

# Novel Structured Metal Bipolar Plates for Low Cost Manufacturing



Conghua Wang  
TreadStone Technologies Inc.  
Princeton, NJ 08540



David A. Cullen  
Oak Ridge National Laboratory  
Oak Ridge, TN 37830

05/29/2020

Project ID #  
**FC105**

# Overview

## Timeline and Budget

- Project Start Date: 03/01/2019
- Project End Date: 12/31/2020
- FY19 total DOE Funding: \$407,162
- FY20 Planned DOE Funding: \$0

## Barriers

- Bipolar plate fabrication cost: (\$3/kW)
- Electrical contact resistance: (<5 m $\Omega$ .cm<sup>2</sup>)
- Corrosion resistance: (< 1  $\mu$ A/cm<sup>2</sup>)

## Partners

- Oak Ridge National Laboratory
  - PI: David Cullen
- TreadStone Technologies Inc.
  - PI: Conghua Wang

# Relevance

- Develop lower cost metal bipolar plates to meet performance target and 2020 cost target (<\$3/kW)
  - Develop large scale manufacturing process for the doped titanium oxide coating technology demonstrated in previous SBIR project.
  - Investigate the relationship between processing conditions and doped titanium oxide properties for production quality control system development.

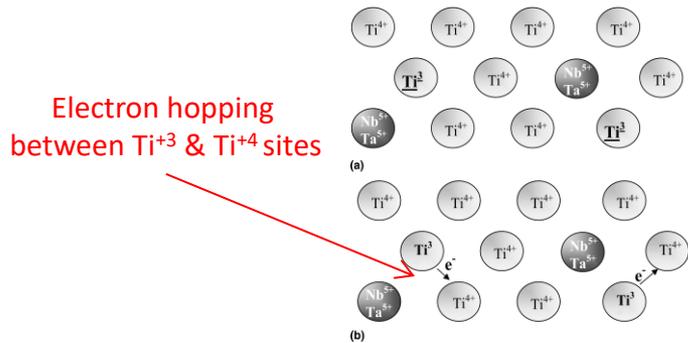
## Key Technical Targets

| Characteristic | Unit                      | 2011 Status | 2017 Targets    | 2020 Targets    |
|----------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Cost           | \$ /kW                    | 5-10        | <b>3</b>        | <b>3</b>        |
| Corrosion      | $\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$ | <1          | <b>&lt;1</b>    | <b>&lt;1</b>    |
| Resistivity    | $\Omega.\text{cm}^2$      | <0.03       | <b>&lt;0.02</b> | <b>&lt;0.01</b> |

# Approach: Coating Material for SS Plates

## Semiconductive Doped $TiO_x$

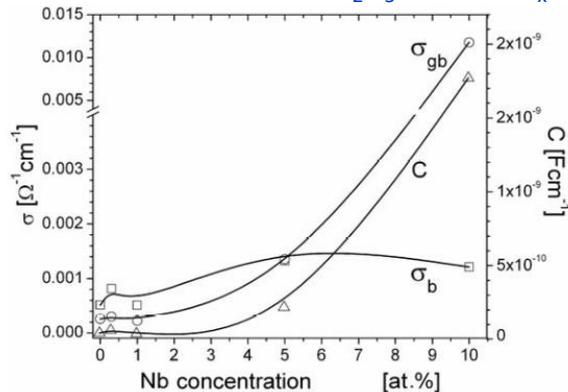
Doping  $TiO_2$  with +5 valence elements enforce the formation of  $Ti^{+3}$  in  $TiO_2$  lattice structure, and result in the higher electronic conductivities.



### Challenges to use doped $TiO_x$ coating:

1. Doped  $TiO_x$  is semi-conductive. The electrical conductivity is not high enough.
2. The weak bonding of doped  $TiO_x$  to metal substrate surface.

Electrical conductance of  $Nb_2O_5$  doped  $TiO_x$



A. Tenczek-Zajac, M. Rekas, Materials Science-Poland, Vol. 24, No. 1, 2006

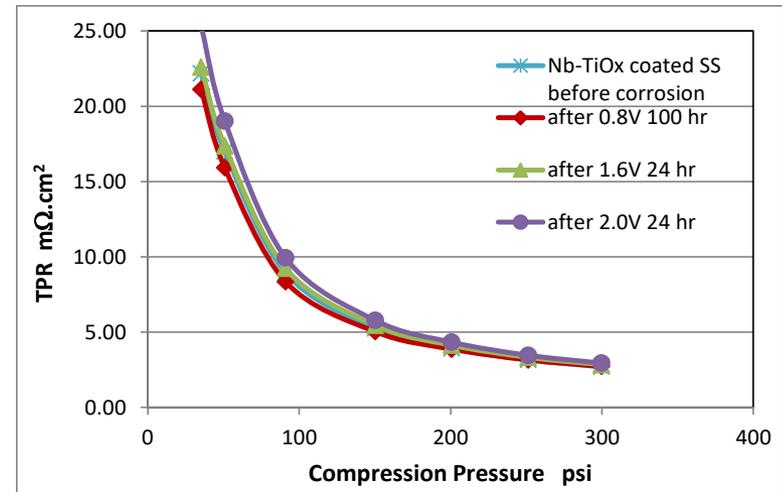
### TreadStone's approach:

- Coat stainless steel substrate with Ti-Nb or Ti-Ta alloy. Then, grow the doped  $TiO_x$  surface layer on the Ti alloy coating layer.
1. The doped  $TiO_x$  on Ti alloy surface is thin and reliable.
  2. Ti alloy coating has excellent adhesion on metal substrate (stainless steel or aluminum).

