

Nuclear Hydrogen Initiative Overview

David Henderson

***Office of Nuclear Energy,
Science and Technology***

DOE Hydrogen Program Review

Philadelphia, PA

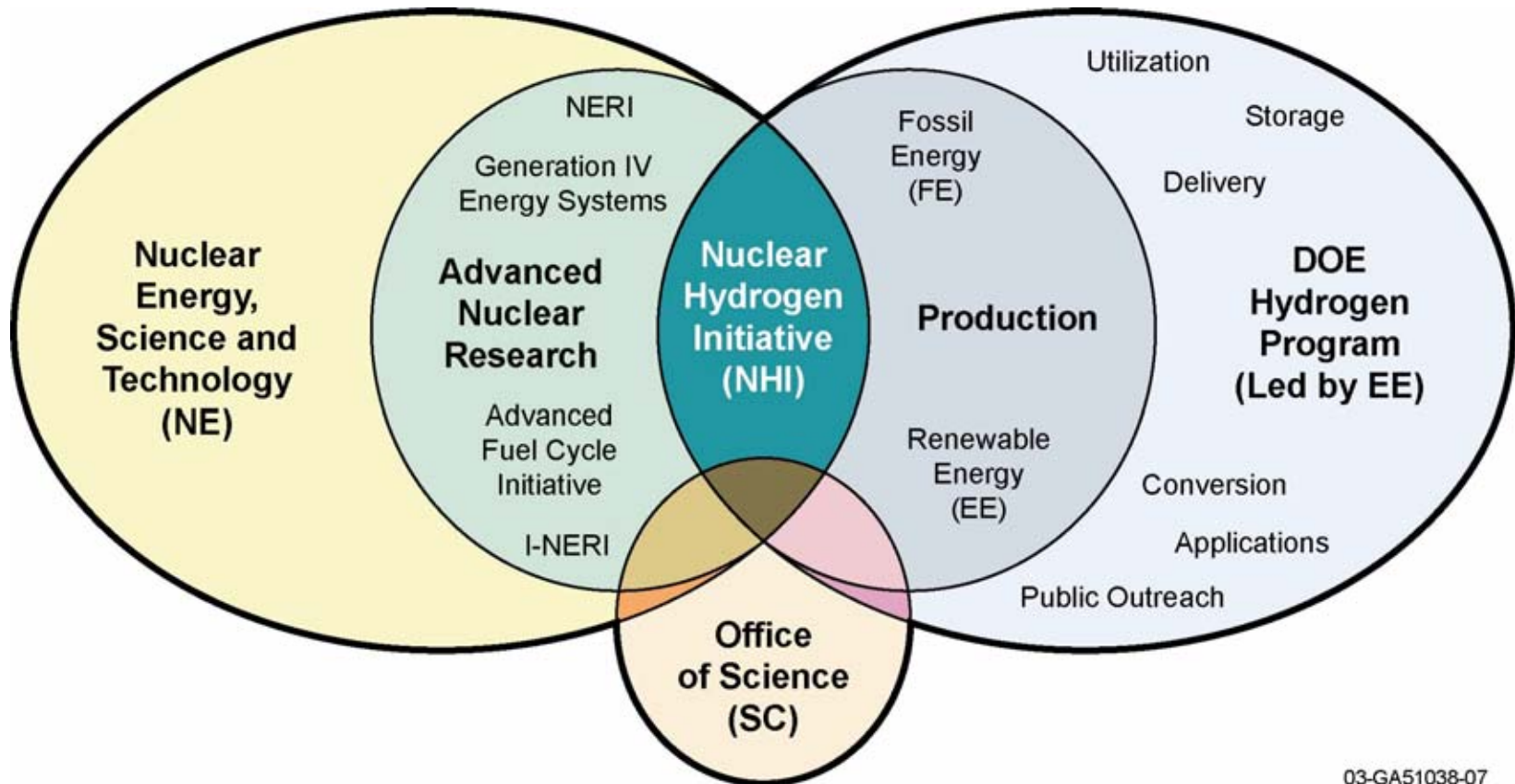
May 24, 2004





