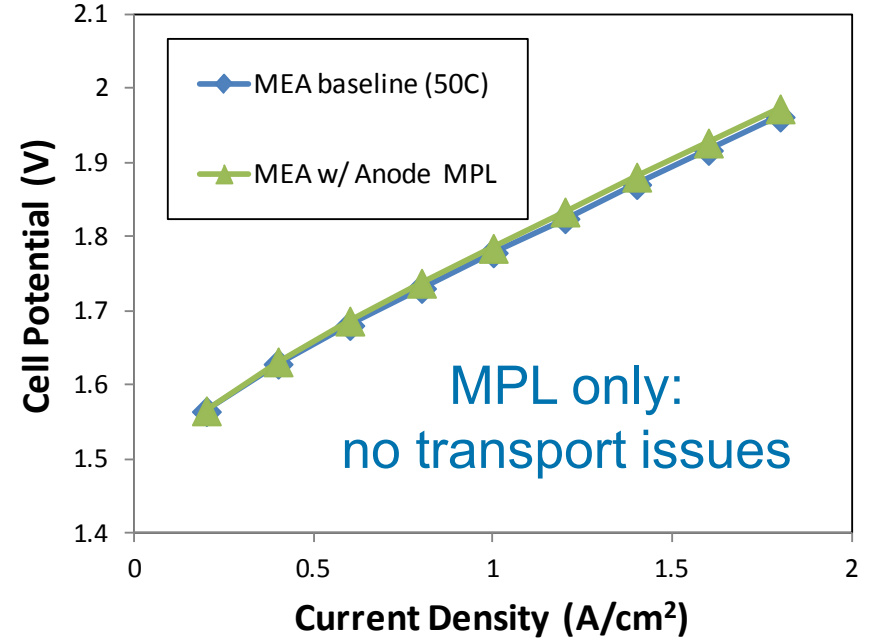
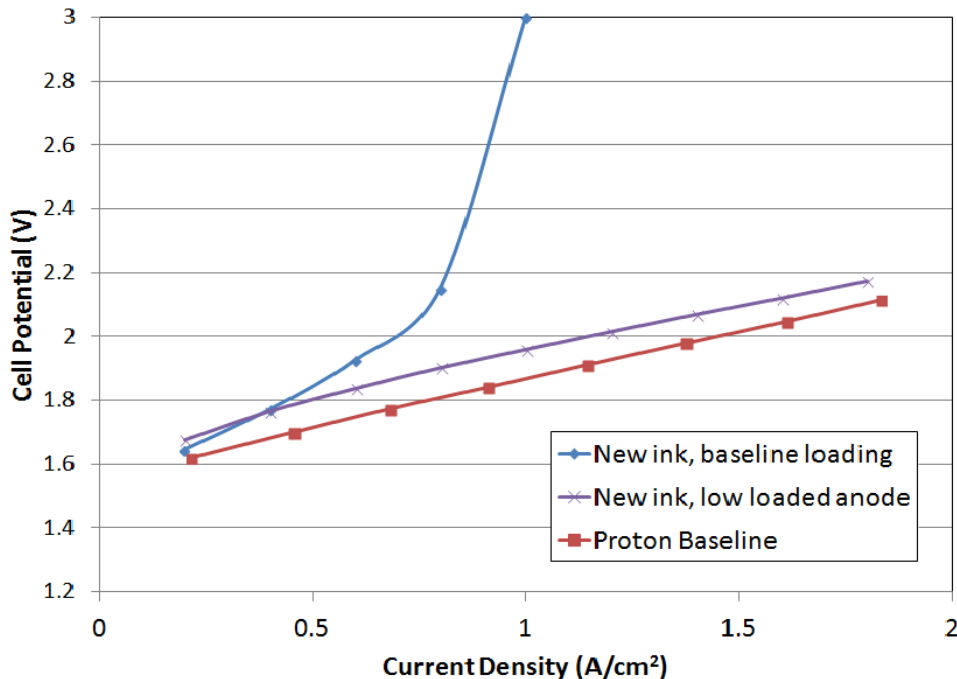
TEM images of uniform ordered RuO₂ particles