# Achievements and Progress

from previous project

- Low contact resistance and superior corrosion resistance have been demonstrated using the doped  $\text{TiO}_x$  coating on SS substrate for PEM fuel cell applications.
- Challenges:
  - Processing technology must be optimized to obtain the desired structure of surface oxide layer.
    - Segregation of Nb or Ta alloy element from the coating surface leads to the pure Ti surface oxide layer of the sputtering coated surface.
  - Need to determine the optimized coating properties.

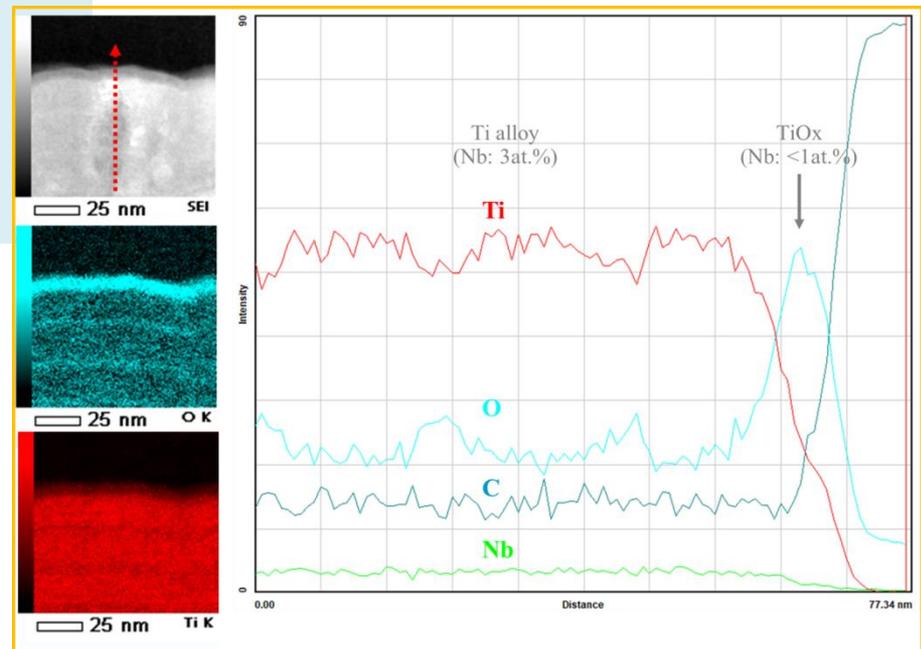


The objective of this project is to develop technical solutions to overcome these challenges.

# Achievements and Progress

## Coating Surface Composition Control

- Sputtering using Ti-Nb alloy target only obtained Ti in the coating surface layer.
- By adjusting the Ti alloy target composition, the Nb segregation in the coating surface layer can be reduced, as verified using STEM and EDAX analysis.
- The Nb in the surface layer of the Ti alloy coating will lead to the formation of Nb-doped TiO<sub>x</sub> surface layer.



# Achievements and Progress

## Coating Surface Hydrophilicity

- The  $\text{TiO}_x$  coating can be tailored to super-hydrophilic or super-hydrophobic properties.
- The “super” surface property can help water management to avoid flooding or overheating in stacks, with proper flow field design.
- The “super” surface property is stable after corrosion tests for 100hrs @ 0.8  $V_{\text{NHE}}$  and 6 hrs @ 1.4  $V_{\text{NHE}}$ .
- The “super” surface property is stable after several months shelf storage tests.

Water droplet on super-hydrophilic  $\text{TiO}_x$  coated SS plate.