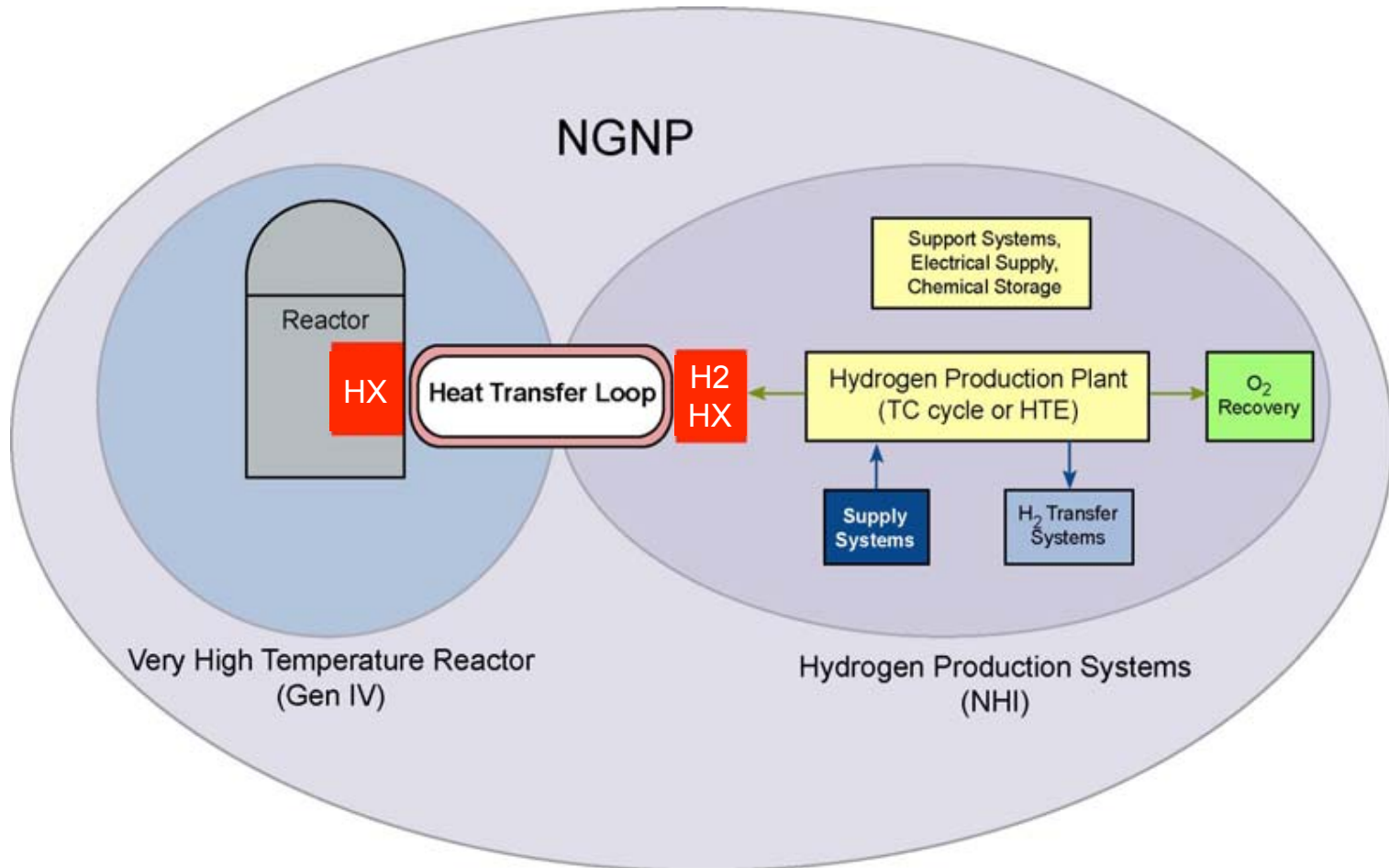
Nuclear Hydrogen Initiative

- The goal of the Nuclear Hydrogen Initiative (NHI) is to demonstrate the commercial-scale production of hydrogen using nuclear energy by 2017.