Ru enhances OER activity, but IrO₂ catalysts downselected because of stability

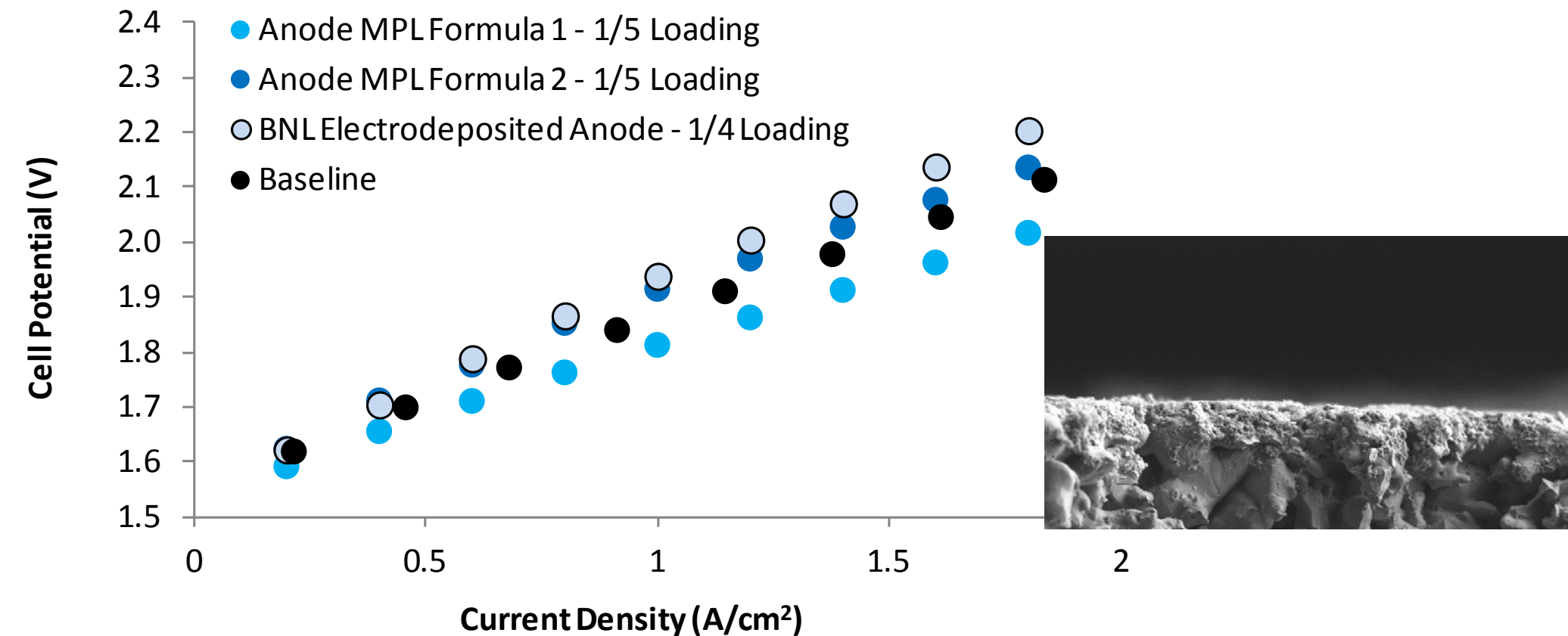
Technical Accomplishments: Anode

- Resolved early mass transport issues
- Anode MPL shown to not impact cell resistance