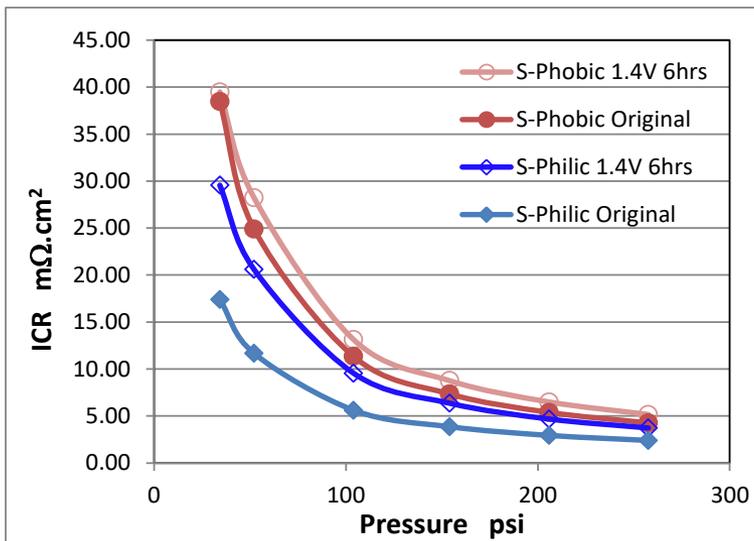
Water droplet on super-hydrophobic  $\text{TiO}_x$  coated SS plate.



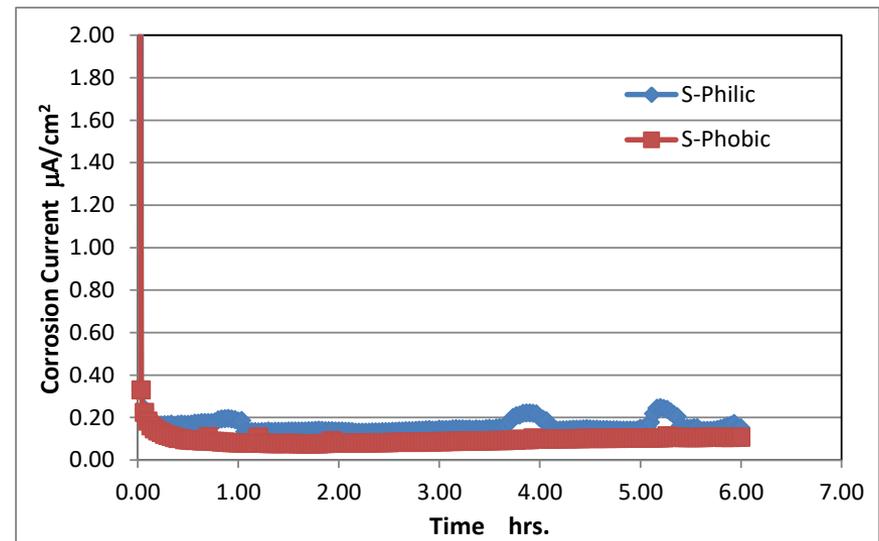
# Achievements and Progress

## ICR and corrosion resistance of TiOx Coated SS

ICR of super-hydrophilic and super-hydrophobic TiOx coated SS before and after 6 hrs. corrosion tests at 1.4 V<sub>NHE</sub> in pH3 H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> + 0.1ppm HF solution at 80°C.



Corrosion current of super-hydrophilic and super-hydrophobic TiOx coated SS at 0.8 V<sub>NHE</sub> before potentiostatic tests in pH3 H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> + 0.1ppm HF solution at 80°C.



# Achievements and Progress

## Responses to Previous Year Reviewers' Comments

- This project was not reviewed last year.

# Collaboration and Coordination

- **Oak Ridge National Laboratory (Prime)**
  - Federal Laboratory
  - Funded within the DOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Program
  - Electron microscopy characterization and annealing by laser interferometry
- **TreadStone Technologies Inc. (sub)**
  - Industry
  - Funded within the DOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Program
  - Coating technology development and evaluation

# Remaining Challenges and Barriers

- Lack of scientific understanding of the electrical conductance and the performance degradation mechanism of the TiO<sub>x</sub> coating. Fundamental investigation is needed to provide solutions to:
  1. Guide production quality control, for high production yield.
  2. Accelerate technology transfer and market acceptance, without extensive durability tests.
- Lack of the performance demonstration in full size fuel cell stacks.

# Technology Transfer Activities

- Filed one provisional patent application in Feb. 2020.
- In discussion with two global coating service companies for technology licensing and market development.

# Summary

- **Objective:**
  - Develop low cost fabrication process of the doped TiO<sub>x</sub> coating for PEM fuel cell applications.
  - Investigate the relationship of the properties of the doped TiO<sub>x</sub> surface layer with processing condition and its durability in PEM fuel cell operation environment.
- **Relevance:** Reducing the metal bipolar plate cost to meet FY20 requirements.
- **Approach:** Using doped TiO<sub>x</sub> coating on metal plates surface for fuel cell applications.
- **Accomplishment:**
  - Identified coating process to control the coating surface composition.
  - *Developed a low cost manufacture method to achieve the desired properties.*
- **Future Work:**
  - Scientific understanding of the electron conductance and degradation mechanism of the TiO<sub>x</sub> coating in fuel cell operation conditions.
  - Demonstrate the long term durability in fuel cell stack operation conditions.
  - Explore the application of the TiO<sub>x</sub> coating in other applications, such as electrolyzers and batteries.

Any proposed future work is subject to change based on funding levels