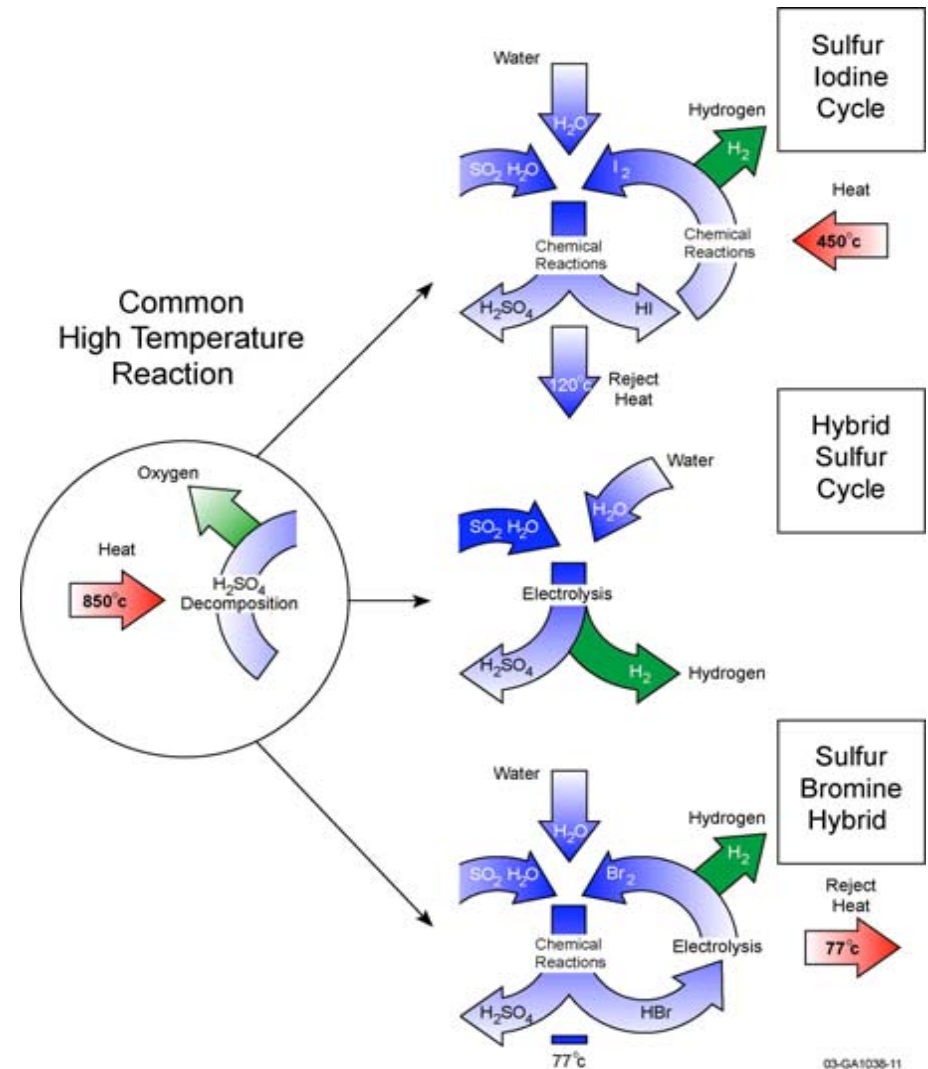
Coupled Nuclear-Hydrogen System





Methods for Nuclear Hydrogen Production

- **Electrolysis** - Existing electric generation efficiencies of 33% in today's light water reactors will be improved to 40-50% through advanced and next-generation (Gen IV) reactors
- **Steam-Methane Reforming** - Heat from nuclear reactor would replace fossil heat source used in commercial process
- **Thermochemical (TC) Cycles** - Use high temperature heat from an advanced reactor to drive chemical reactions which break down water into H_2 & O_2
- **Hybrid Cycles** – Use electricity to electrolyze a chemical product using high temperatures from an advanced reactor.





Nuclear Hydrogen R&D Plan

_ Completed in September 2003

_ Primary topics discussed in the R&D Plan

- Thermochemical Processes
- High-Temperature Electrolysis
- Alternative Methods
- Balance of Plant