Technical Accomplishments: Anode

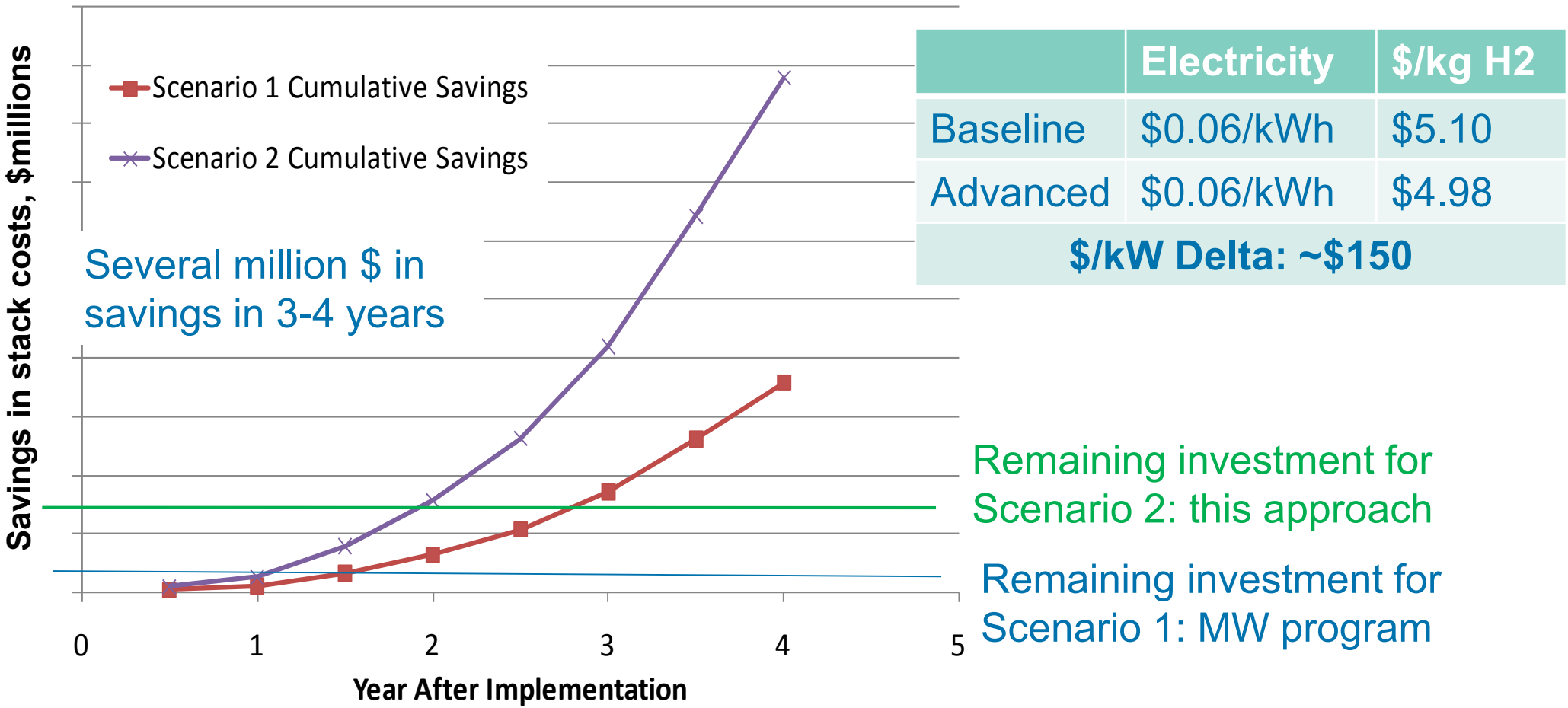
- Proton-made anode MPLs and BNL electrodepositing process enable lower catalyst loadings on the anode



Repeatable baseline performance is achieved using low-loaded anodes.

Technical Accomplishments: Cost

- Advanced approach provides large competitive advantage at MW scale
- Capital cost impact larger than implied by H2A model



Future Work

- **Task 2: Cathode Manufacturing**
 - Scale-up down selected cathode configuration to multi-cell commercial stack platform
- **Task 3: Develop Anode Catalysts**
 - Optimize durability and performance of electrodeposited anodes for long-term testing
- **Task 4: Anode Electrode Fabrication**
 - Downselect anode MPL configuration
- **Task 5: Cell Development and Testing**
 - Final demonstration with cost-reduced electrodes
- **Task 6: Cost Analysis**
 - Refine the impact of design changes on the \$/kg of H₂

Collaborators

- Brookhaven National Lab
 - Synthesis and characterization of core shell catalyst materials
 - Development of electrode formulations and application methods on GDLs for low catalyst loading
- University of Connecticut (not funded by this project)
 - Paseoguilari group: MPL development
 - Maric group: synergistic alternate anode project
- Printer and accessory suppliers
- Proton cell stack supply chain



Technology Transfer Activities

- Successfully transferred Brookhaven catalyst synthesis to Proton and scaled up batch size
- Exploring manufacturing options for the core-shell cathode catalyst
- Optimizing custom MPL configurations for anode and cathode

Summary

- **Relevance:** Demonstrates pathway to reducing stack capital cost
- **Approach:**
 - Optimize anode catalyst formulation and utilization for 80% cost reduction
 - Identify optimum configuration for manufacturable, ultra-low loaded cathode
- **Technical Accomplishments:**
 - Completed scale up synthesis of cathode catalysts
 - Identified multiple pathways for 80% cost-reduced anode
 - Downselected a manufacturable ultra-low loaded cathode. Showed > 500 hrs durability in production quality hardware
 - Demonstrated process capability for large active area electrodes
- **Collaborations:**
 - Brookhaven National Labs – catalyst and formulation development
 - University of Connecticut – MPL development
- **Proposed Future Work:**
 - Downselect anode MPL configuration for long-term testing
 - Manufacture large active area cost reduced electrodes for final demonstration
 - Perform cost analysis

Acknowledgments

The Proton Team

- Everett Anderson
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- Mike Parker
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Our Collaborators

- Jia Wang
- Yu Zhang