_ Two-tiered approach to reduce development risk

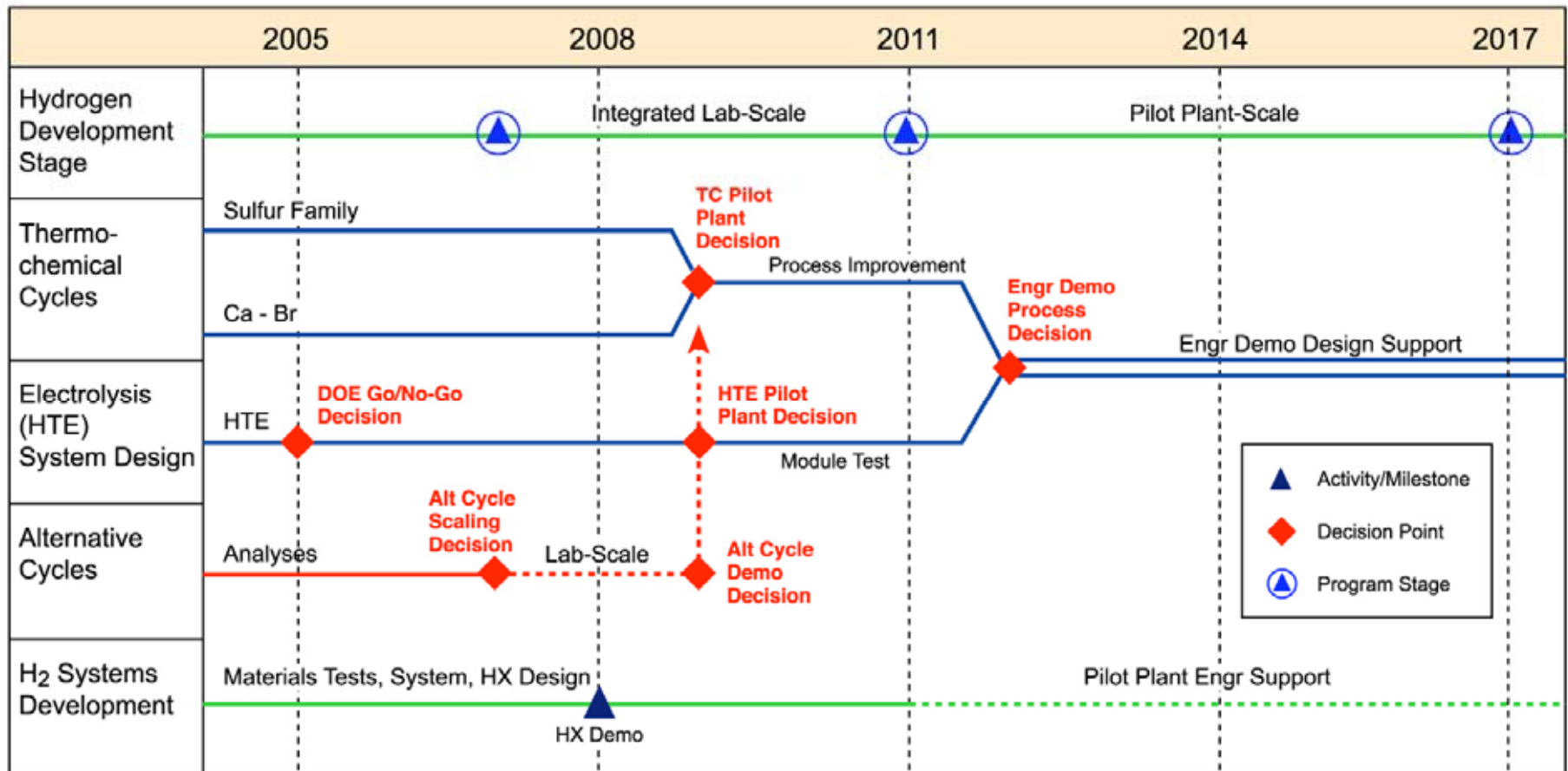
- Baseline processes
- Alternate processes

_ Three-phased scaling approach

- Laboratory-scale (<5 kW)
- Pilot plant (500 kW – 1 MW)
- Engineering-scale (20-50 MW)



Major R&D in the NHI





Principal Technical Barriers

- High-temperature, corrosion resistant materials - R&D will be required to develop, test, and verify materials capable of performing at high temperatures (400-950°C) in the presence of caustic chemicals to ensure the safety and economics of the facility.**
- High-temperature heat exchangers – Research is needed to design heat exchangers to transfer heat from an intermediate heat loop to the process at high temperatures, high pressures, and in harsh chemical environments**
- Chemical reaction data - Research is needed on basic chemical reaction data (equilibrium constants, reaction rates, etc.) to better determine the operating parameters of the thermochemical system**
- System design – Studies are needed to study the hydrogen plant and its relationship to the reactor, including configuration options and operating conditions, system isolation issues, and intermediate heat transfer loop design.**



NHI Program Funding

Fiscal Year	FY 2004 Appropriation*	FY 2005 Request
Thermochemical Cycles	\$3.0	\$5.0
High-Temperature Electrolysis	\$2.0	\$2.5
Systems Interface / Other	\$1.1	\$1.5
Total NHI R&D	\$6.1**	\$9.0

* \$2 million earmark to University of Nevada, Las Vegas

**After Budget Reductions and SBIR